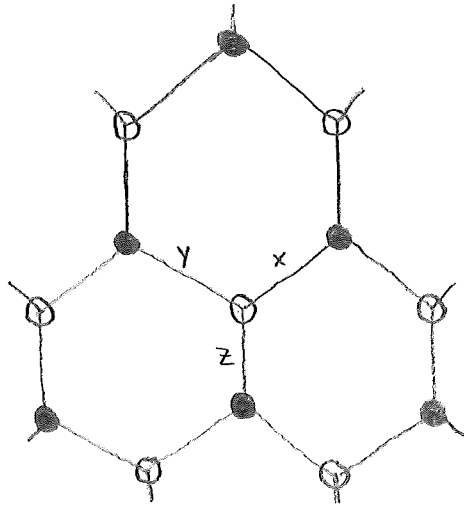


## Kitaev's honeycomb model:

[Kitaev '06]



$$H = -J_x \sum_{x\text{-bonds}} \sigma_j^x \sigma_k^x - J_y \sum_{y\text{-bonds}} \sigma_j^y \sigma_k^y - J_z \sum_{z\text{-bonds}} \sigma_j^z \sigma_k^z$$

## Majorana representation:

Majorana fermion:

$$c_1 = a + a^\dagger, \quad c_2 = \frac{a - a^\dagger}{i}$$

$$c_1^2 = c_2^2 = \{a, a^\dagger\} = \mathbb{1}$$

$$c_1 c_2 = -c_2 c_1, \quad c_1^\dagger = c_1, \quad c_2^\dagger = c_2$$

Representation of a single spin:

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma^x &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^x = i b^x c \in \mathcal{K}(\tilde{\mathcal{H}}) \\ \sigma^y &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^y = i b^y c \\ \sigma^z &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^z = i b^z c \end{aligned}$$

$$b^x, b^y, b^z, c \text{ Majorana}, \quad \dim \mathcal{H} = 2, \quad \dim \tilde{\mathcal{H}} = 4$$

Projection :

$$|\xi\rangle \in \mathcal{H} \subset \tilde{\mathcal{H}} \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{D}|\xi\rangle = |\xi\rangle, \quad \mathbb{D} = b^x b^y b^z c$$

"Z<sub>2</sub> gauge transformation"

Spin algebra:

$$(\tilde{\sigma}^\alpha)^\dagger = (i b^\alpha c)^\dagger = \tilde{\sigma}^\alpha, \quad \alpha = x, y, z$$

$$(\tilde{\sigma}^\alpha)^2 = i^2 b^\alpha c b^\alpha c = \mathbb{1}$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}^x \tilde{\sigma}^y \tilde{\sigma}^z = i^3 b^x c b^y c b^z c = i b^x b^y b^z c = i \mathbb{D}$$

$$[\tilde{\sigma}^\alpha, \mathbb{D}] = 0 \quad (\mathcal{H} \text{ preserved})$$

Representation of honeycomb model:

$$\sigma_j^\alpha \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}_j^\alpha = i b_j^\alpha c_j \quad \mathbb{D}_j = b_j^x b_j^y b_j^z c_j$$

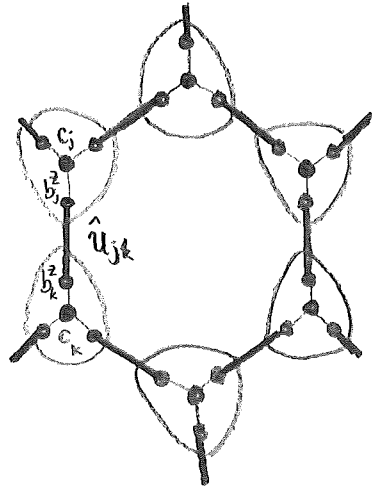
$$|\xi\rangle \in \mathcal{H} \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{D}_j |\xi\rangle = |\xi\rangle \quad \forall j = 1, \dots, n$$

