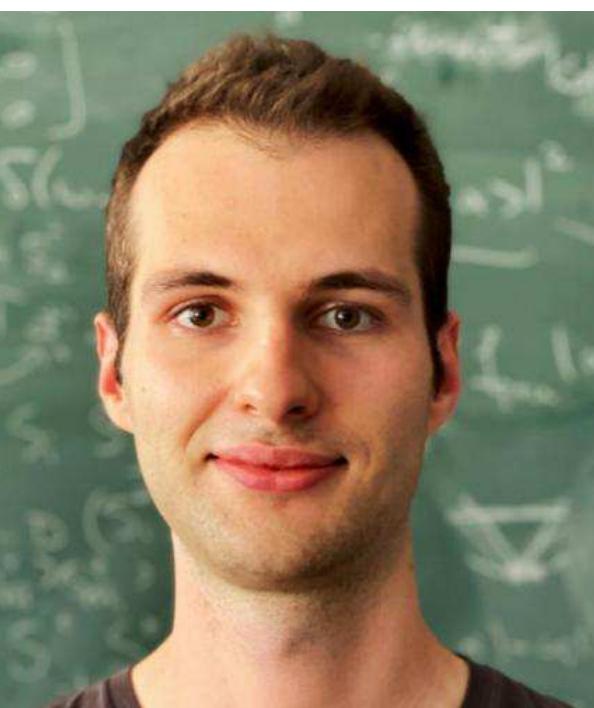


Fractionalized fermionic quantum criticality

Lukas Janssen
TU Dresden



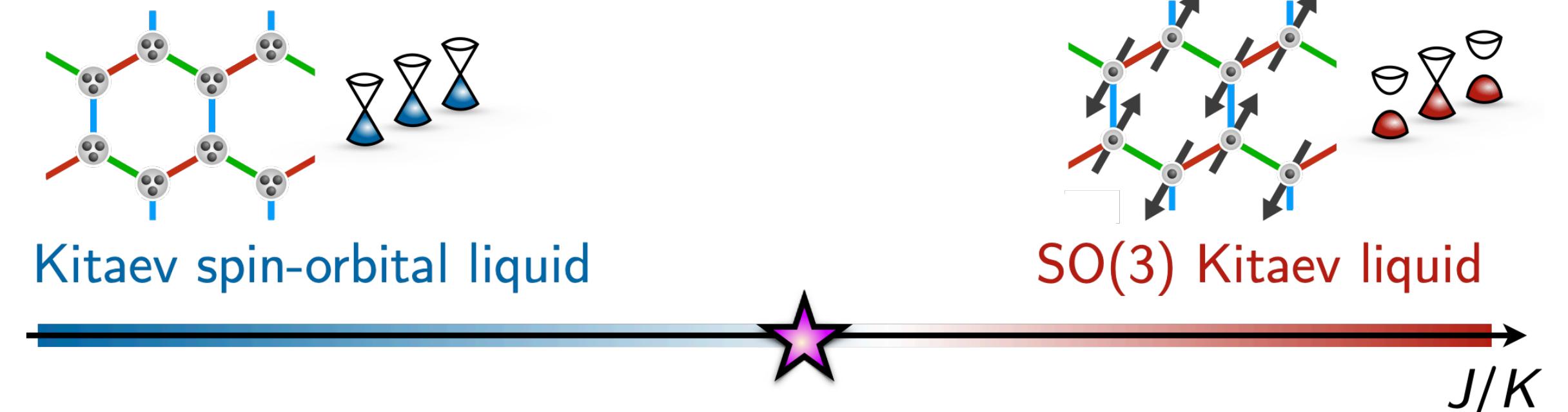
Urban Seifert



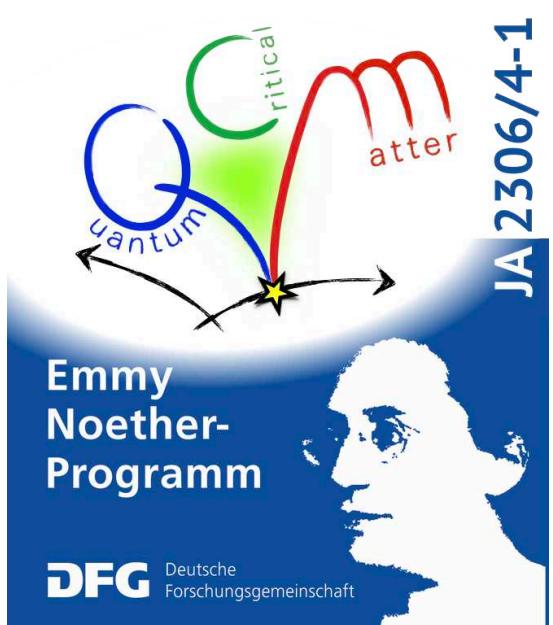
Shouryya Ray



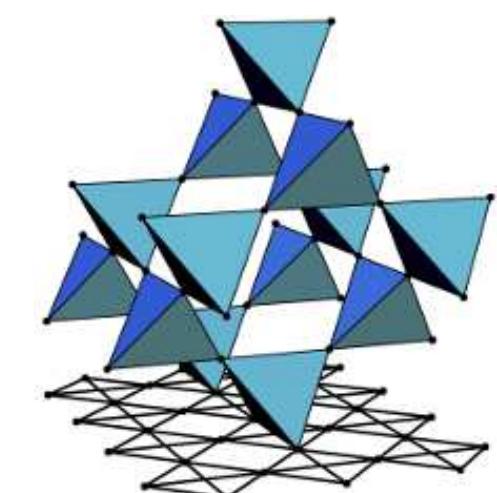
Zihong Liu



Fakher F. Assaad
Sreejith Chulliparambil
Xiao-Yu Dong
John A. Gracey
Bernhard Ihrig
Daniel Kruti
Michael M. Scherer
Hong-Hao Tu
Matthias Vojta

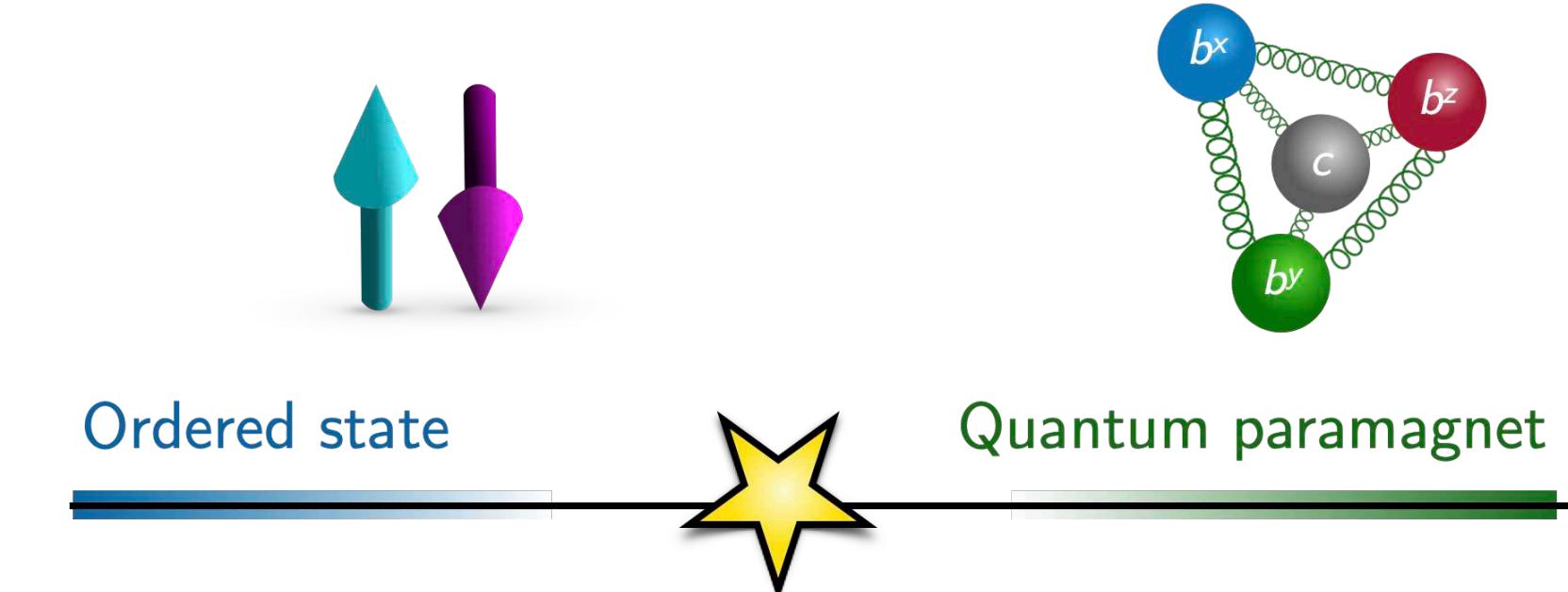


 ct.qmat
Complexity and Topology
in Quantum Matter
Würzburg-Dresden Cluster of Excellence

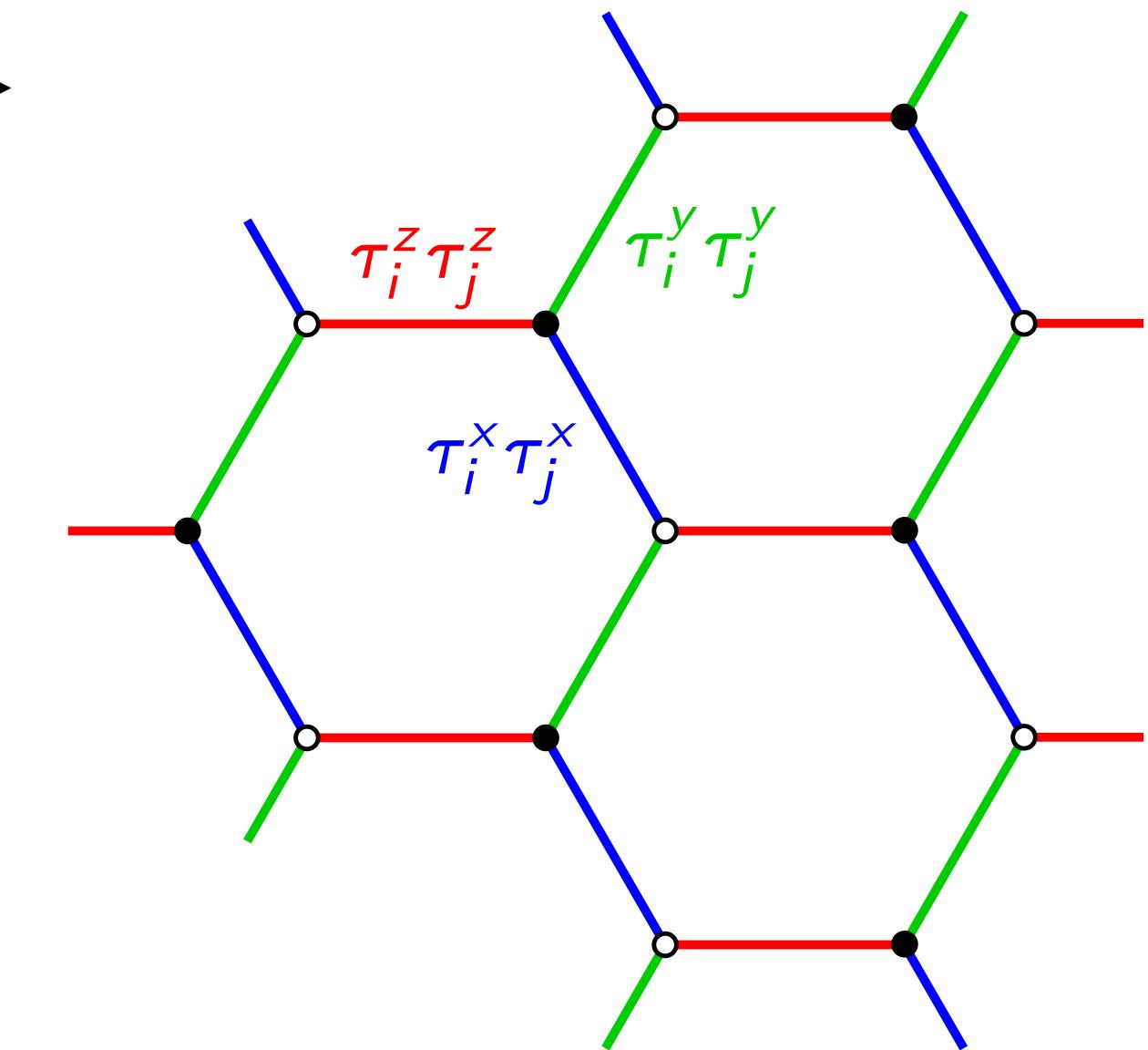
 SFB 1143

Outline

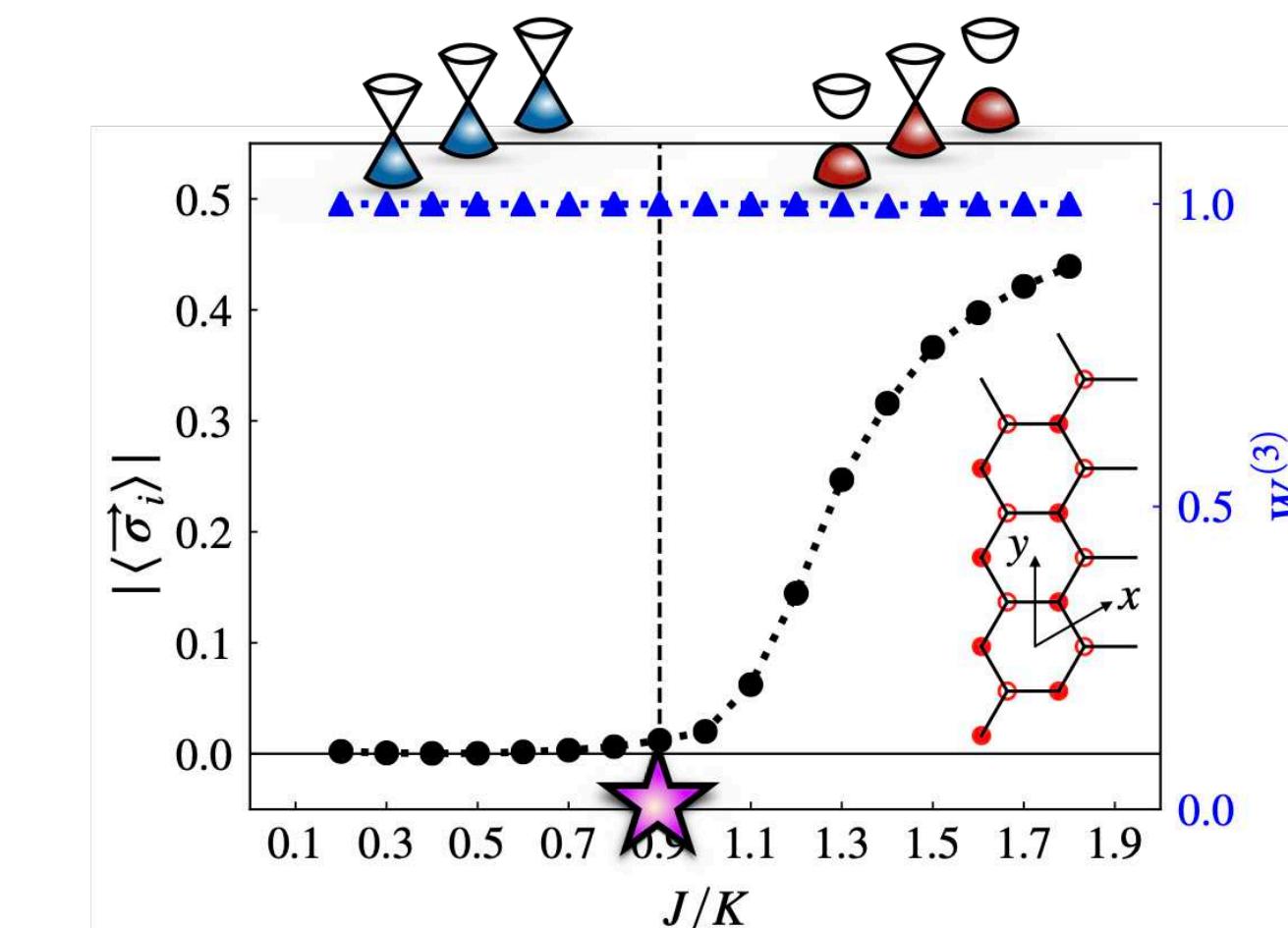
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) From Kitaev to Kitaev-Kugel-Khomskii



(3) Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital models



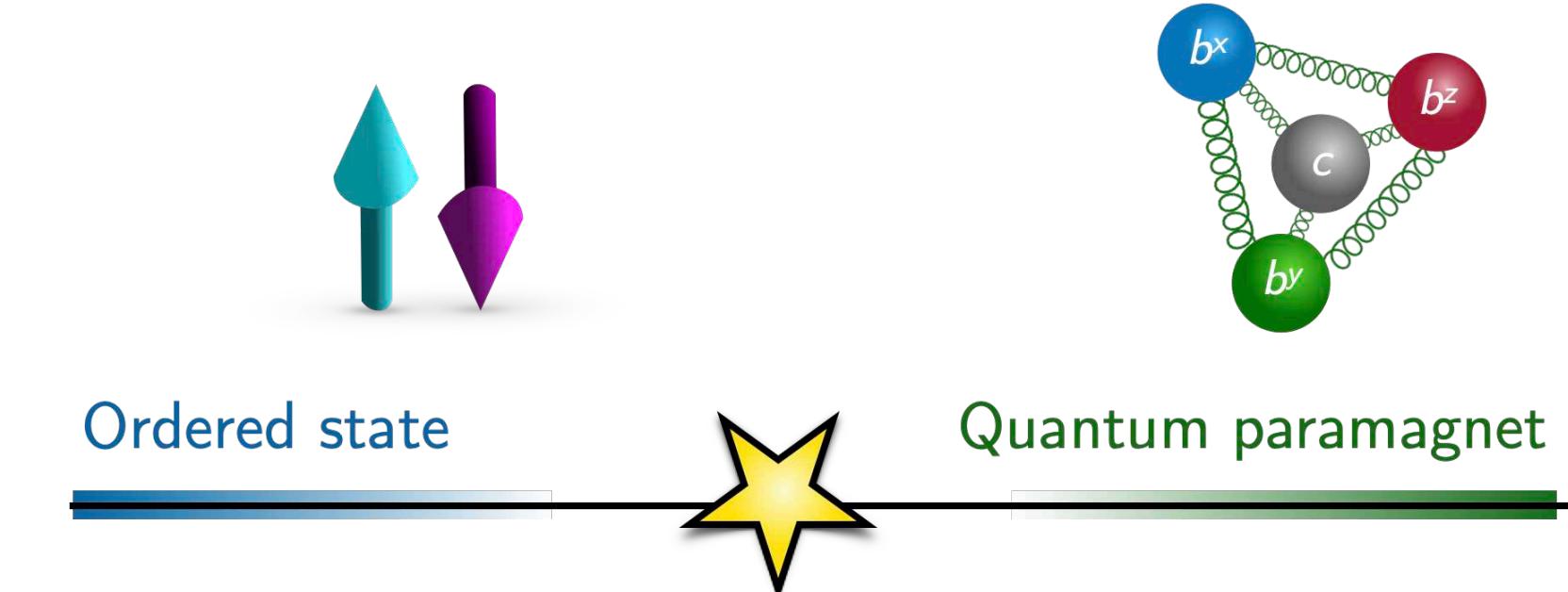
(4) Conclusions



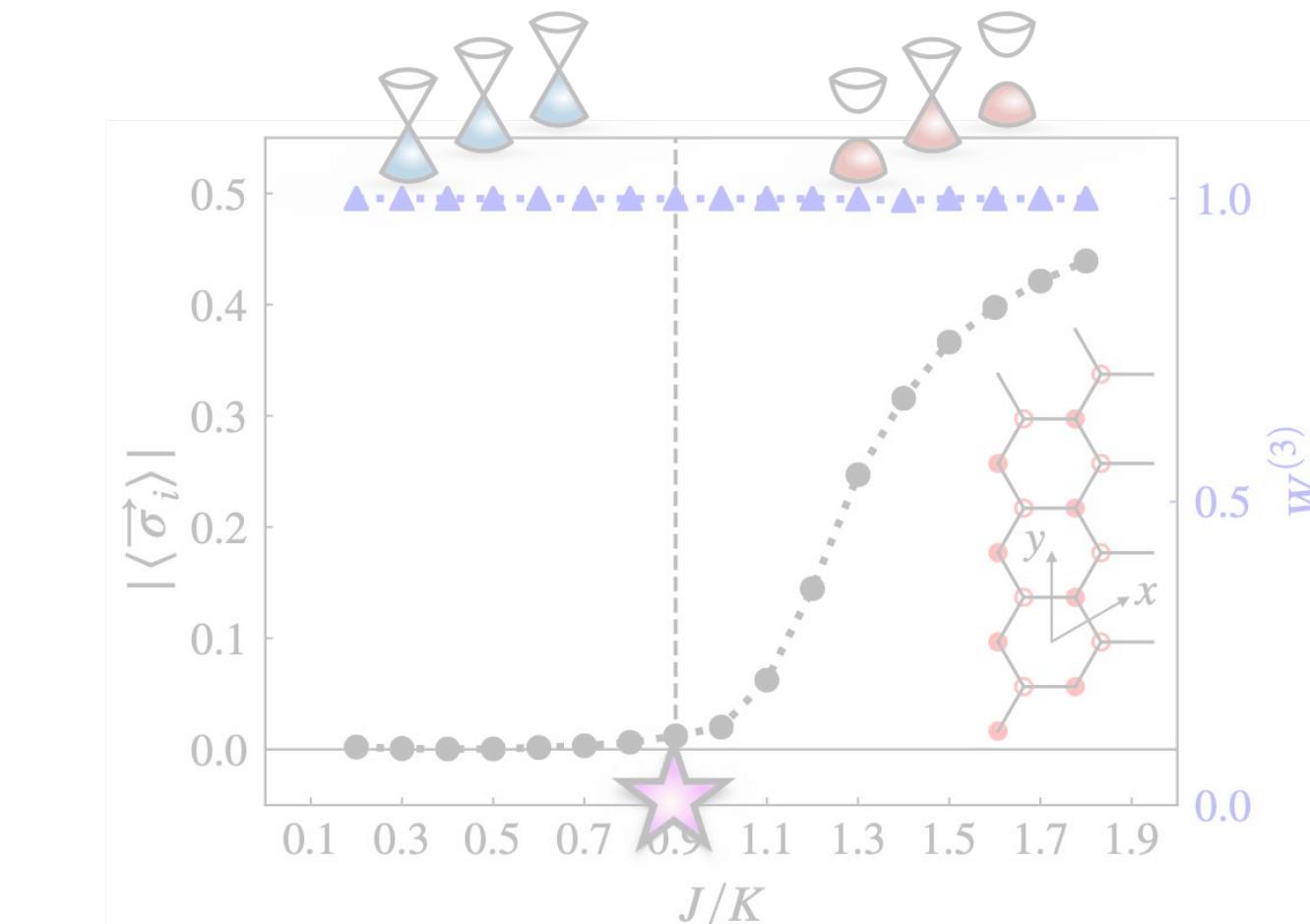
Slides available on <https://tu-dresden.de/physik/qcm/vorlaege>

Outline

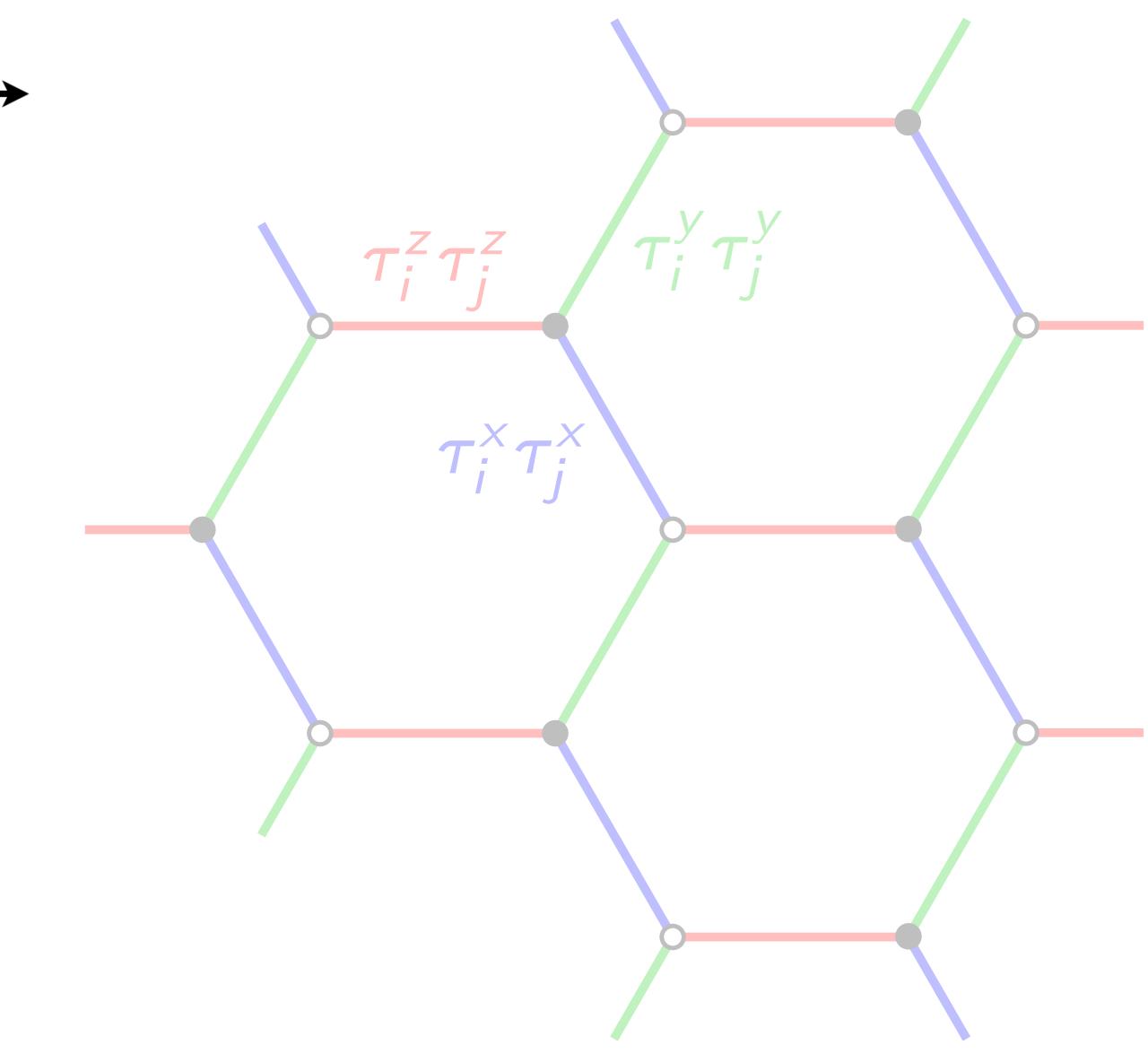
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) From Kitaev to Kitaev-Kugel-Khomskii



(3) Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital models

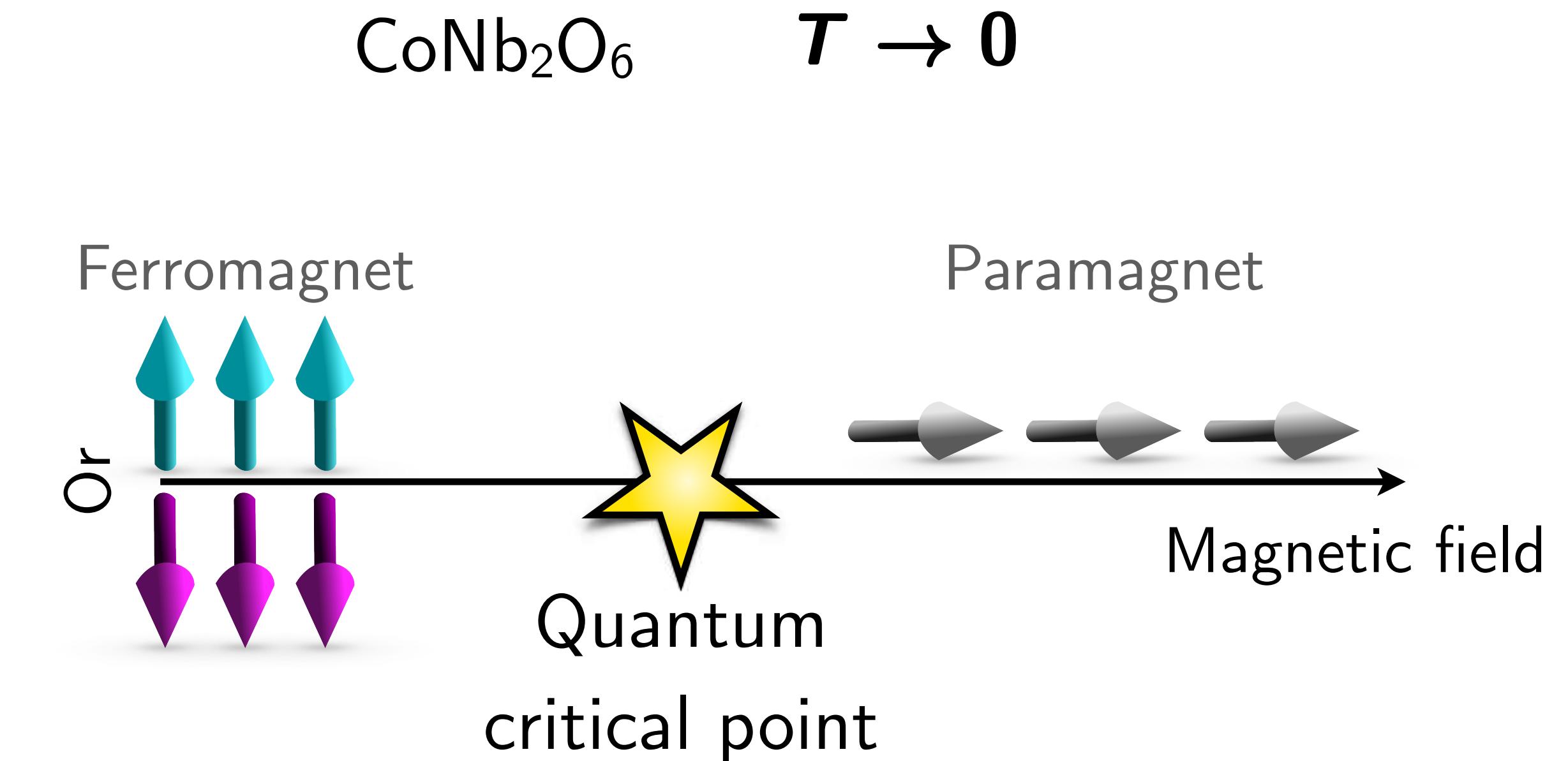
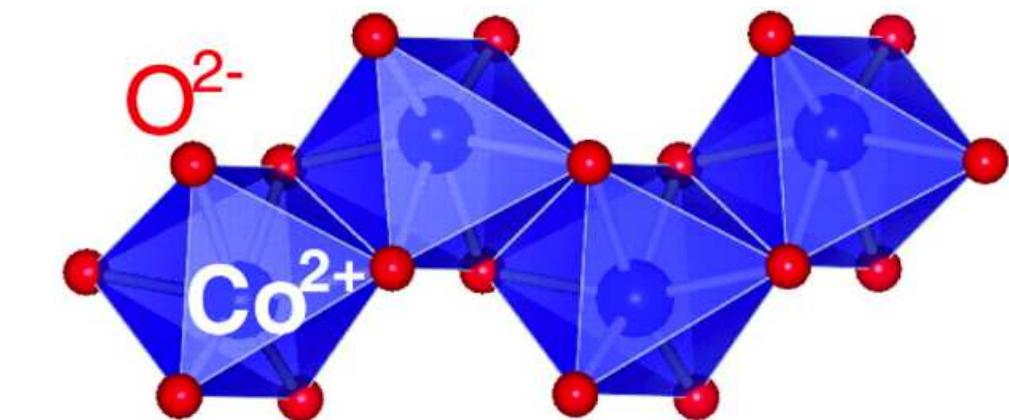
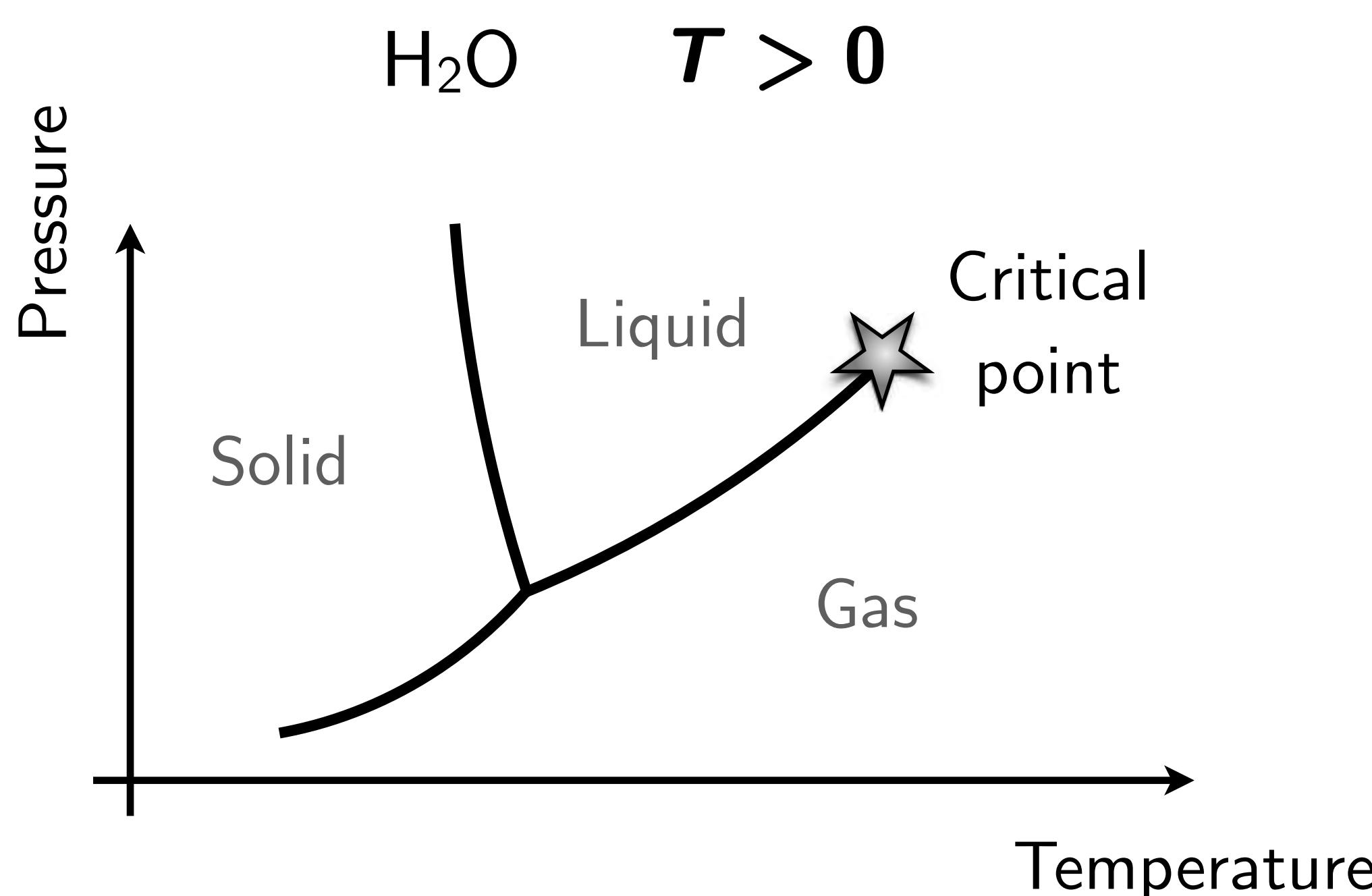


(4) Conclusions



Slides available on <https://tu-dresden.de/physik/qcm/vorlaege>

Classical vs quantum criticality



[Coldea et al., Science '10]

[Kinross et al., PRX '14]

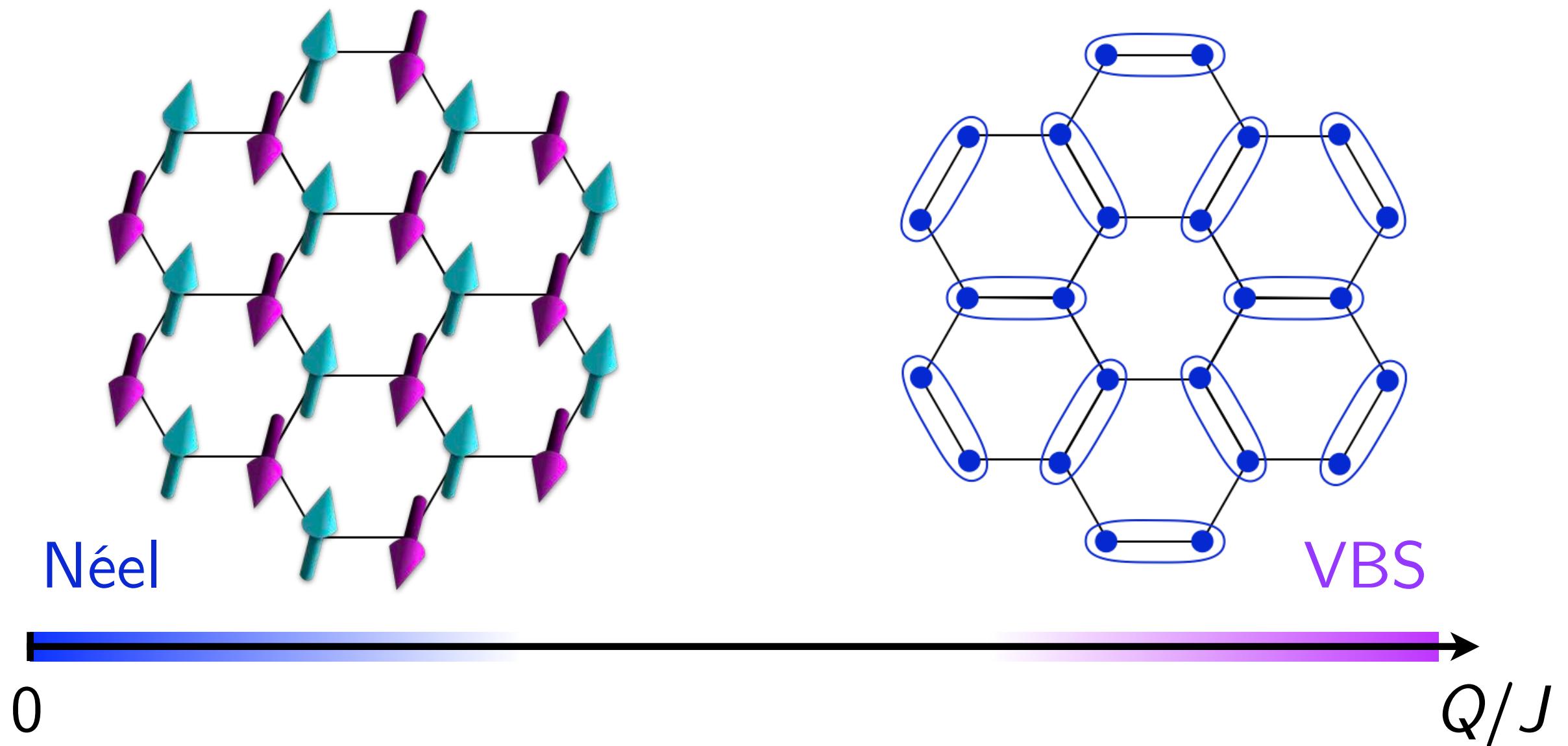
[Morris et al., Kaul, Armitage, Nat. Phys. '21]

...

→ lectures by J. Maciejko

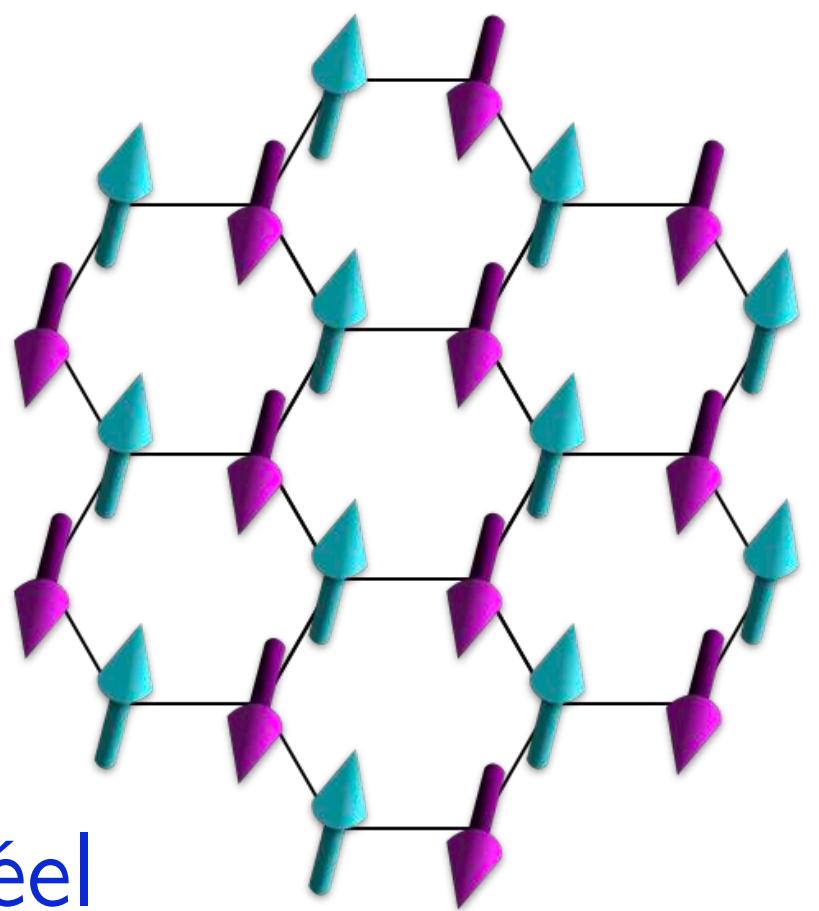
Deconfined quantum criticality

$$\text{O} = (|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle) / \sqrt{2}$$

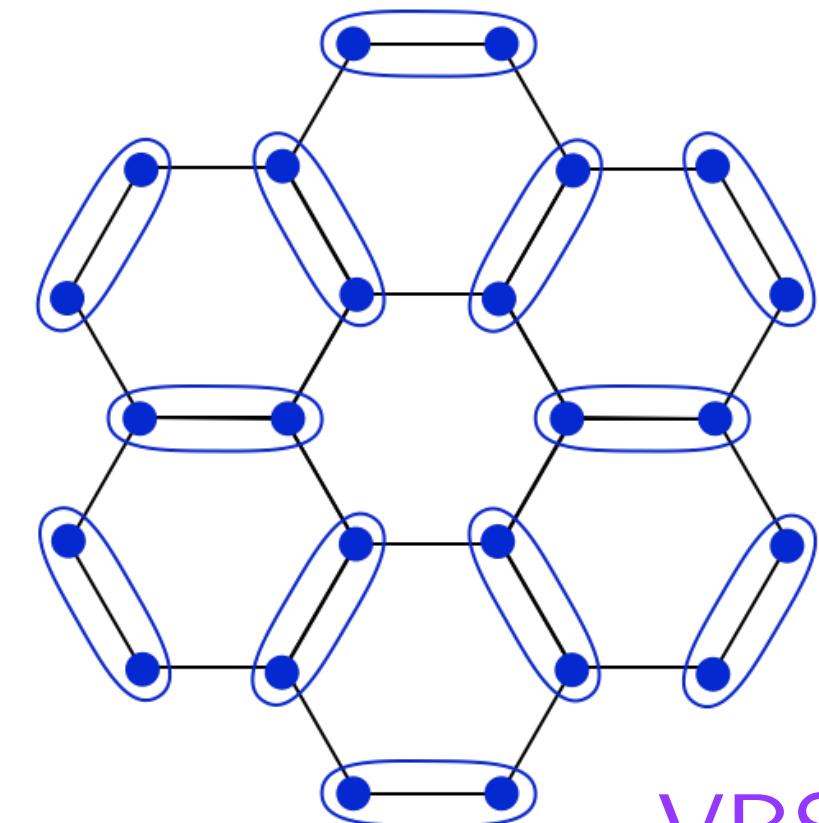


Deconfined quantum criticality

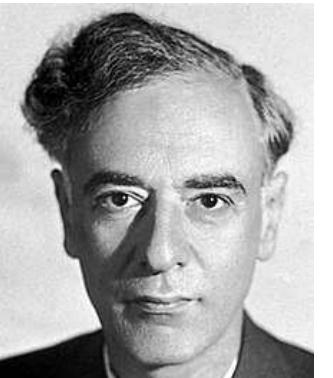
$$\text{Or} = (|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle) / \sqrt{2}$$