Hamiltonian :

$$\tilde{\sigma}_j^\alpha \tilde{\sigma}_k^\alpha = (i b_j^\alpha c_j) (i b_k^\alpha c_k) = -i \underbrace{(i b_j^\alpha b_k^\alpha)}_{\equiv \hat{u}_{jk} = \hat{u}_{jk}^\dagger} c_j c_k$$

$$\tilde{H} = i \sum_{\alpha=x,y,z} \sum_{\langle jk \rangle_\alpha} J_\alpha \hat{u}_{jk} c_j c_k$$

"Z<sub>2</sub> gauge theory with Majorana fermions"



$\mathbb{Z}_2$  gauge field  $\hat{u}_{jk}$ :  $u_{jk} = \pm 1$  eigenvalues

$$[\hat{u}_{jk}, \hat{u}_{j'k'}] = [i b_j^\alpha b_k^\alpha, i b_{j'}^\beta b_{k'}^\beta] = 0$$

$$[\hat{u}_{jk}, \tilde{H}] = [\hat{u}_{jk}, i \sum_\alpha \sum_{\langle jk \rangle_\alpha} J_\alpha \hat{u}_{jk} c_j c_k] = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  gauge field is "static",  $u_{jk}$  are good quantum numbers

Simultaneous diagonalization:

$$\tilde{H}_u = i \sum_\alpha \sum_{\langle jk \rangle_\alpha} J_\alpha u_{jk} c_j c_k \quad \text{with} \quad u_{jk} = \pm 1$$

Lieb theorem:

$$u_{jk} = +1 \quad \forall (j,k) \text{ in ground state}$$

$\Rightarrow$  translation invariance

Reciprocal space:

$$\tilde{H}_{u=1} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\vec{q}} (c_{1-\vec{q}} \ c_{2-\vec{q}}) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & if(\vec{q}) \\ -if^*(\vec{q}) & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} C_{1,\vec{q}} \\ C_{2,\vec{q}} \end{pmatrix}$$

with  $f(\vec{q}) = 2 \sum_{\alpha} J_{\alpha} e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{\delta}_{\alpha}}$   
 ↗ nearest-neighbor vector

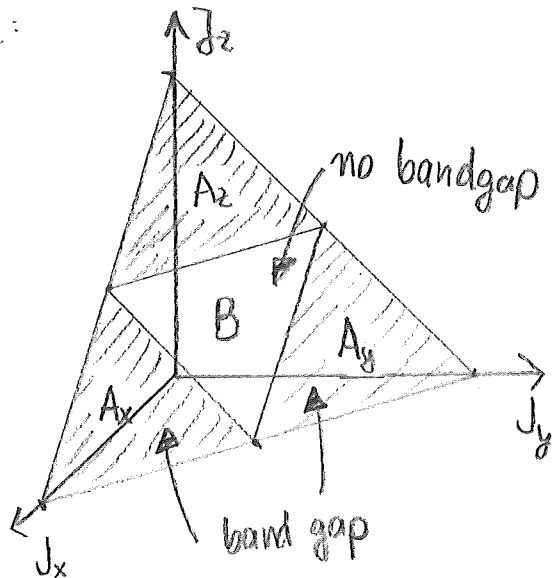
Majorana spectrum:

$$\mathcal{E}(\vec{q}) = \pm |f(\vec{q})|$$

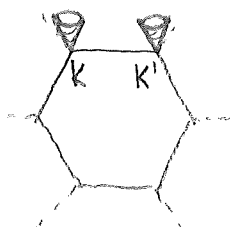
Band gap?

$$\exists \vec{q} \in BZ: \mathcal{E}(\vec{q}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow |J_x| \leq |J_y| + |J_z|, |J_y| \leq |J_x| + |J_z|, |J_z| \leq |J_x| + |J_y|$$

Phase diagram:



Example:  $J_x = J_y = J_z = J$



$$\mathcal{E}(\vec{q}) = \sqrt{3J^2 |\delta\vec{q}|^2} + \mathcal{O}(\delta q^3)$$

$$\delta\vec{q} = \vec{q} - (\pm\vec{K})$$

"Dirac cones"