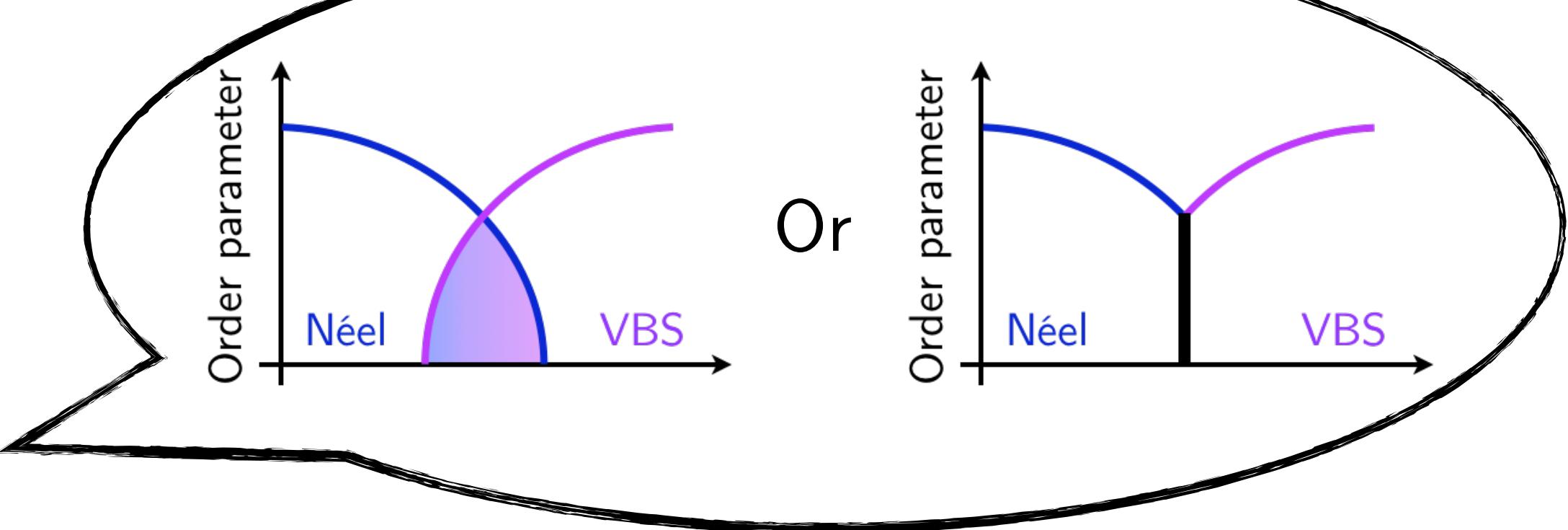
Néel



VBS

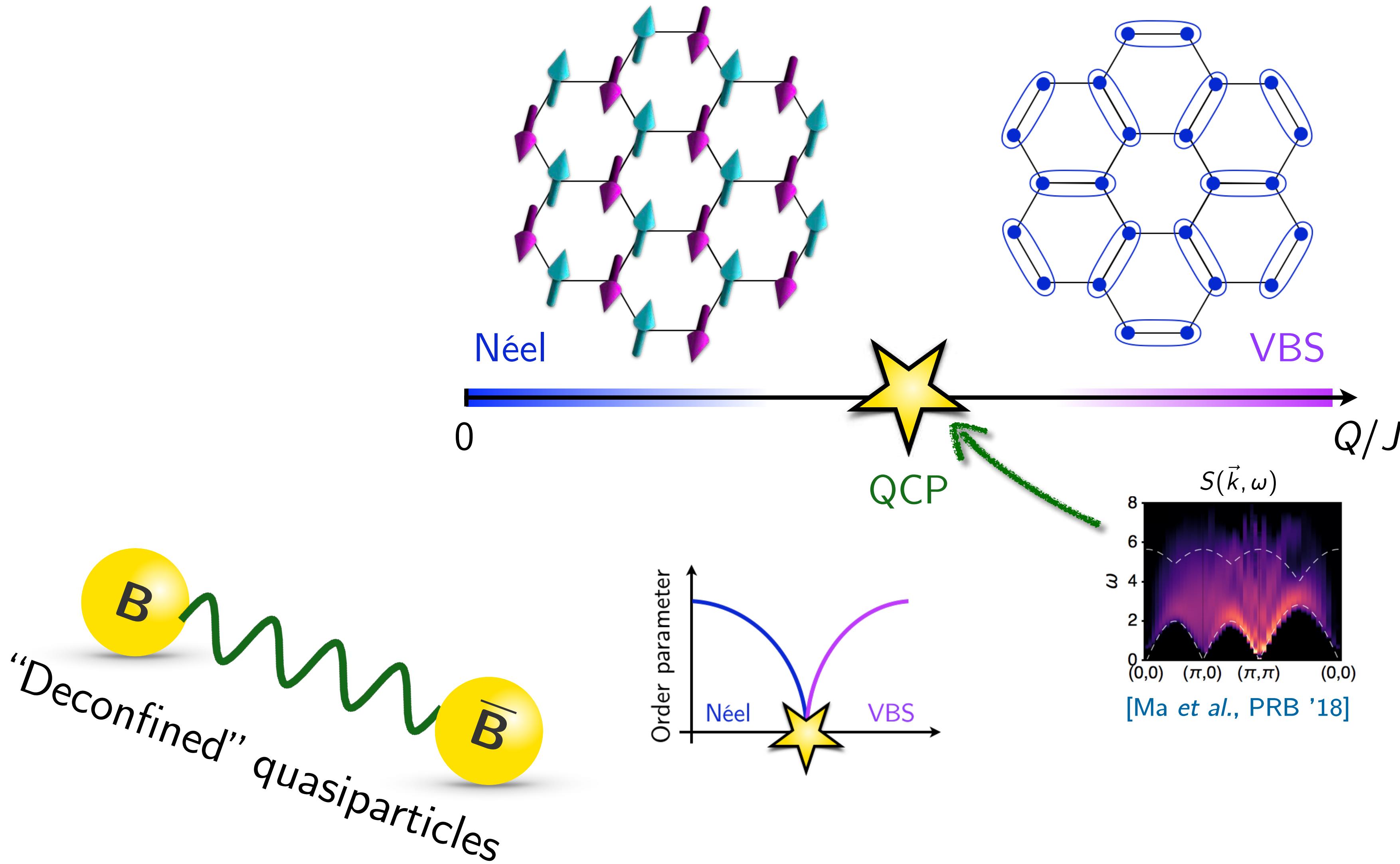


Landau



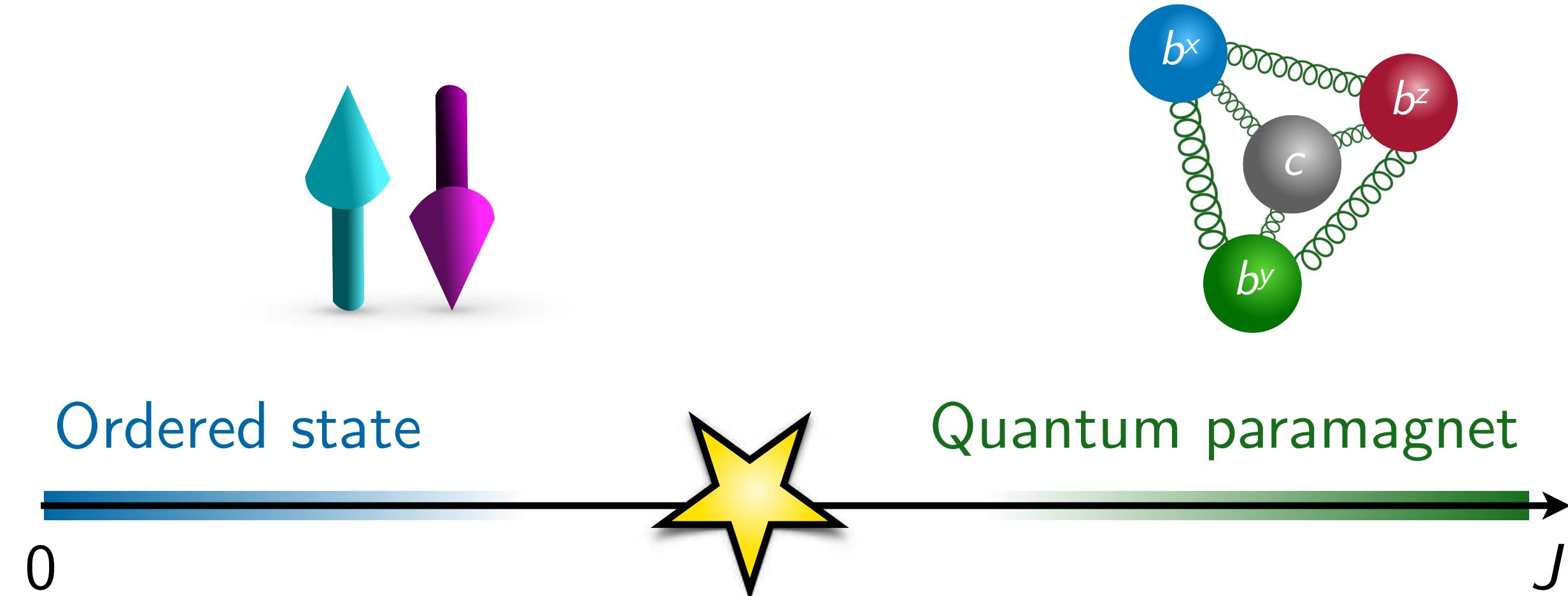
Deconfined quantum criticality

$$\text{O} = (|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle) / \sqrt{2}$$



[Senthil et al., Science '04]
[Pujari, Damle, Alet, PRL '13]
[Block, Melko, Kaul, PRL '13]
[Shao, Guo, Sandvik, Science '16]
...

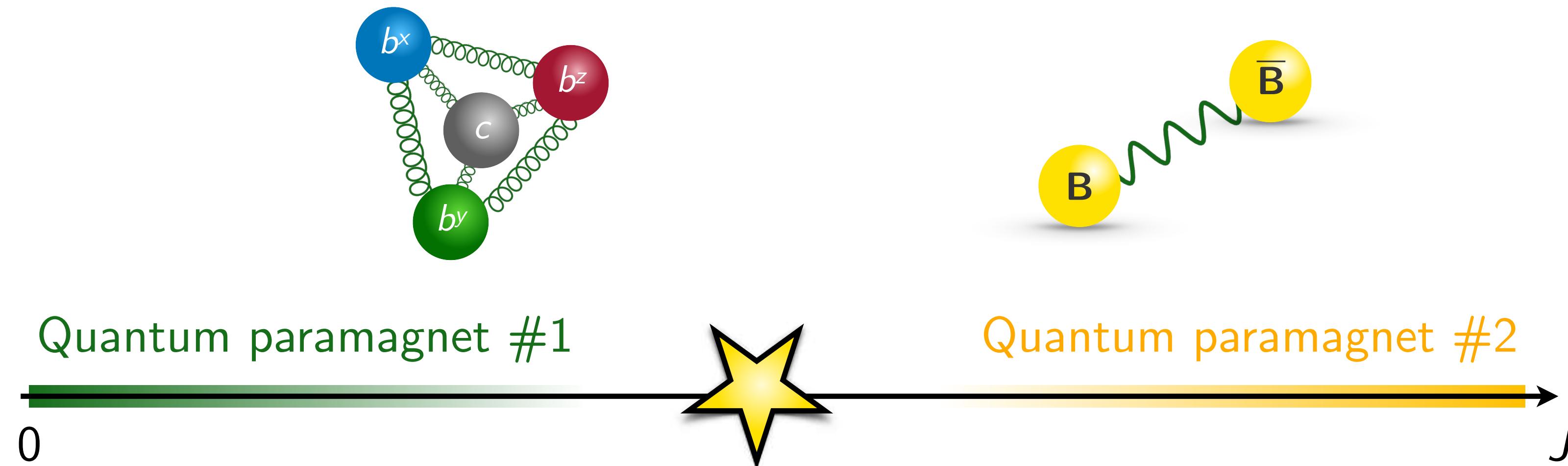
Spin-liquid transitions



[Assaad & Grover, PRX '16]
[Dupuis, Paranjape, Witczak-Krempa, PRB '19]
[LJ, Wang, Scherer, Meng, Xu, PRB '20]
[Zerf, Boyack, Marquard, Gracey, Maciejko, PRD '20]

...

→ talk by Z. Y. Meng



[Metlitski, Mross, Sachdev, Senthil, PRB '15]
[LJ & He, PRB '17]
[Boyack, Lin, Zerf, Rayyan, Maciejko, PRB '18]
[Dupuis, Boyack, Witczak-Krempa, PRX '22]

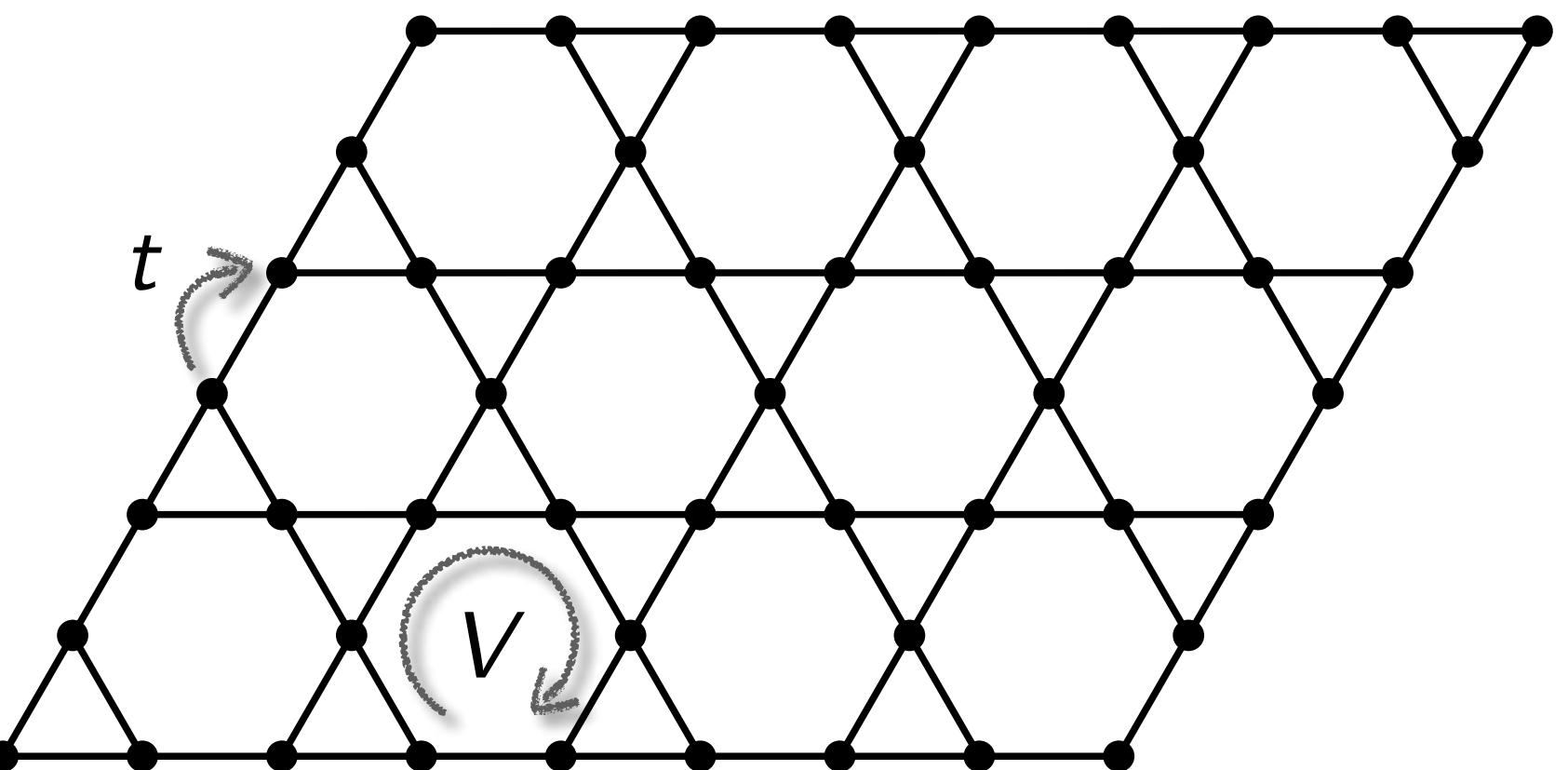
...

Example: Kagome-lattice Bose-Hubbard model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} [b_i^\dagger b_j + b_i b_j^\dagger] + V \sum_{\textcircled{\text{O}}} (n_{\textcircled{\text{O}}})^2$$

... b_i hard-core bosons

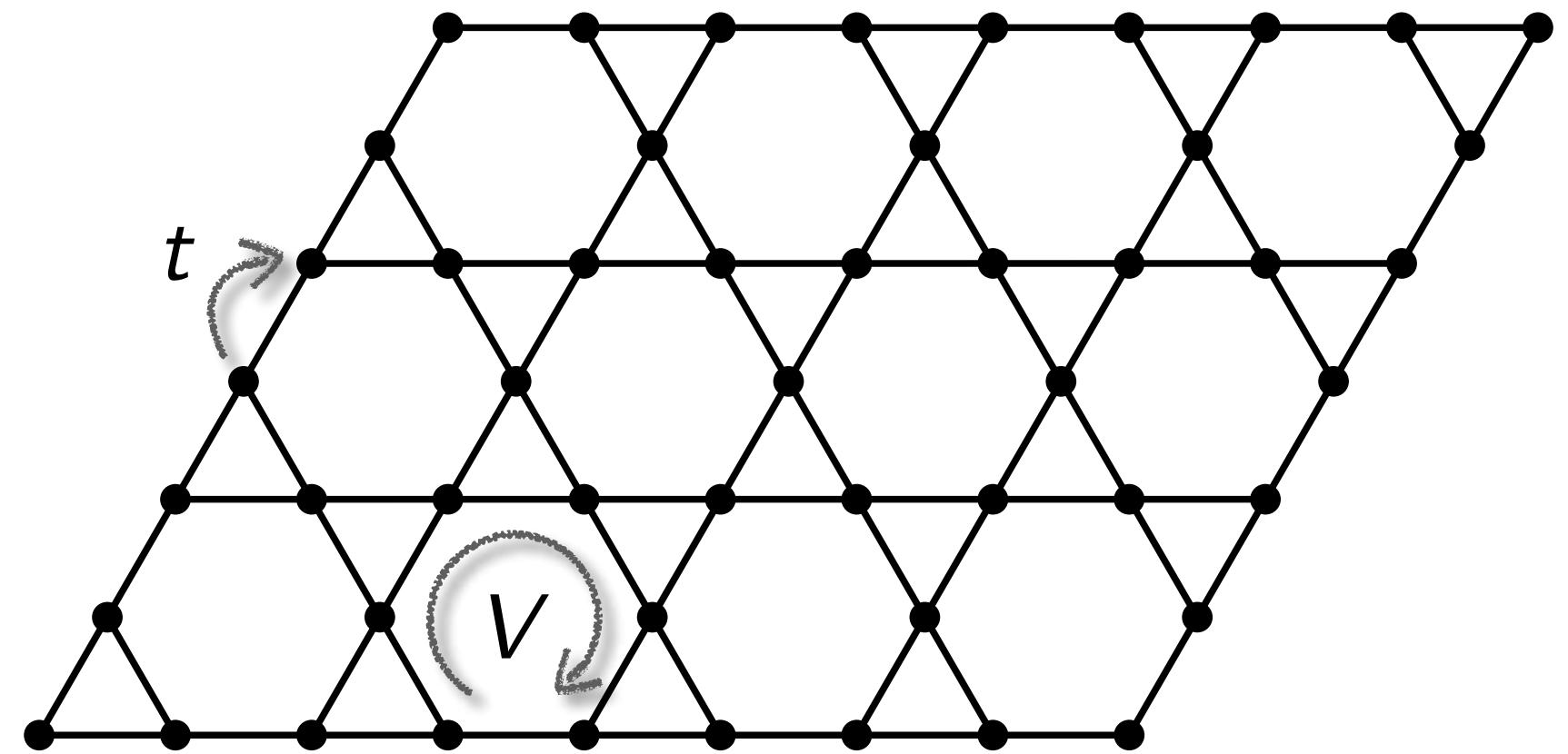


Example: Kagome-lattice Bose-Hubbard model

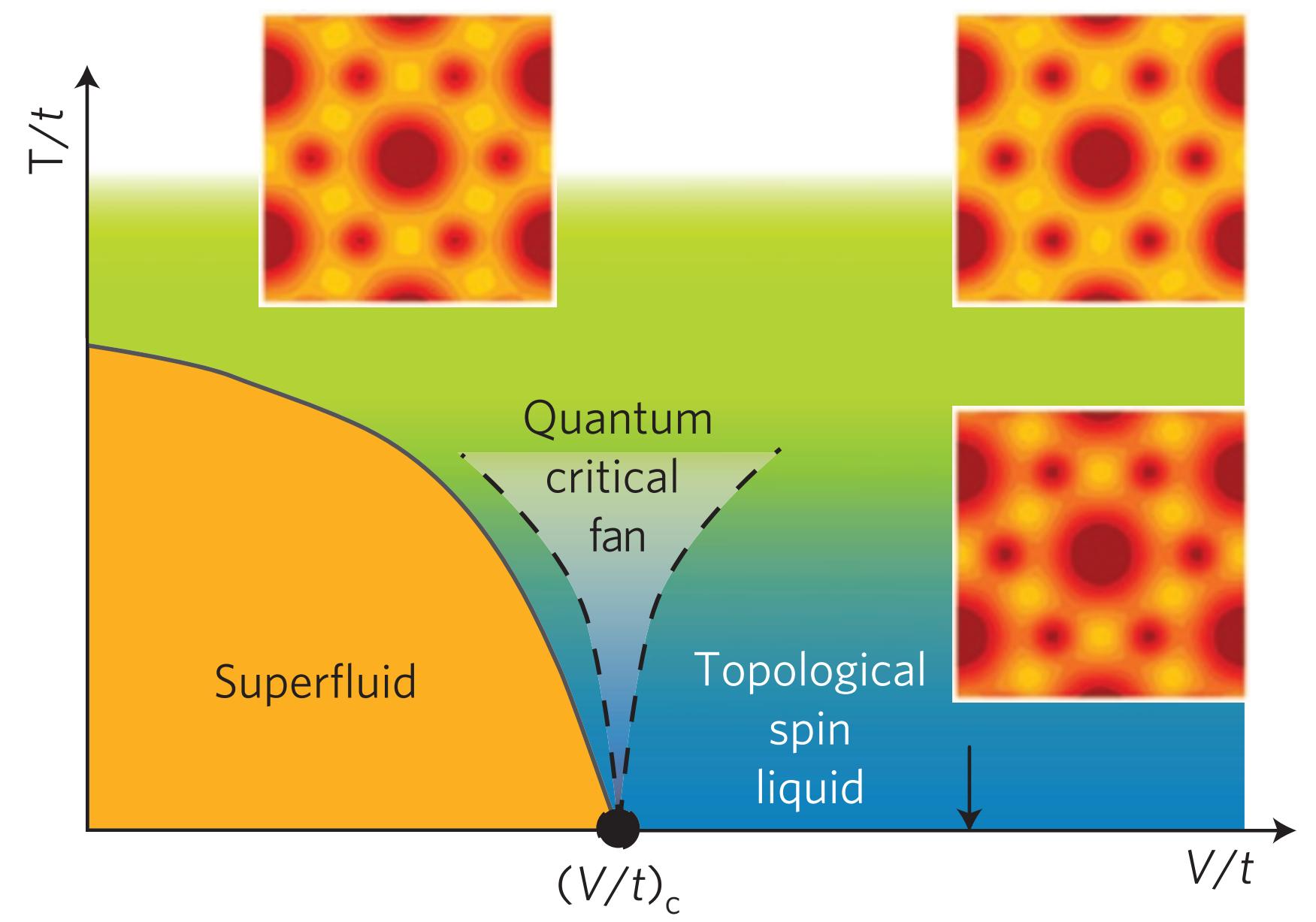
Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} [b_i^\dagger b_j + b_i b_j^\dagger] + V \sum_{\textcircled{\text{O}}} (n_{\textcircled{\text{O}}})^2$$

... b_i hard-core bosons



Phase diagram:

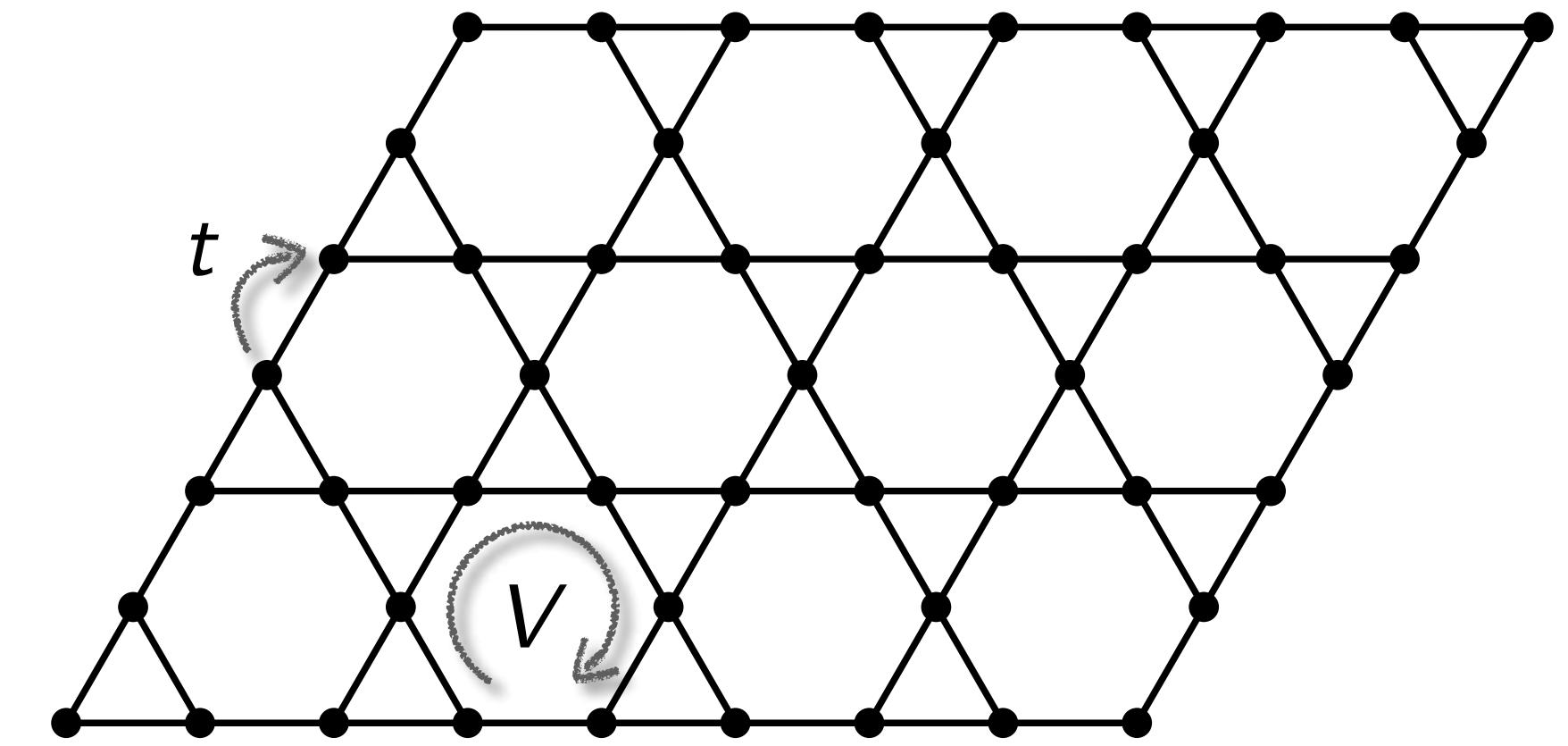


Example: Kagome-lattice Bose-Hubbard model

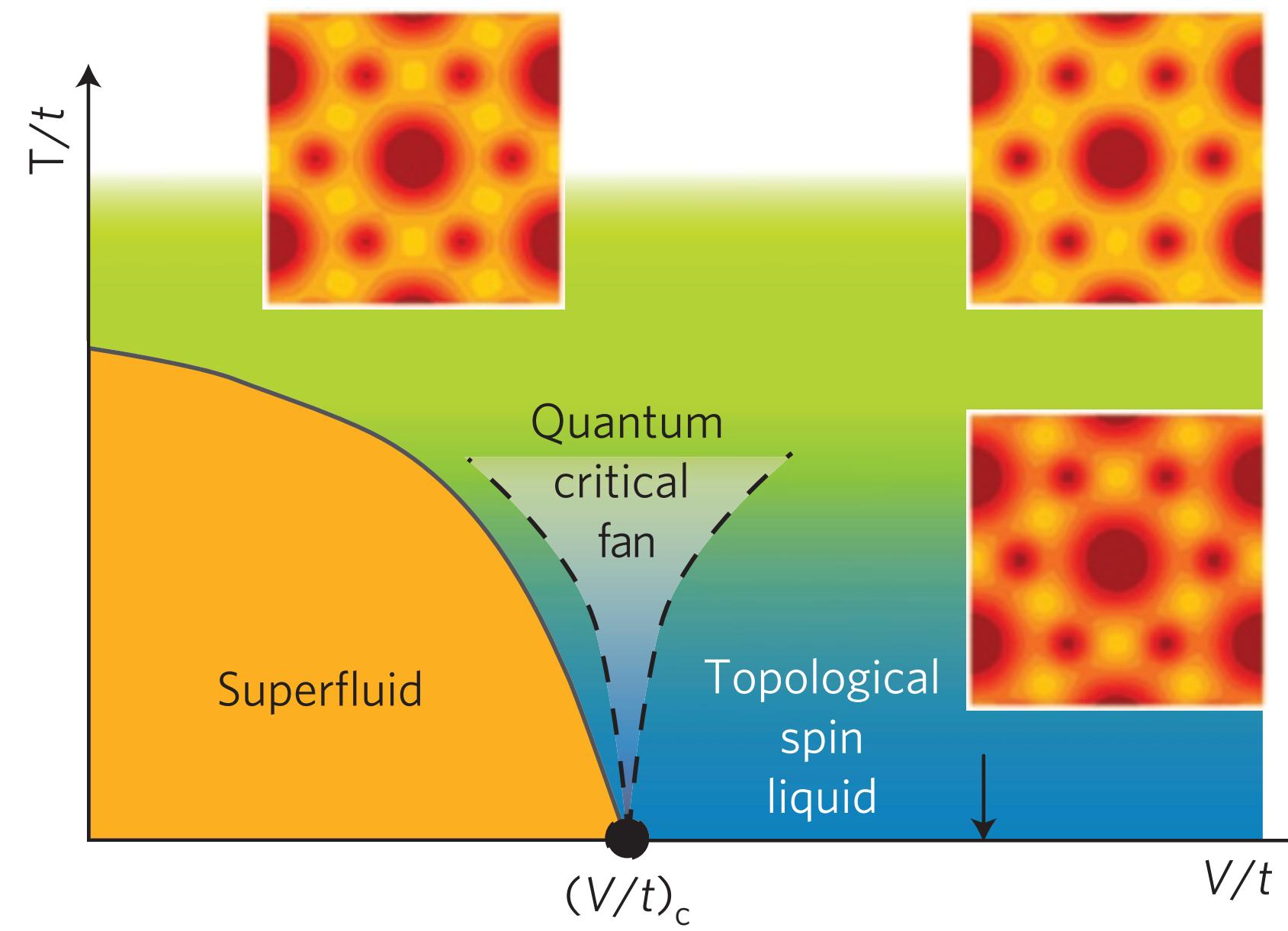
Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} [b_i^\dagger b_j + b_i b_j^\dagger] + V \sum_{\textcircled{\text{O}}} (n_{\textcircled{\text{O}}})^2$$

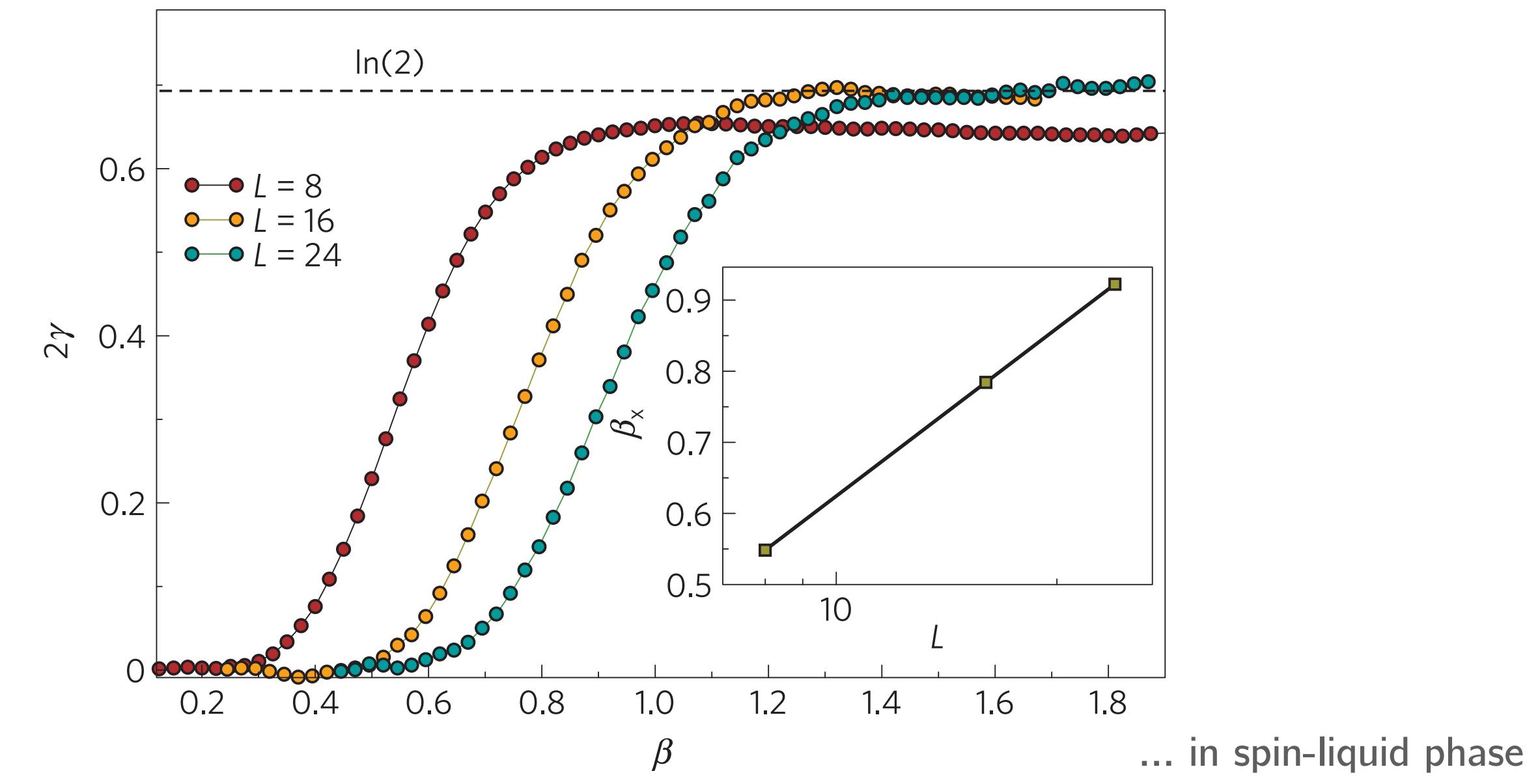
... b_i hard-core bosons



Phase diagram:

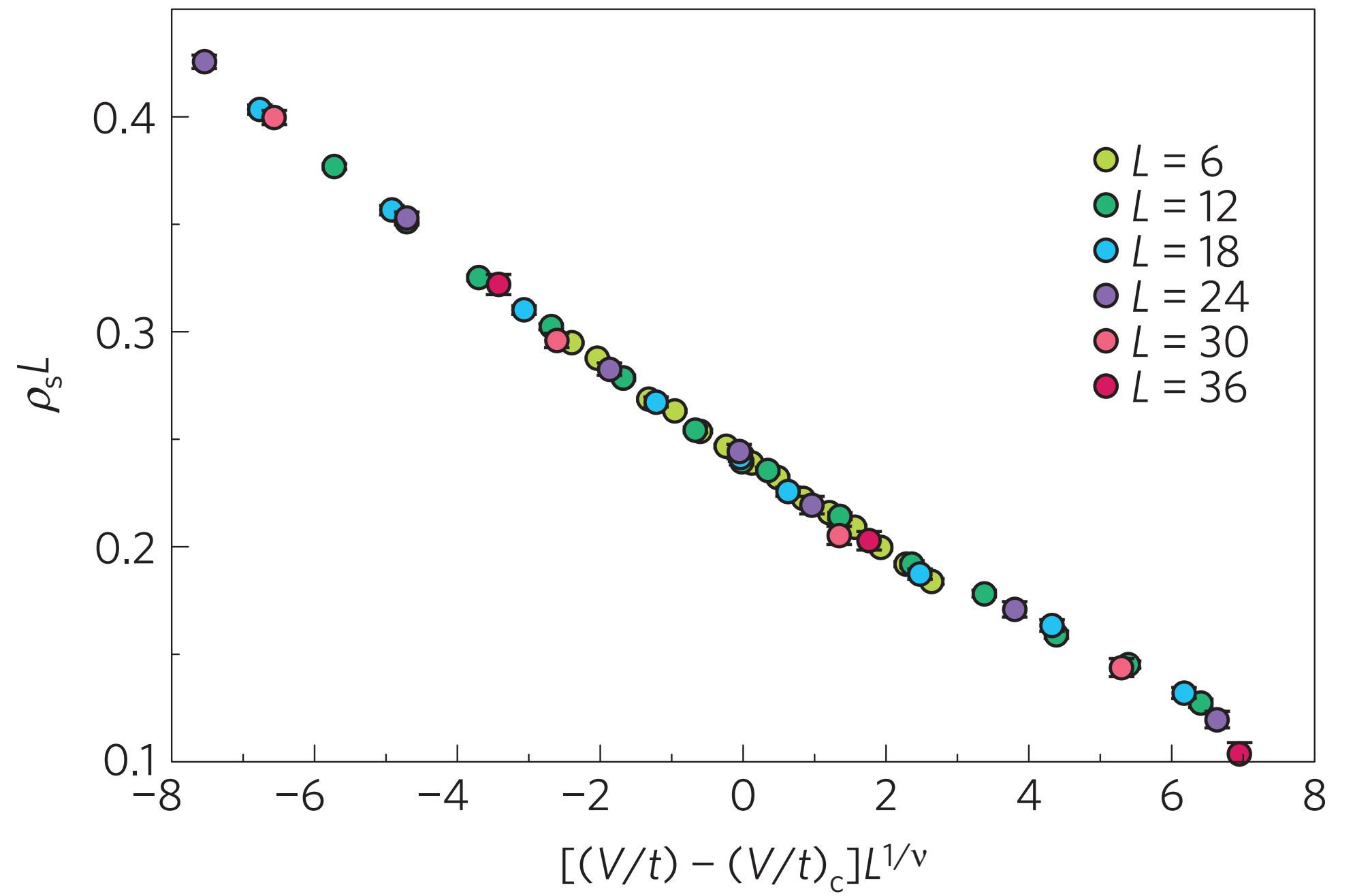


Entanglement entropy: $S_n(A) = a\ell - \gamma + \dots$



Quantum critical scaling: XY*

Superfluid density:

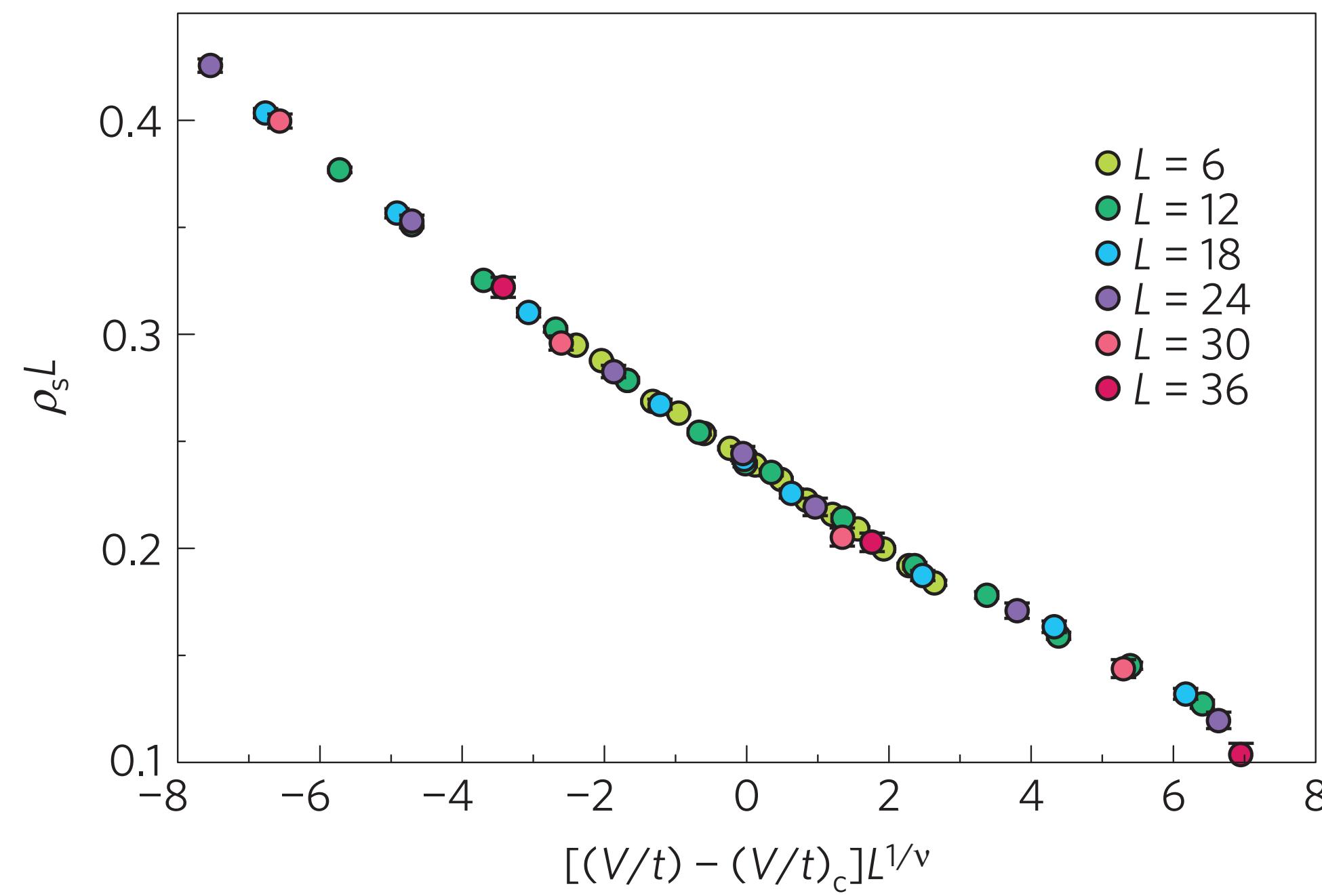


[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

$$\nu \approx 0.67 = \nu_{XY}$$

Quantum critical scaling: XY*

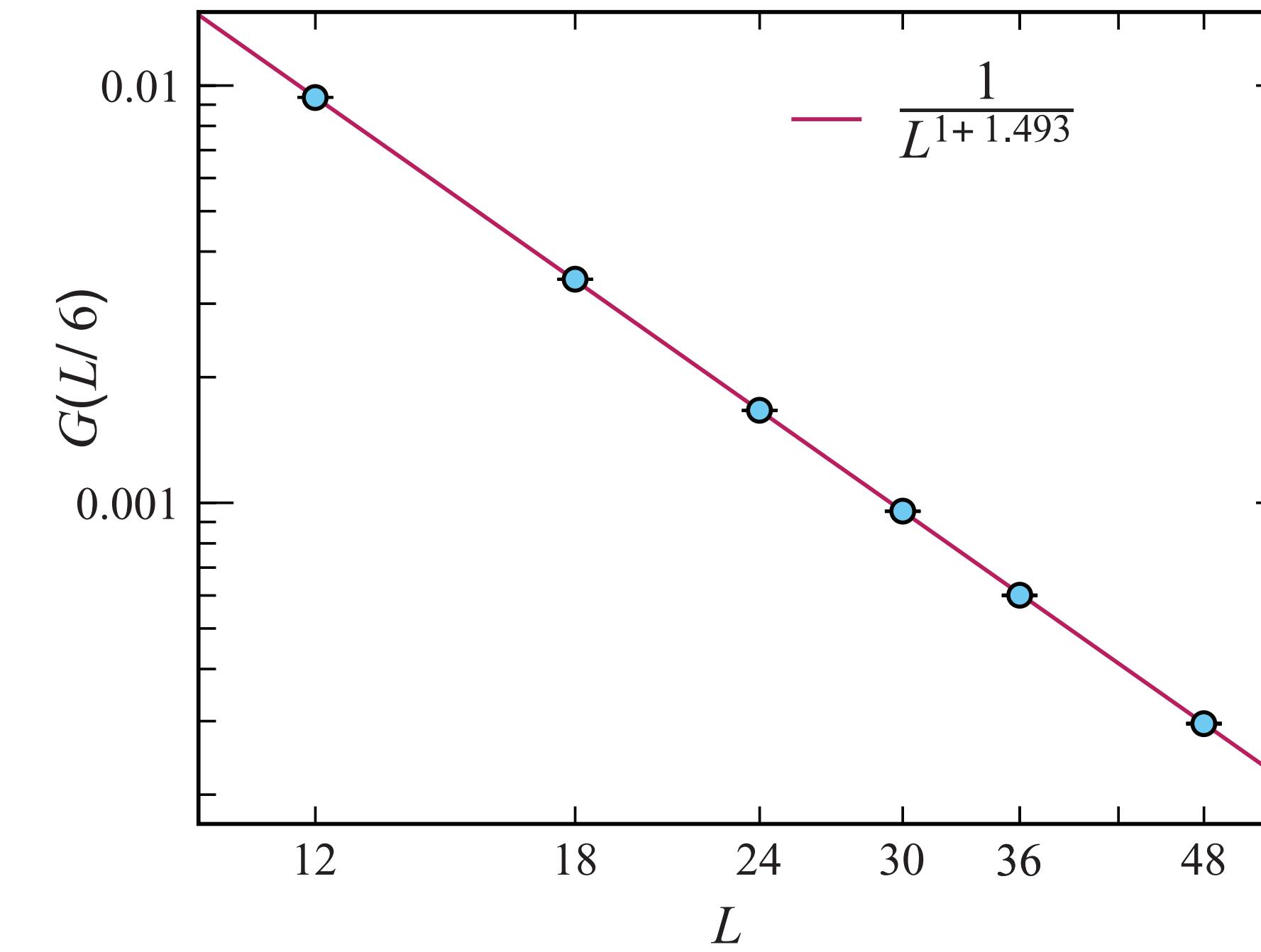
Superfluid density:



[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

$$\nu \approx 0.67 = \nu_{XY}$$

Two-point superfluid correlator:



[Isakov, Melko, Hastings, Science '12]

$$\eta \approx 1.49 \neq \eta_{XY} \approx 0.038$$

Order parameter *composite* of fractionalized particles!

... cf. $\eta_T \approx 1.47$ from XY field theory

[Calabrese, Pelissetto, Vicari, PRE '02]

Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising*

Transverse-field Ising:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

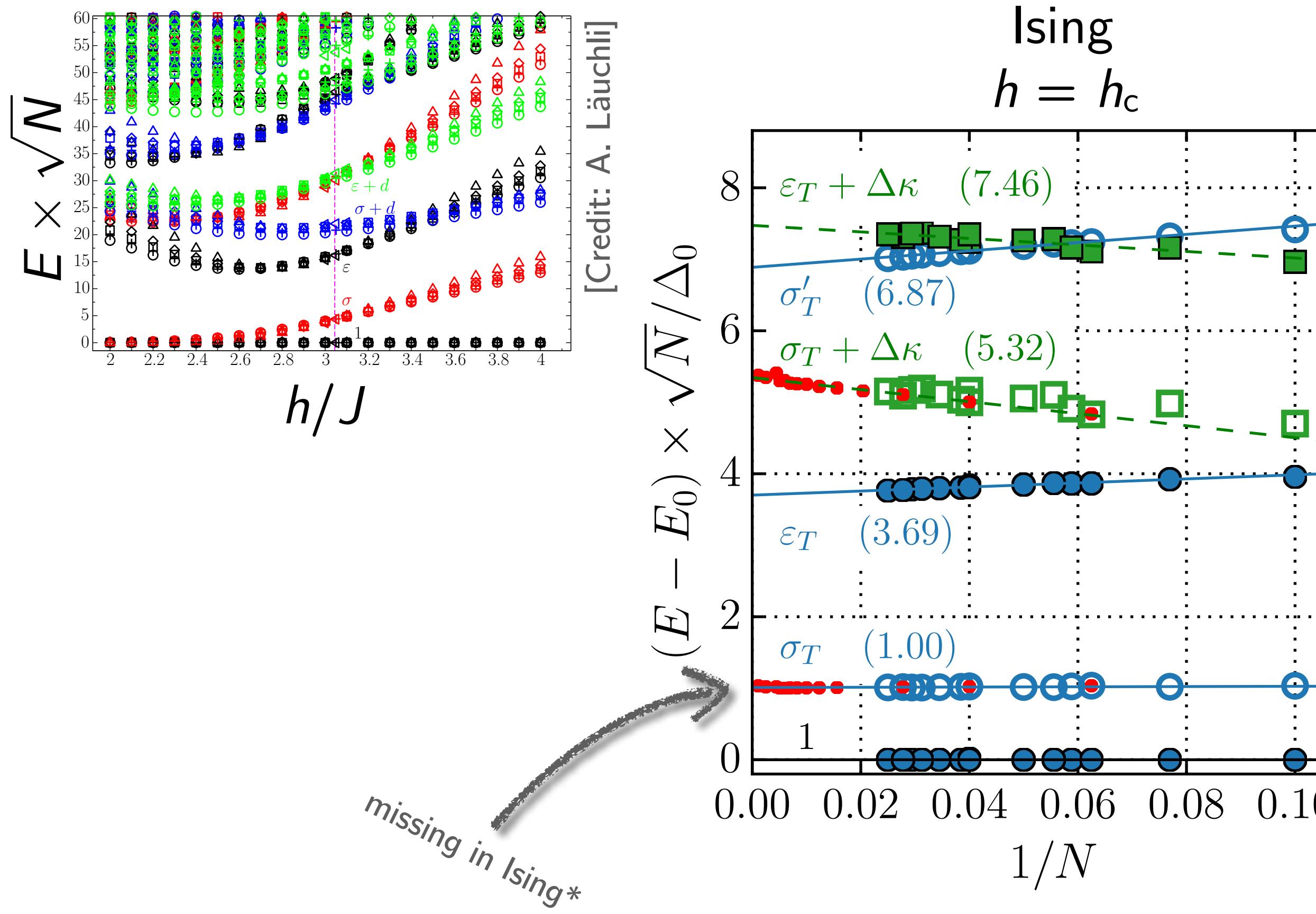
Transverse-field toric code:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising*

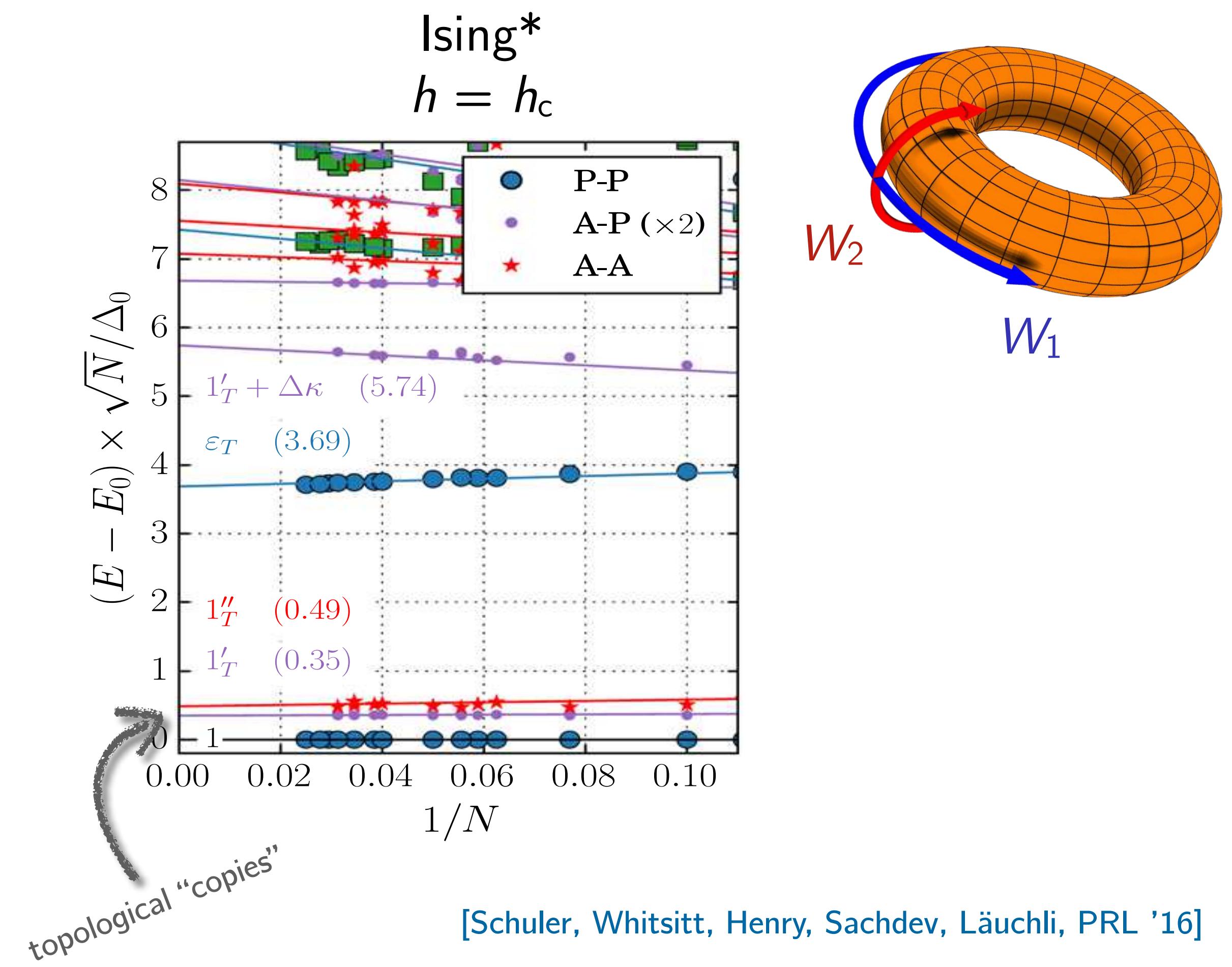
Transverse-field Ising:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



Transverse-field toric code:

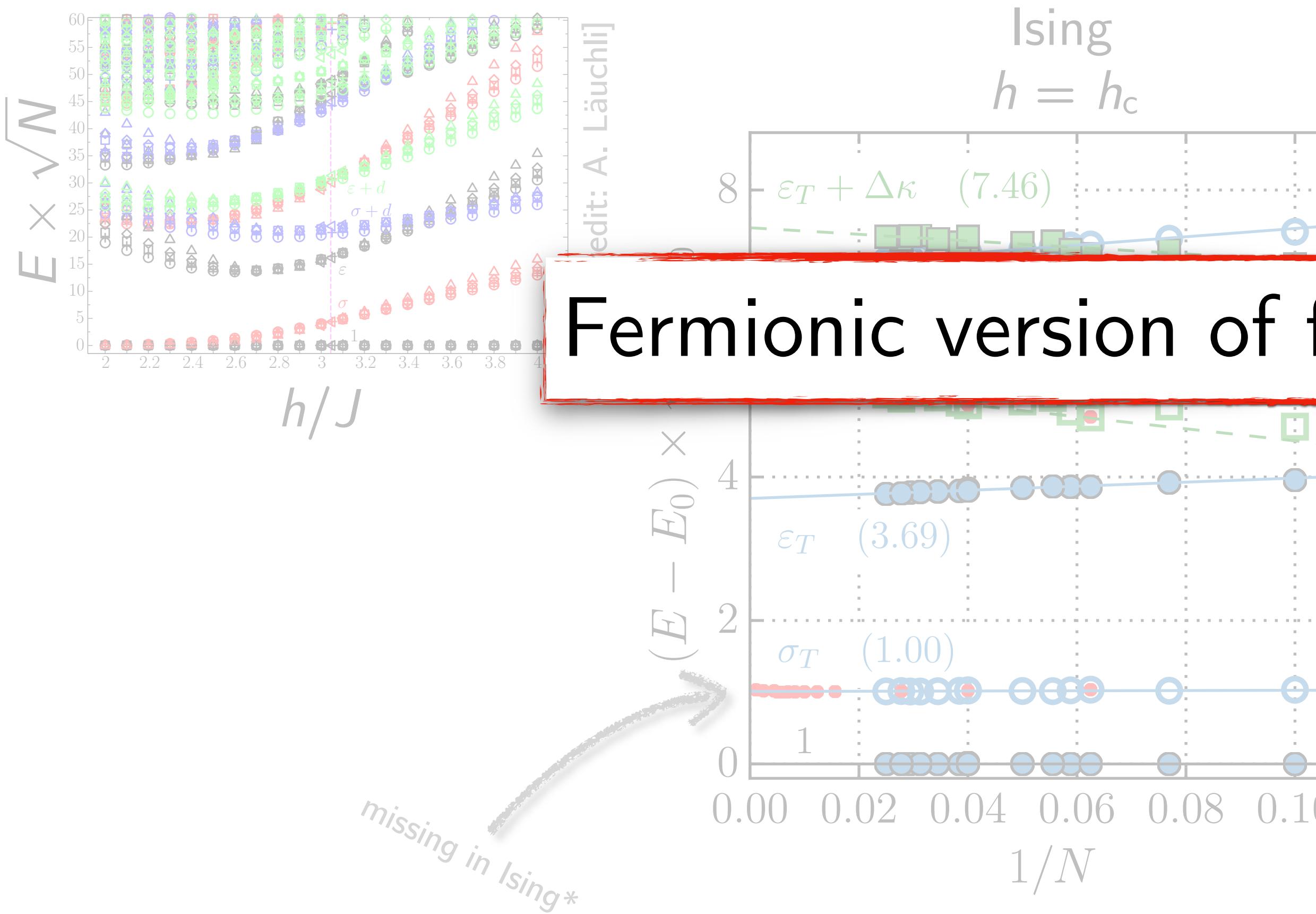
$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising*

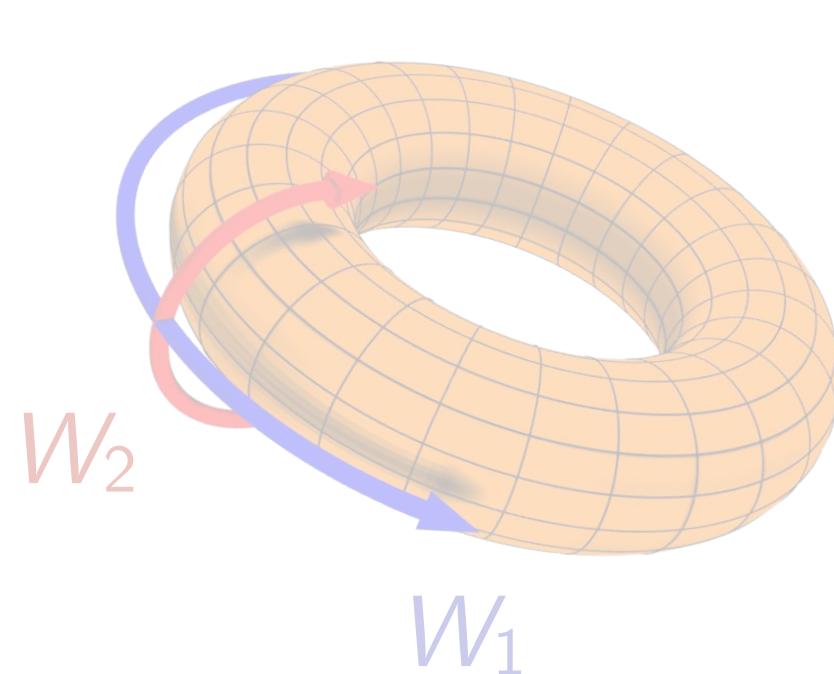
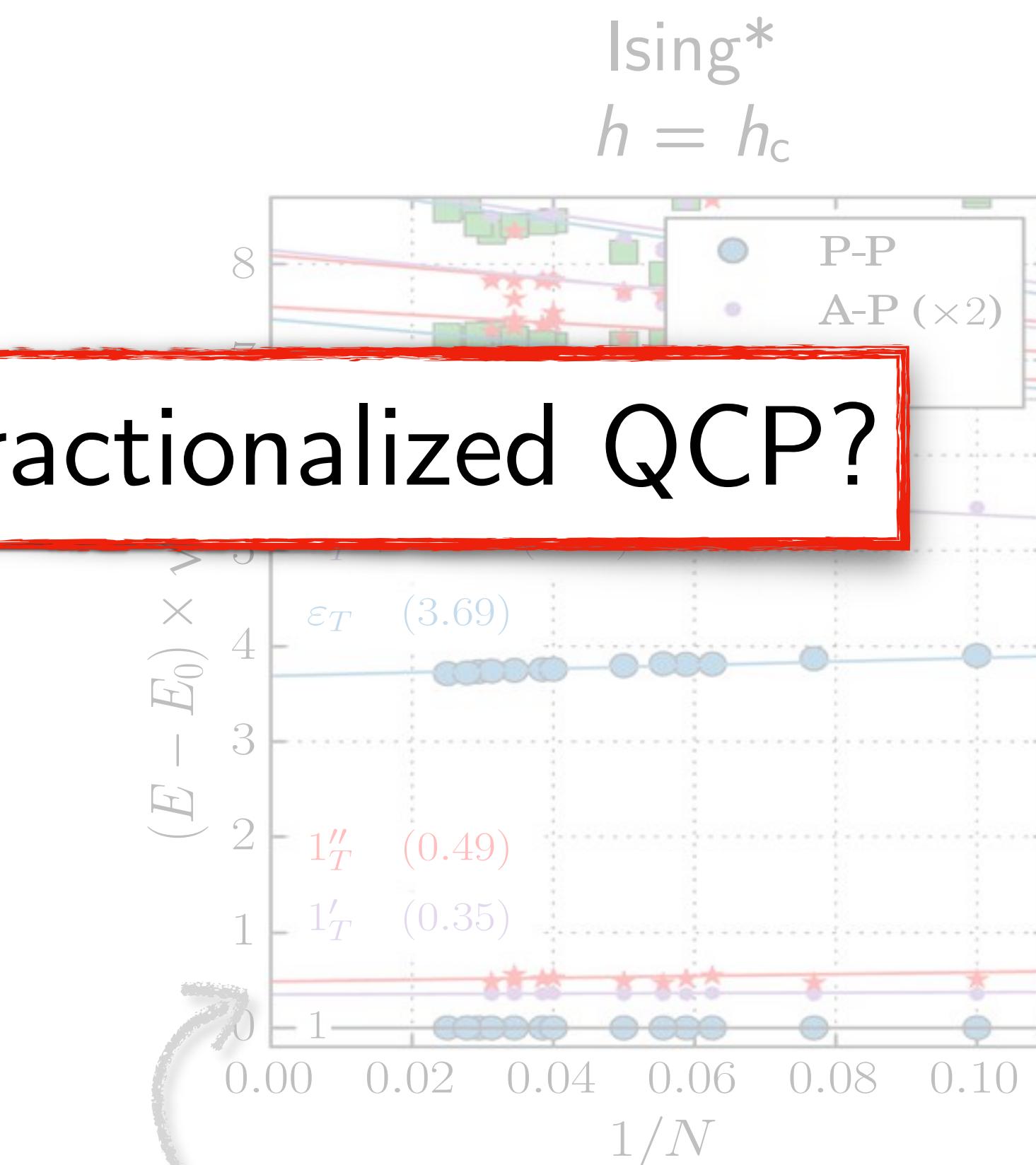
Transverse-field Ising:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



Transverse-field toric code:

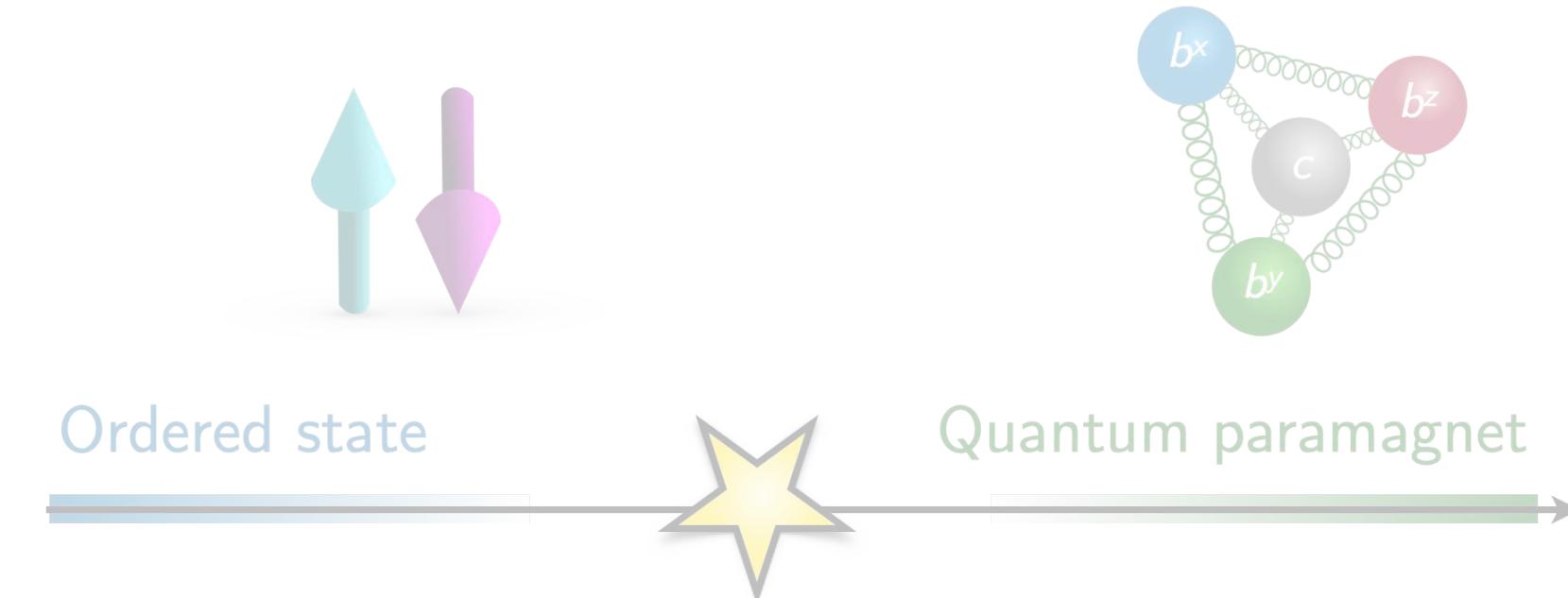
$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



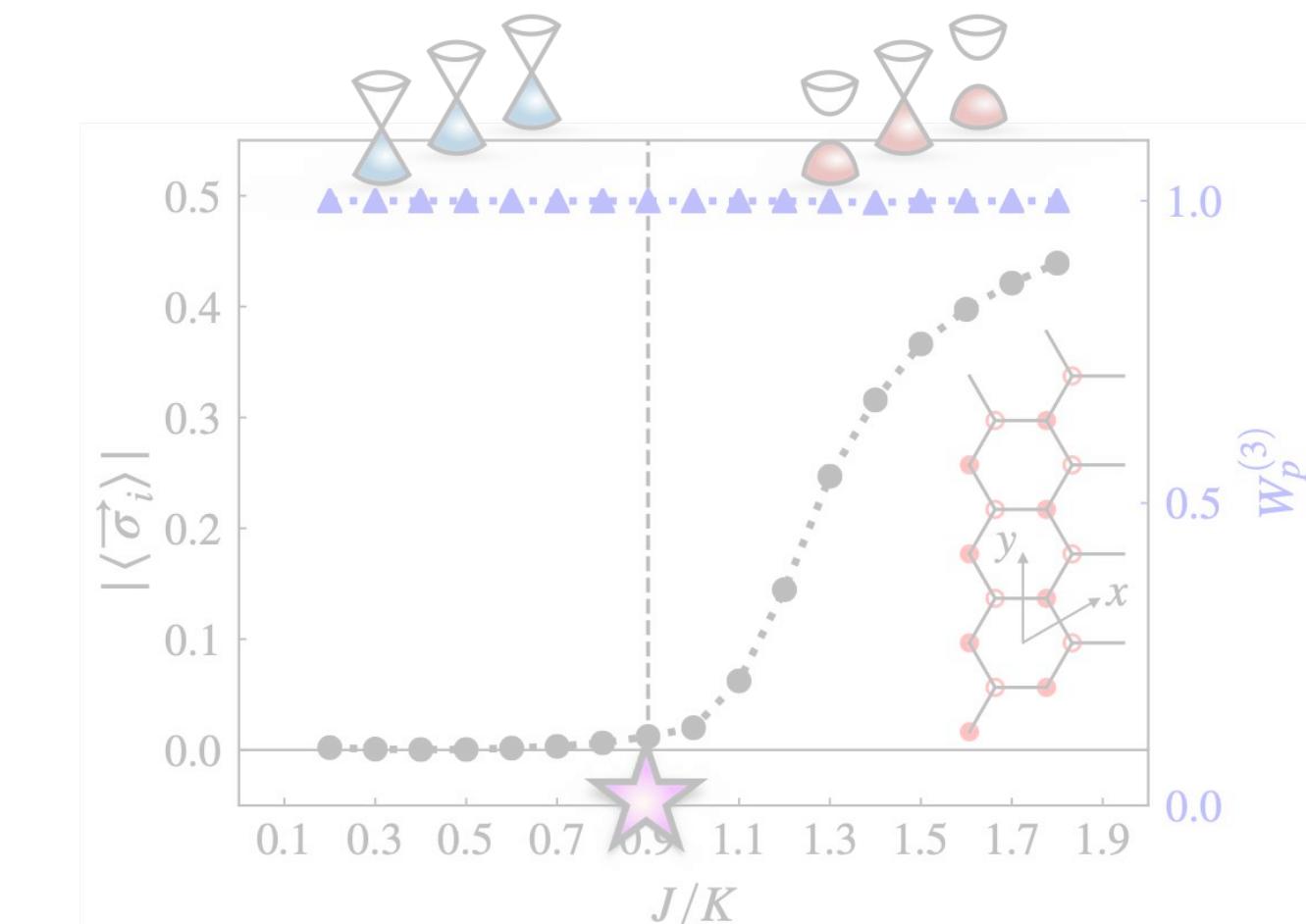
[Schuler, Whitsitt, Henry, Sachdev, Läuchli, PRL '16]

Outline

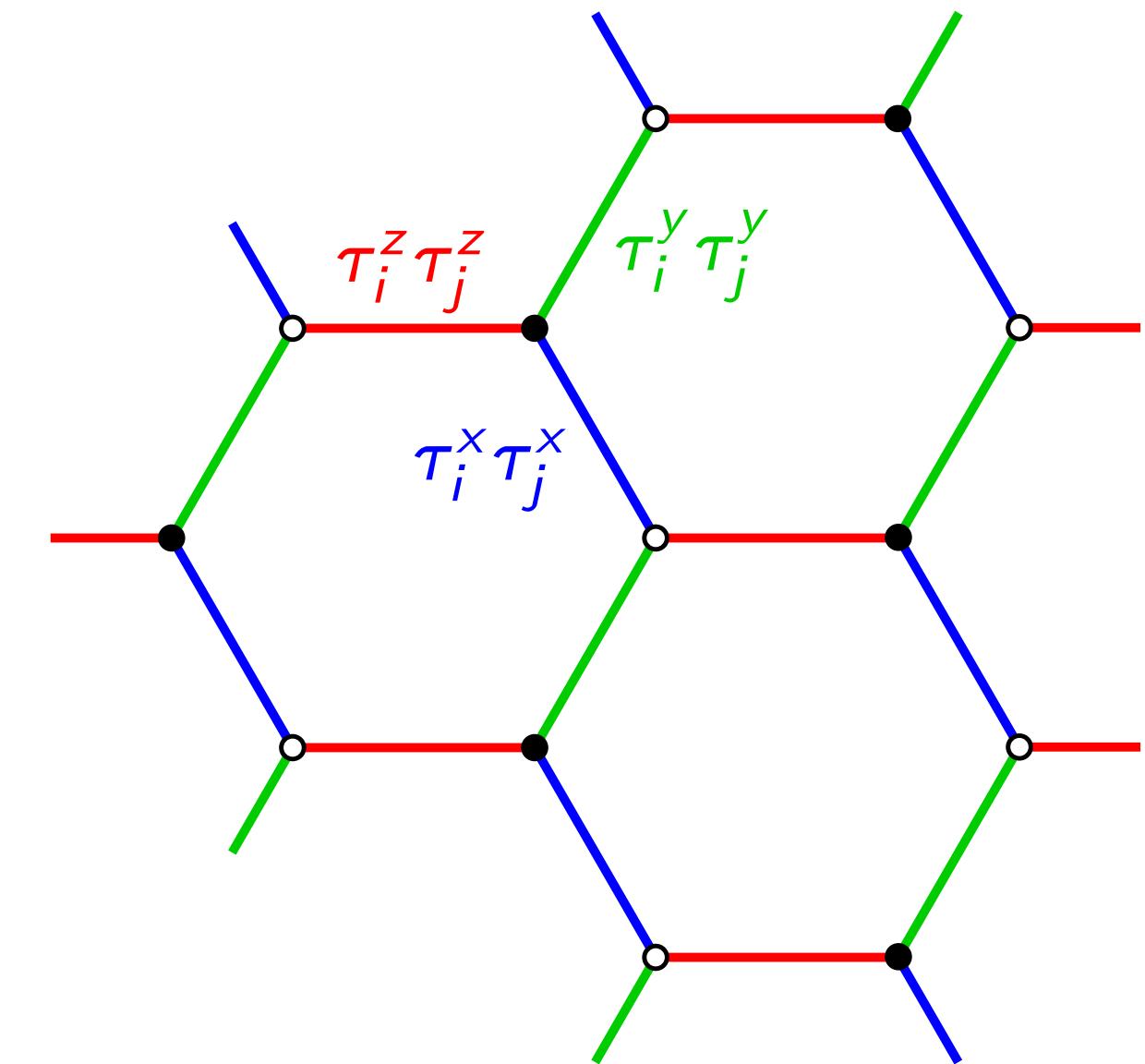
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) From Kitaev to Kitaev-Kugel-Khomskii



(3) Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital models

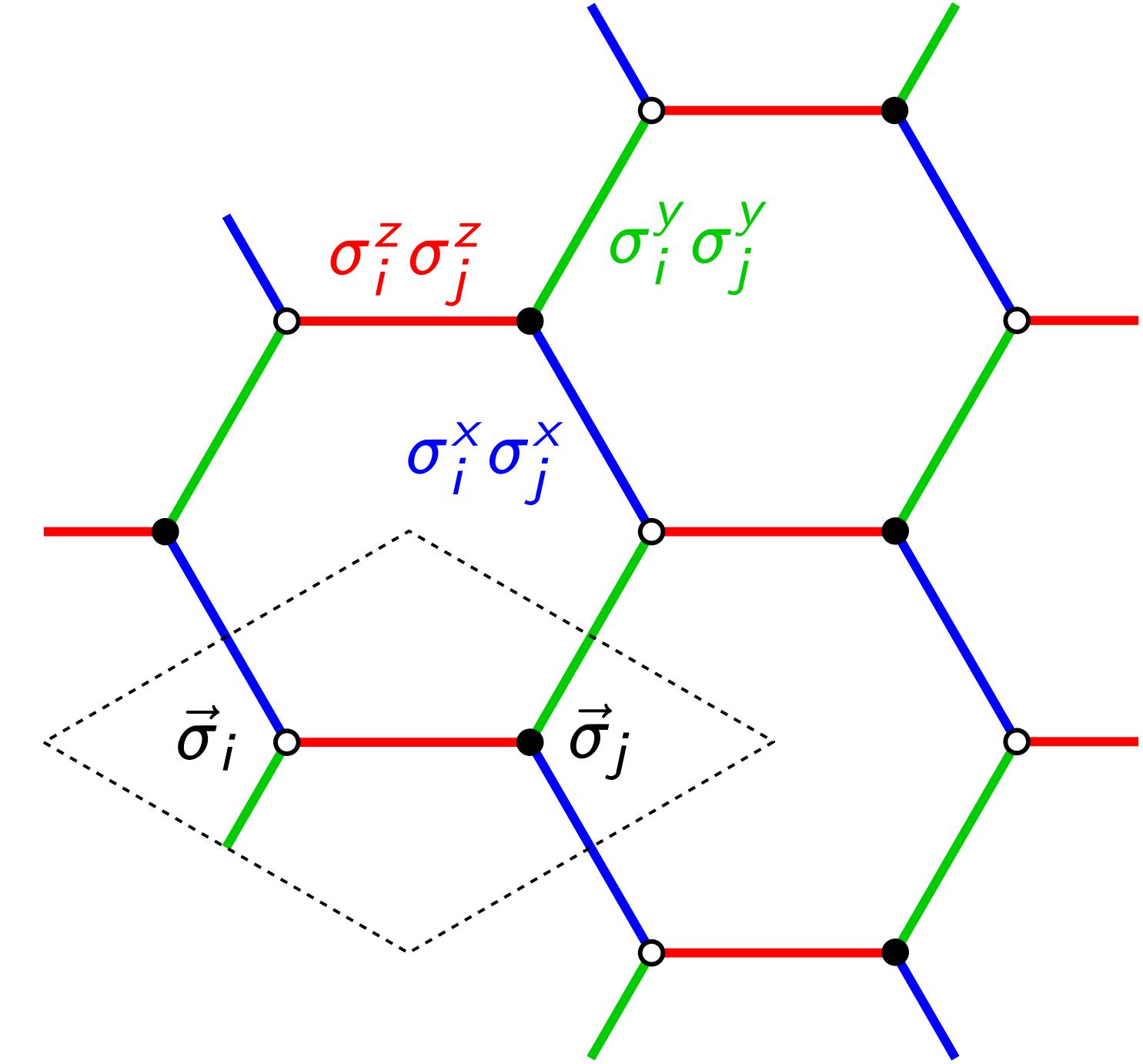


(4) Conclusions

Kitaev spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\text{blue links}} \sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + K \sum_{\text{green links}} \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y + K \sum_{\text{red links}} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$



[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

Kitaev spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

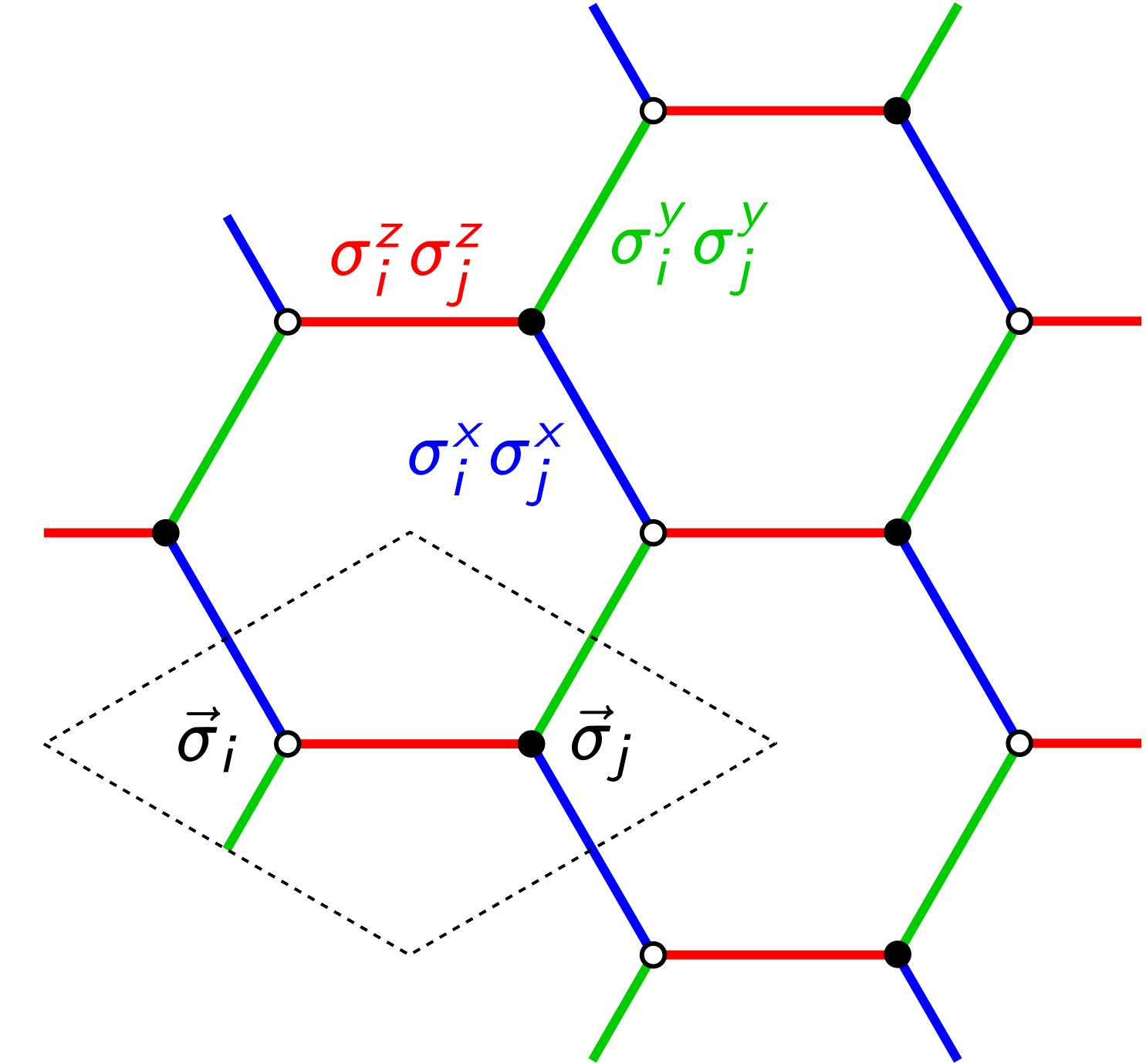
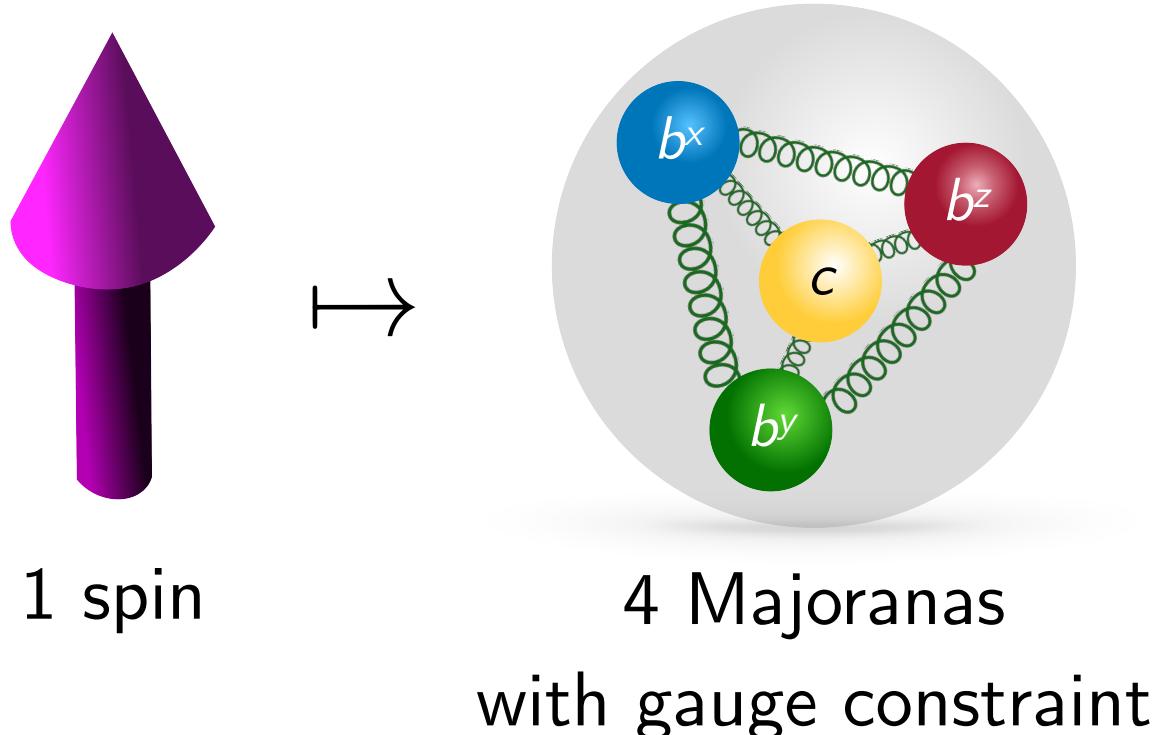
$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\text{blue links}} \sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + K \sum_{\text{green links}} \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y + K \sum_{\text{red links}} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$

Majorana representation:

$$\sigma^x \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^x = i b^x c$$

$$\sigma^y \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^y = i b^y c$$

$$\sigma^z \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^z = i b^z c$$

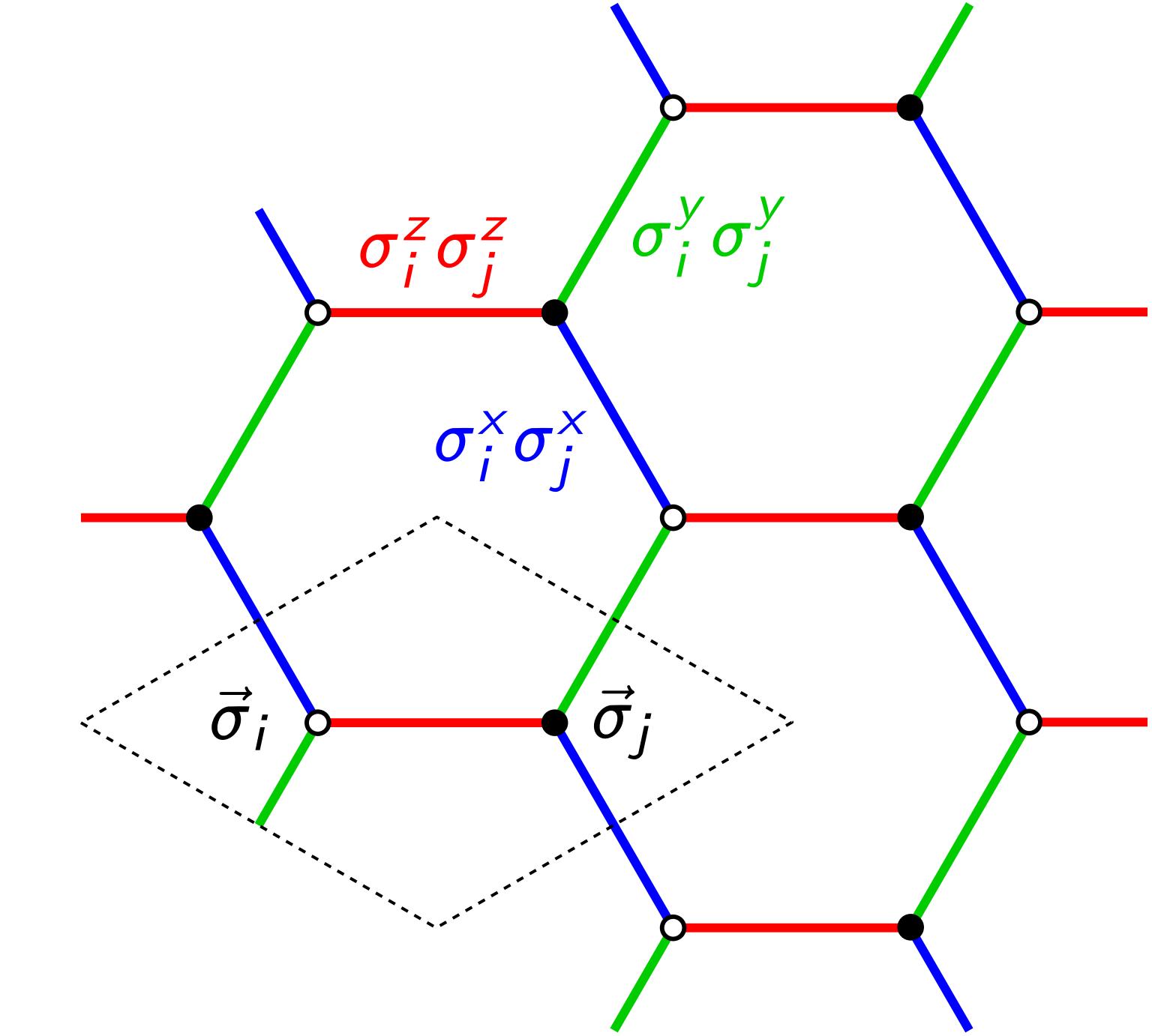


[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

Kitaev spin-1/2 model

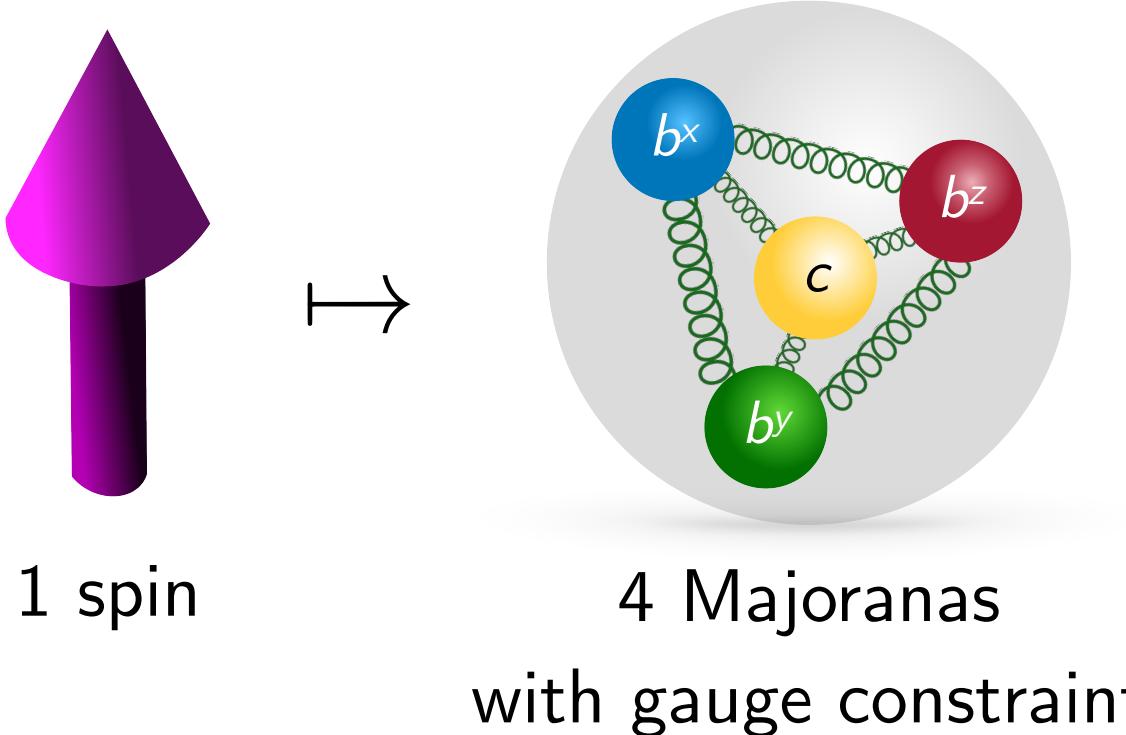
Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\text{blue links}} \sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + K \sum_{\text{green links}} \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y + K \sum_{\text{red links}} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$



Majorana representation:

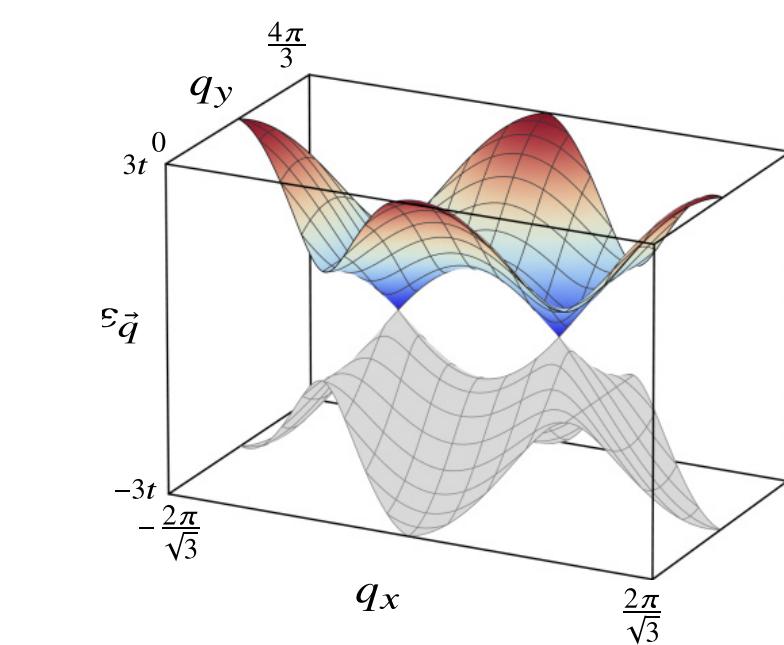
$$\begin{aligned}\sigma^x &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^x = i b^x c \\ \sigma^y &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^y = i b^y c \\ \sigma^z &\mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^z = i b^z c\end{aligned}$$



Fractionalization:

$$\mathcal{H} \mapsto \tilde{\mathcal{H}} = iK \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} (i b_i^\gamma b_j^\gamma)}_{\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} = \hat{u}_{ij}^\dagger} c_i c_j$$

with $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \tilde{\mathcal{H}}] = 0 \Rightarrow$ static \mathbb{Z}_2 gauge field!



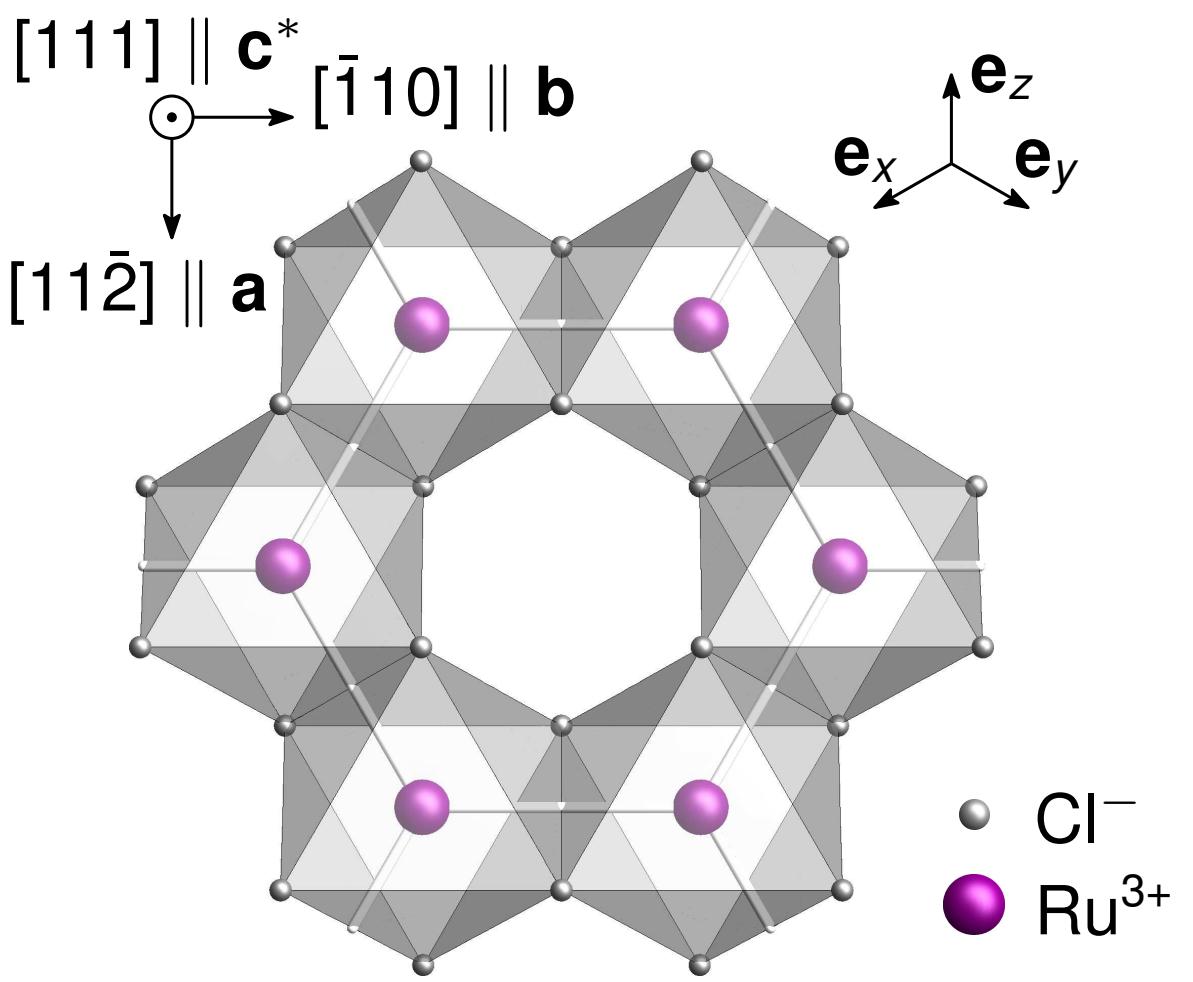
Ground-state flux pattern: $u = 1$
[Lieb, PRL '94]

[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \sigma_i^\gamma \sigma_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j$$



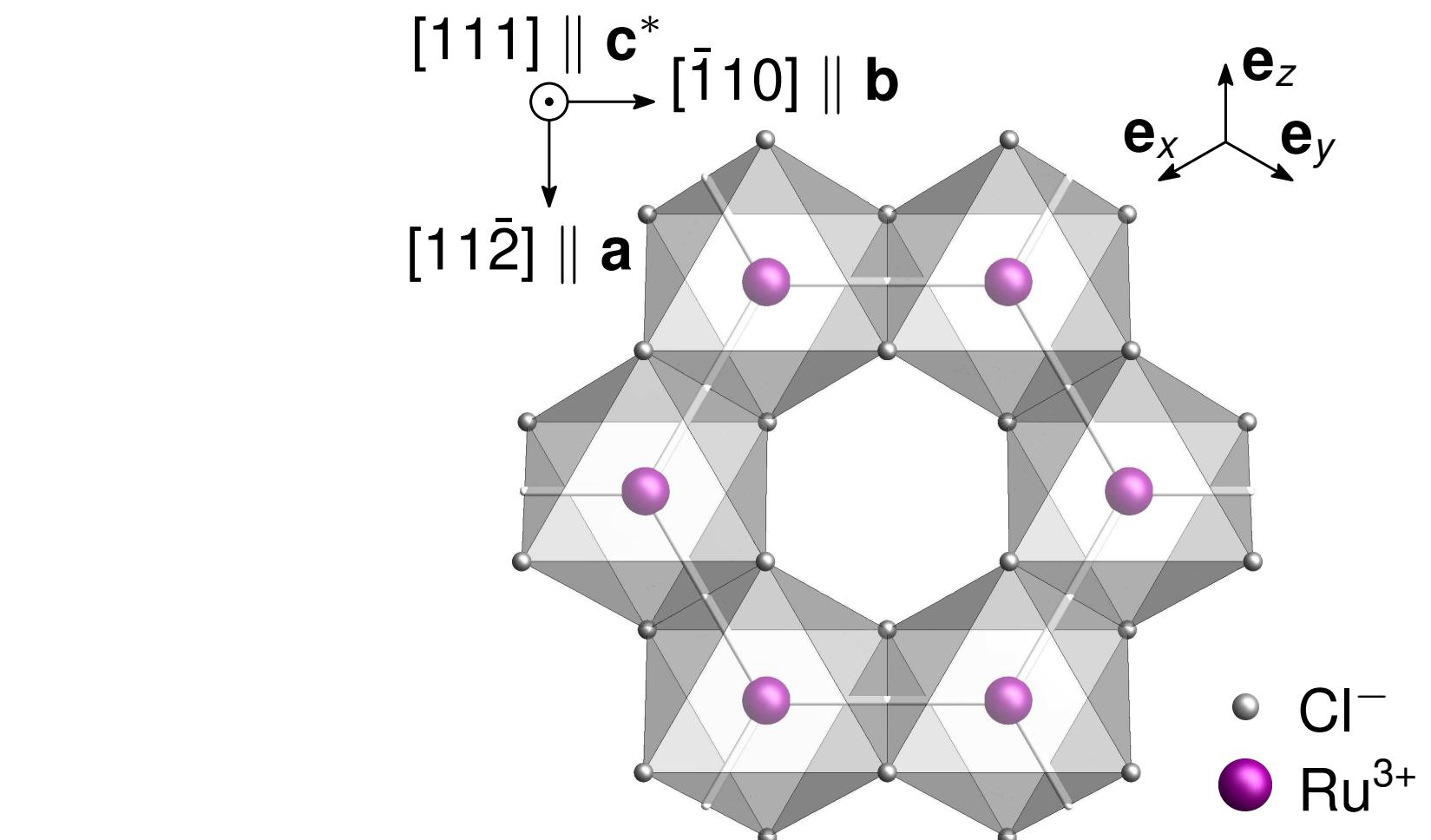
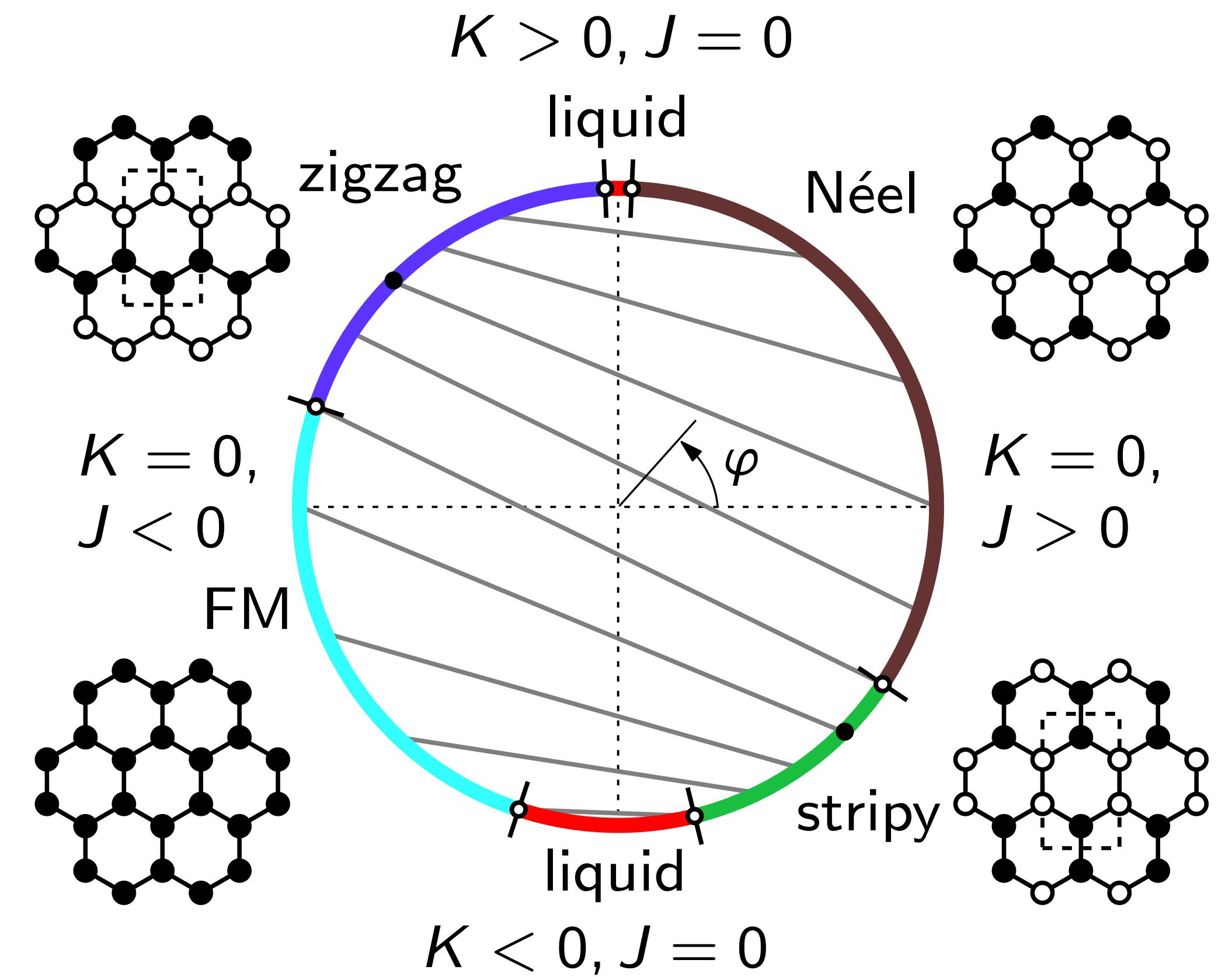
... possible relevance to α -RuCl₃, Na₂IrO₃, Na₂Co₂TeO₆, ...

Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \sigma_i^\gamma \sigma_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j$$

Phase diagram:



... possible relevance to α -RuCl₃, Na₂IrO₃, Na₂Co₂TeO₆, ...

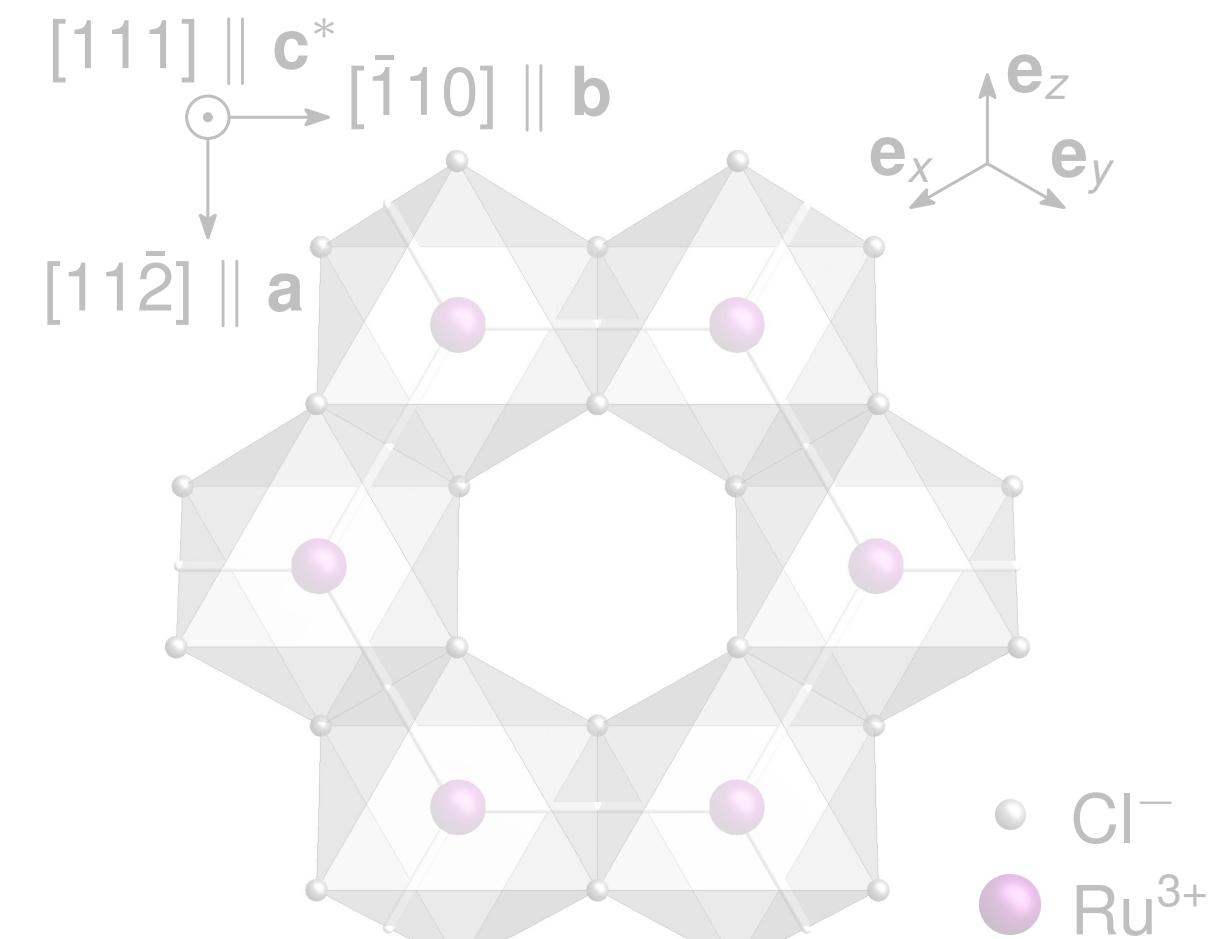
$$J = A \cos \varphi$$
$$K = 2A \sin \varphi$$

... from 24-site ED: [Chaloupka, Jackeli, Khaliullin, PRL '13]

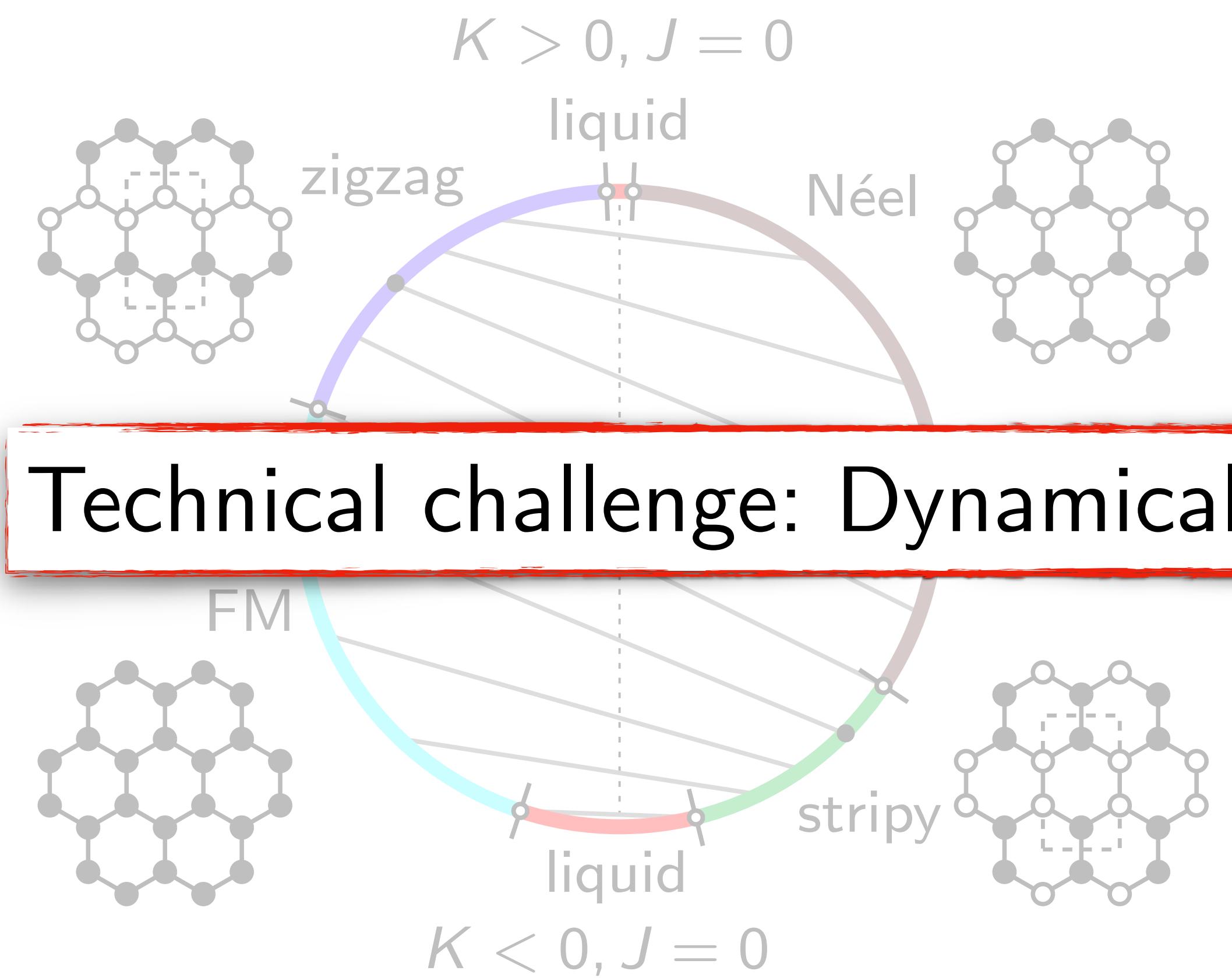
Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \sigma_i^\gamma \sigma_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j$$



Phase diagram:



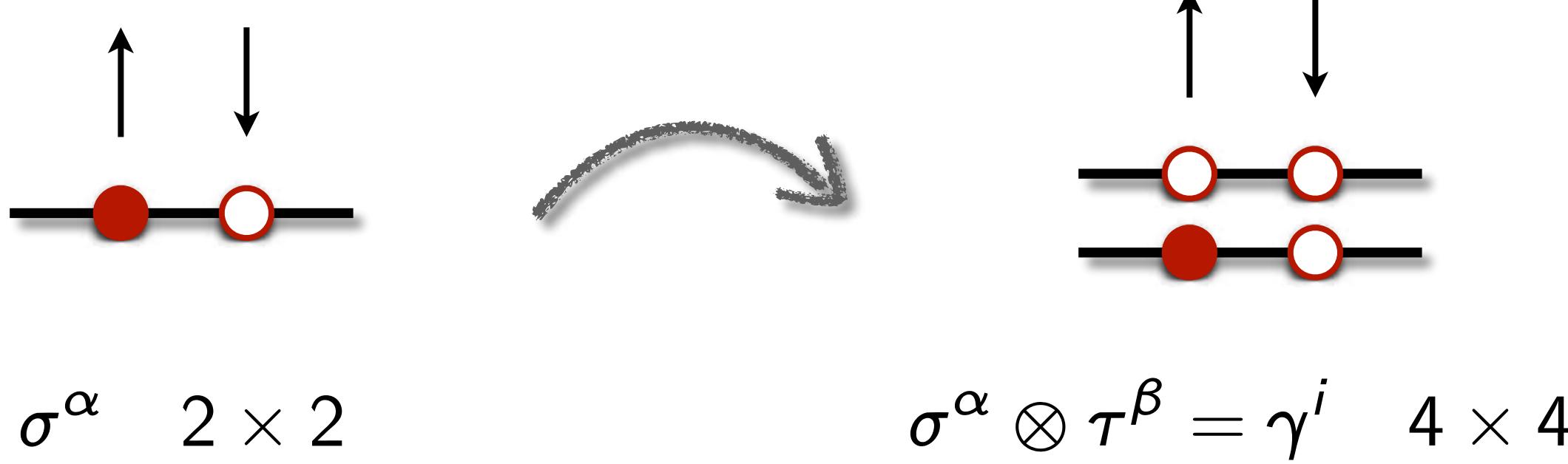
... possible relevance to $\alpha\text{-RuCl}_3$, Na_2IrO_3 , $\text{Na}_2\text{Co}_2\text{TeO}_6$, ...

... no sign-problem-free QMC available: [Sato & Assaad, PRB '21]

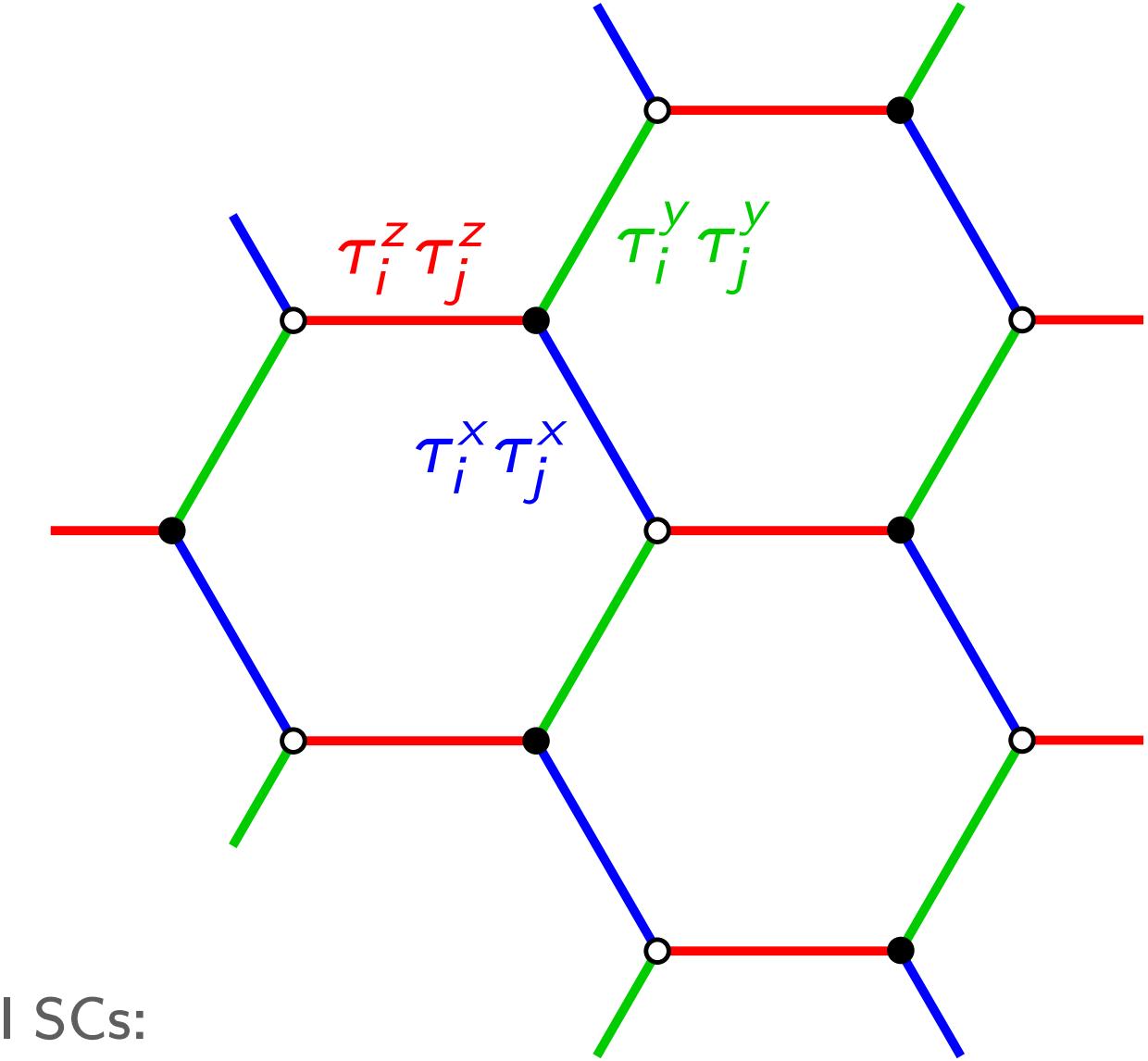
... from 24-site ED: [Chaloupka, Jackeli, Khaliullin, PRL '13]

Kitaev spin-orbital models

Spin-orbital generalization:

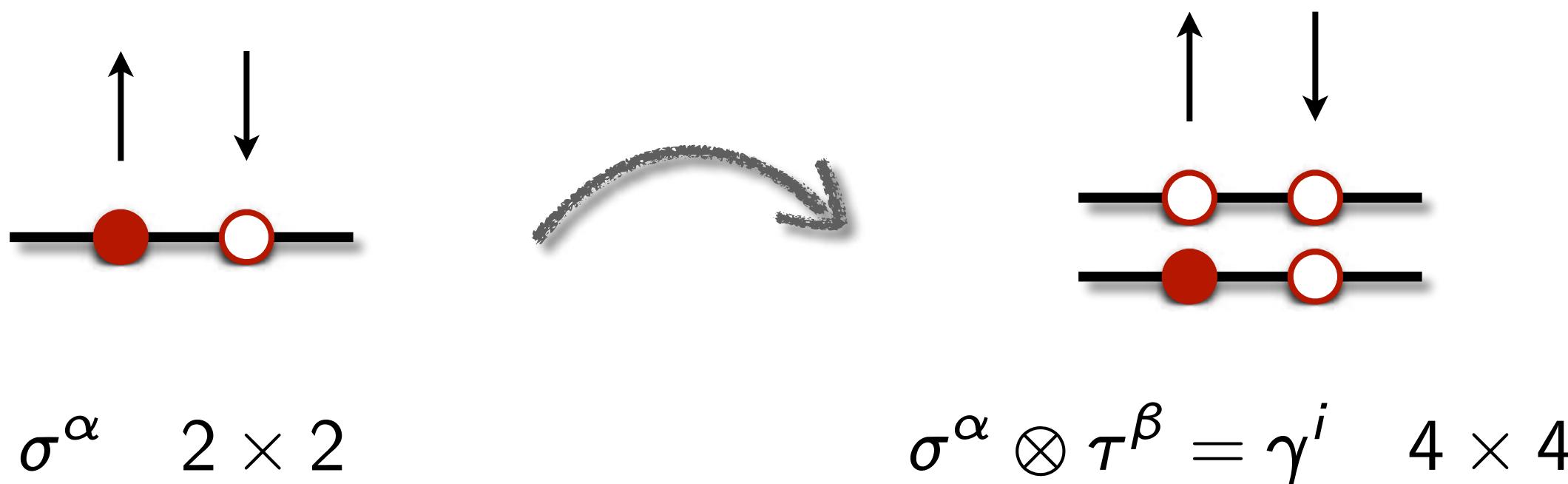


... can realize all 16 topological SCs:
[Chulliparambil, et al., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]

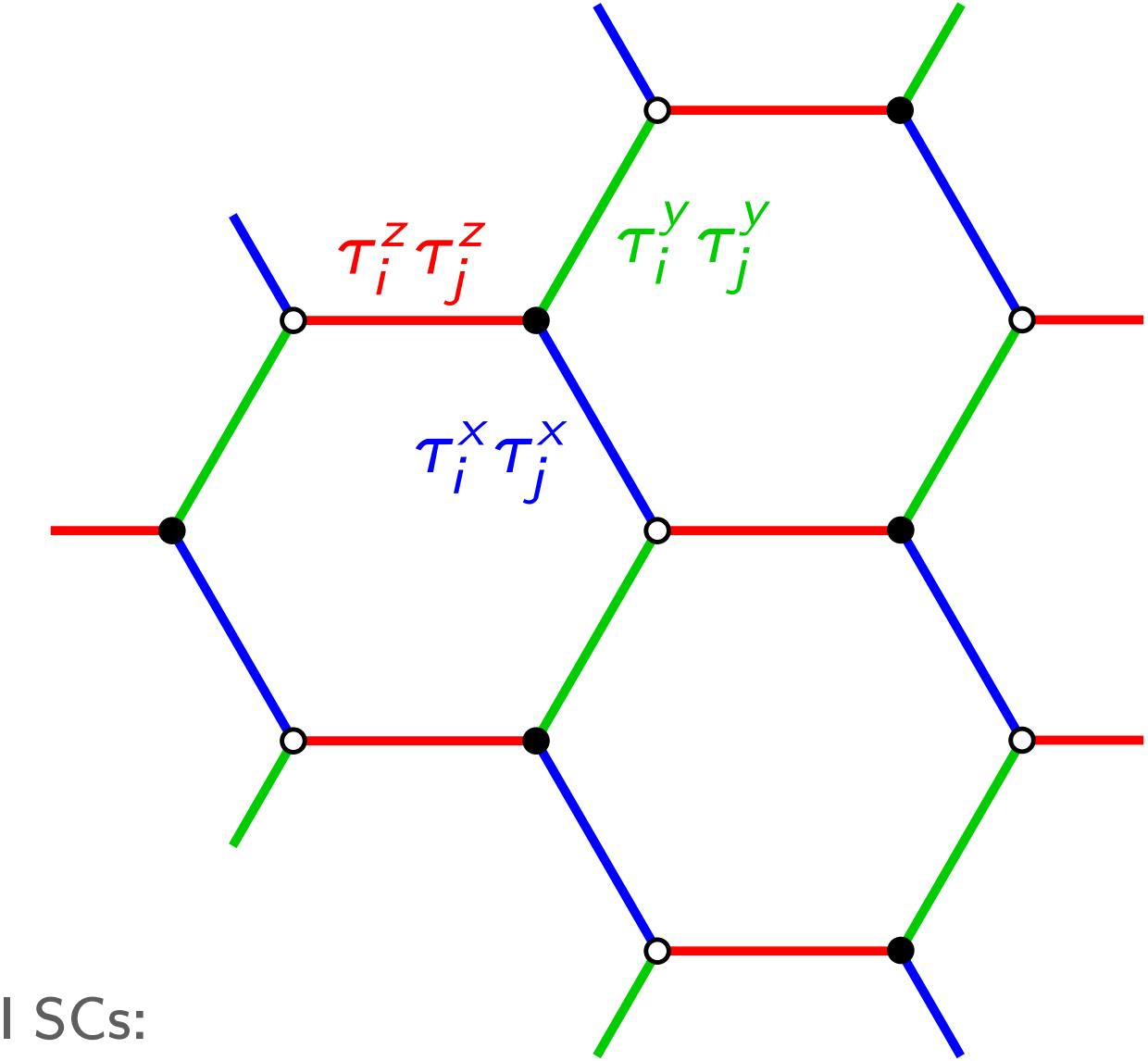


Kitaev spin-orbital models

Spin-orbital generalization:



... can realize all 16 topological SCs:
[Chulliparambil, et al., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]



Hamiltonian:

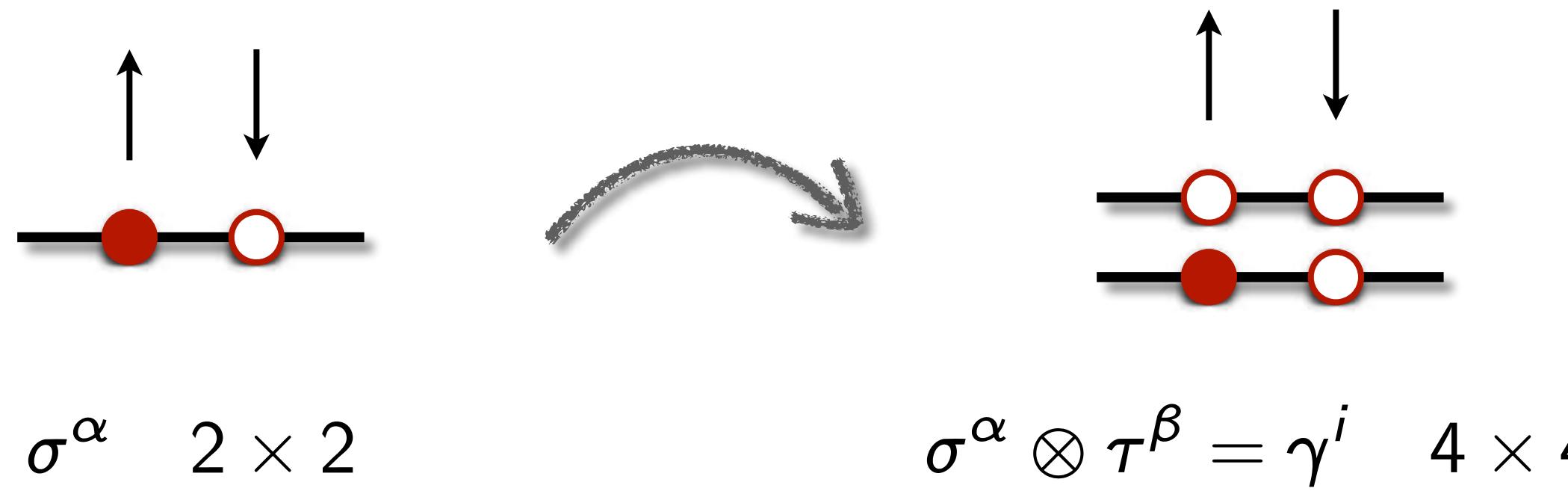
$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma$$

Heisenberg spin

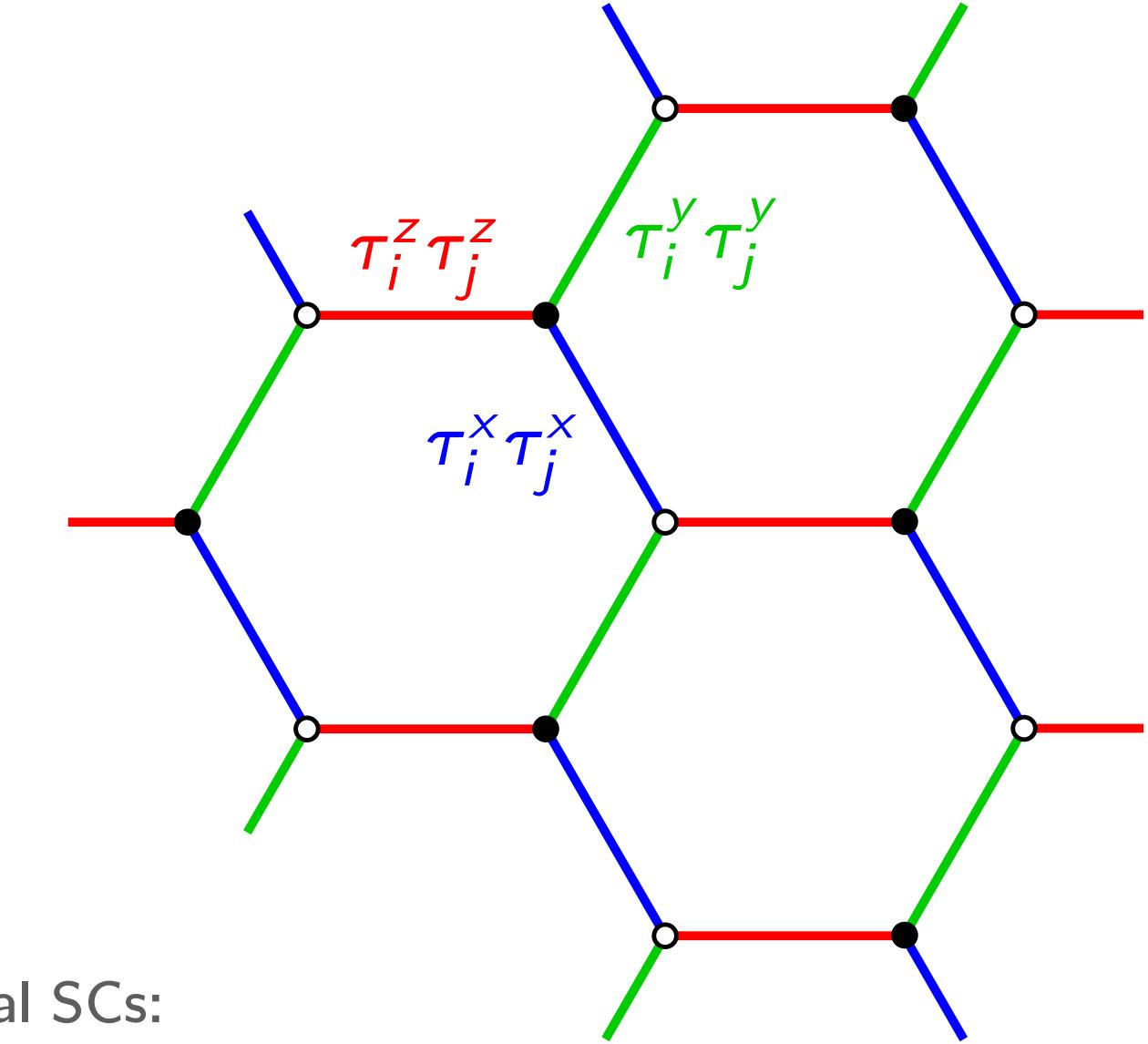
Kitaev orbital

Kitaev spin-orbital models

Spin-orbital generalization:



... can realize all 16 topological SCs:
 [Chulliparambil, et al., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]



Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma$$

Heisenberg spin Kitaev orbital

Majorana representation:

$$\sigma^y \otimes \tau^x = i b^1 c^x$$

$$\sigma^y \otimes \tau^y = i b^2 c^x$$

$$\sigma^y \otimes \tau^z = i b^3 c^x$$

$$\sigma^x \otimes 1 = i c^y c^x$$

$$\sigma^z \otimes 1 = i c^z c^x$$

Fractionalization:

$$\mathcal{H} \mapsto \tilde{\mathcal{H}} = iK \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \hat{u}_{ij} c_i^\top c_j$$

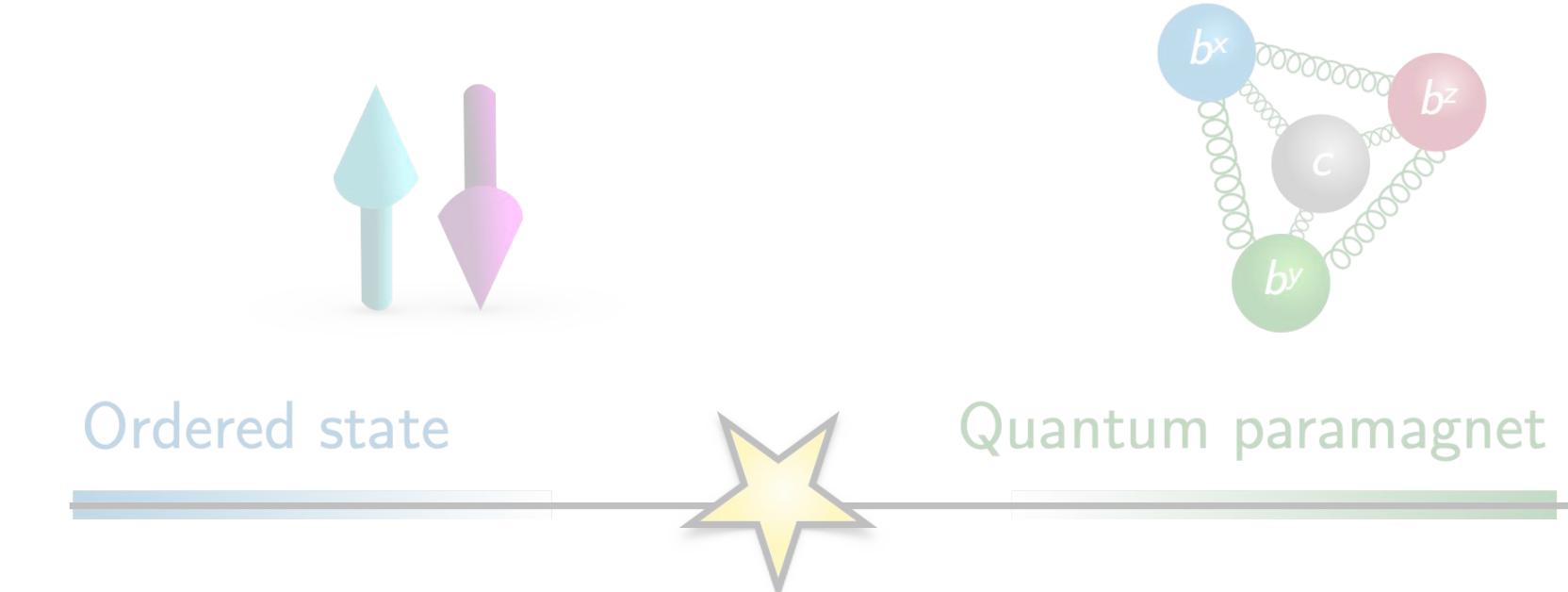
$$\text{with } [\hat{u}_{ij}, \tilde{\mathcal{H}}] = 0$$

$$c \equiv \begin{pmatrix} c^x \\ c^y \\ c^z \end{pmatrix}$$

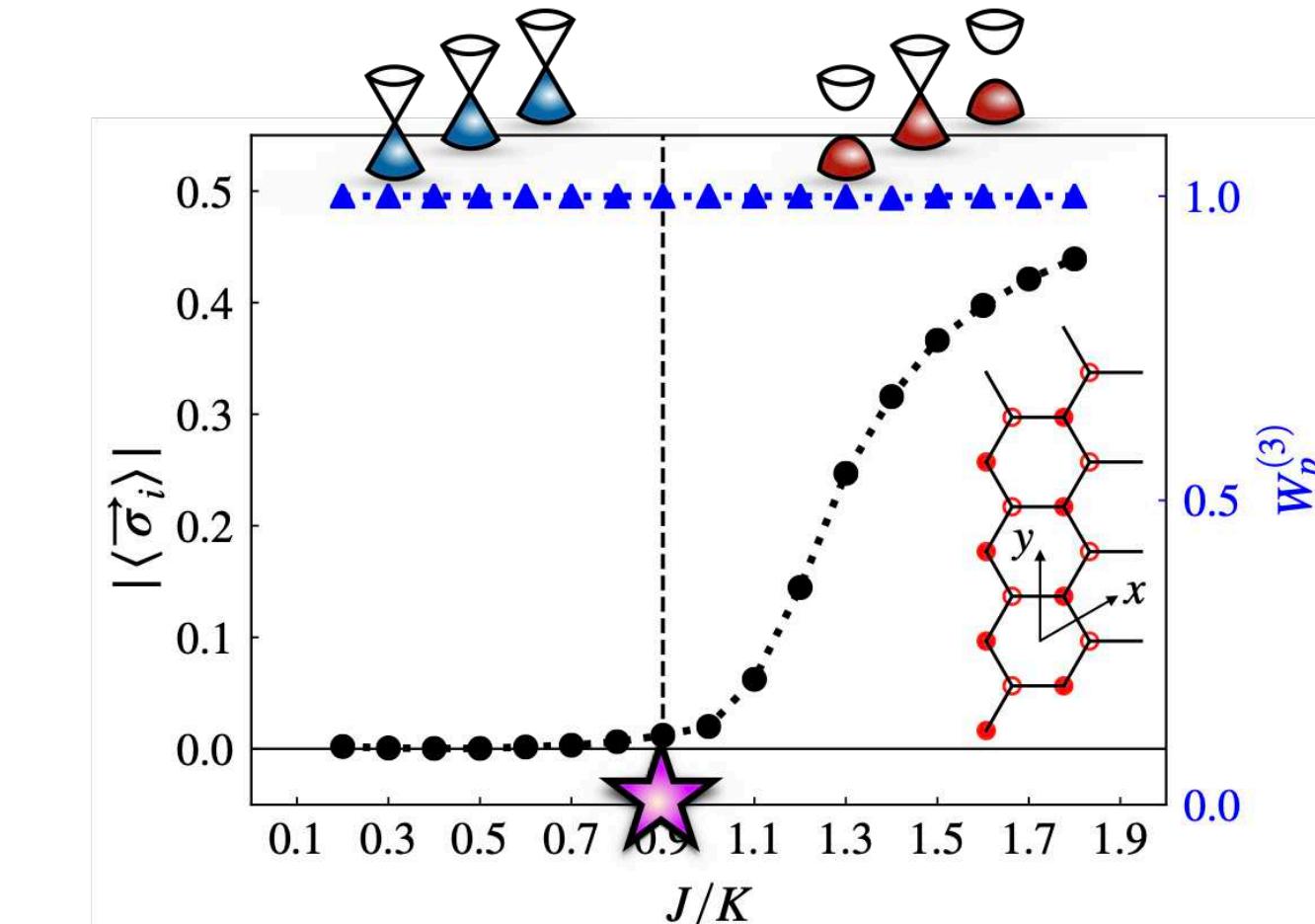
... cf. also [Yao & Lee, PRL '11]

Outline

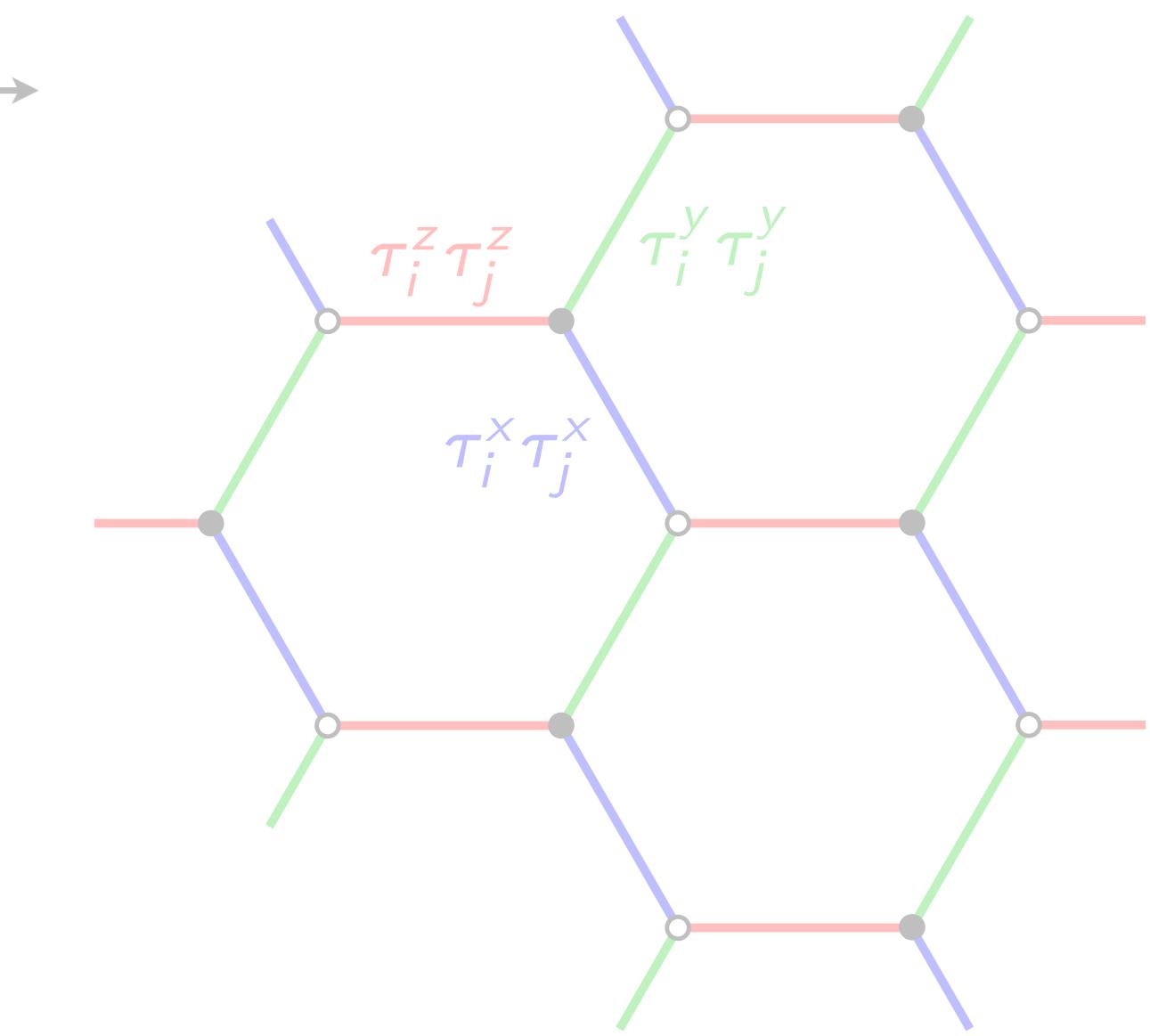
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) From Kitaev to Kitaev-Kugel-Khomskii



(3) Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital models



(4) Conclusions

Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \underbrace{\vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j}_{\mapsto \frac{1}{4} (\vec{L} c_i^\top) \cdot (\vec{L} c_j)}$$

spin-1 matrices

with $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \mathcal{H}] = 0$ still static!

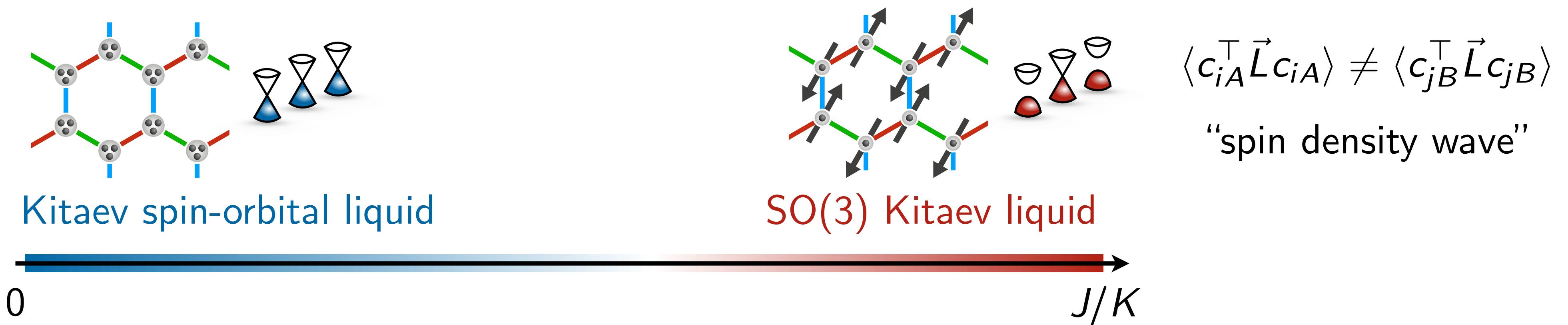
Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \underbrace{\vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j}_{\mapsto \frac{1}{4} (\vec{c}_i^\top \vec{L} \vec{c}_i) \cdot (\vec{c}_j^\top \vec{L} \vec{c}_j)} \xrightarrow{\text{spin-1 matrices}}$$

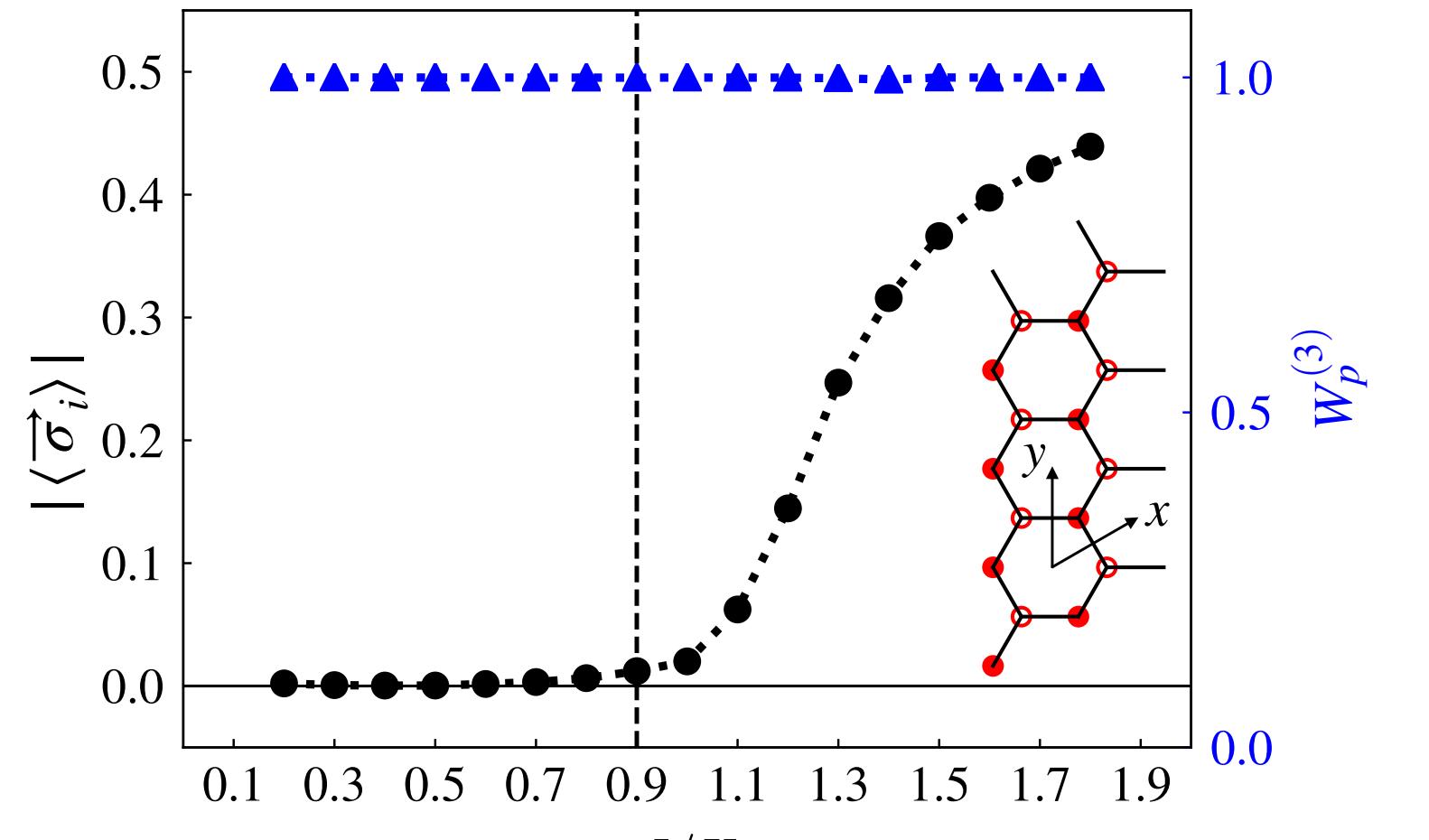
with $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \mathcal{H}] = 0$ still static!

Phase diagram:



Gross-Neveu-SO(3)* transition

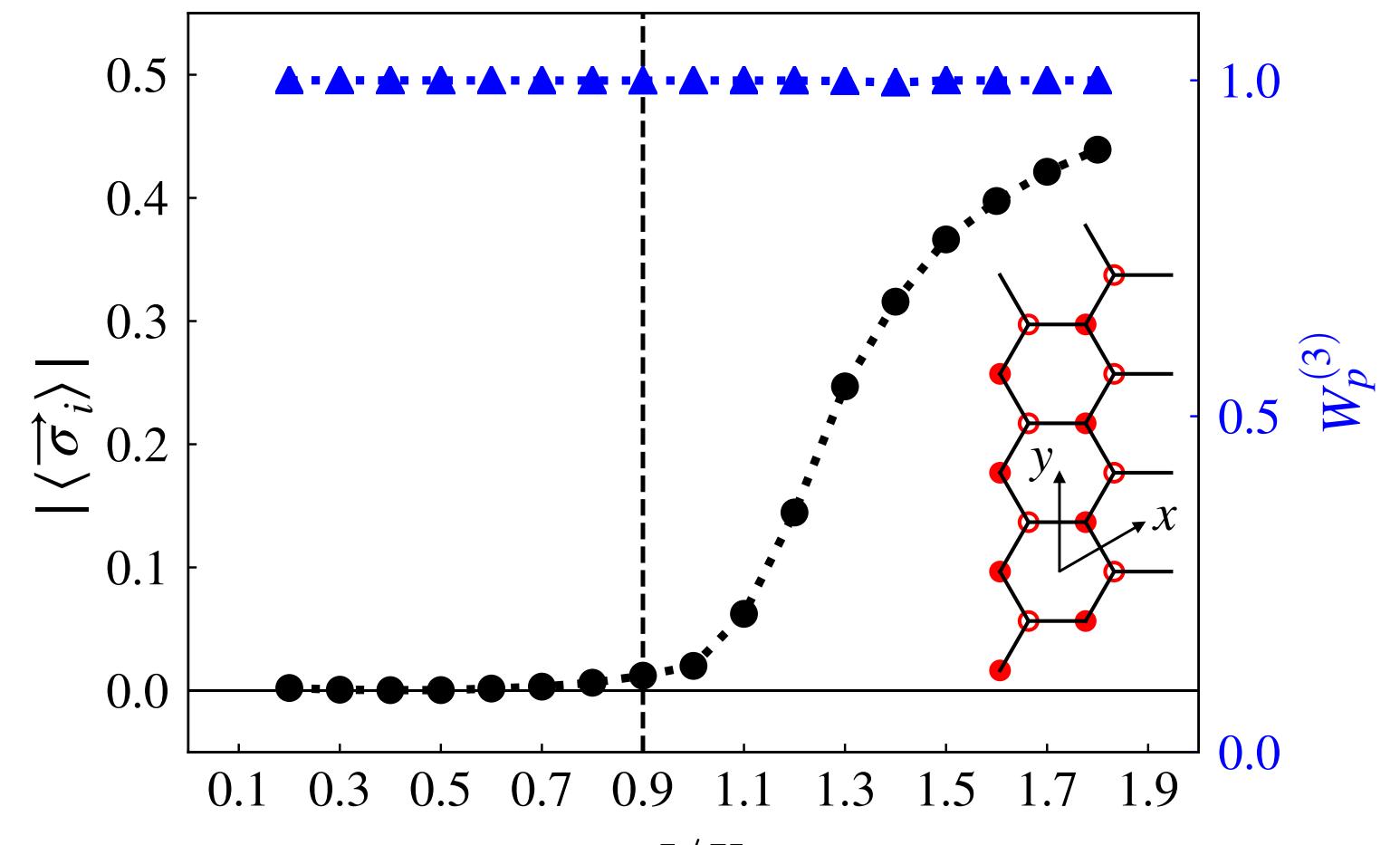
iDMRG:



... on cylinder with $L_y = 4$ unit cells

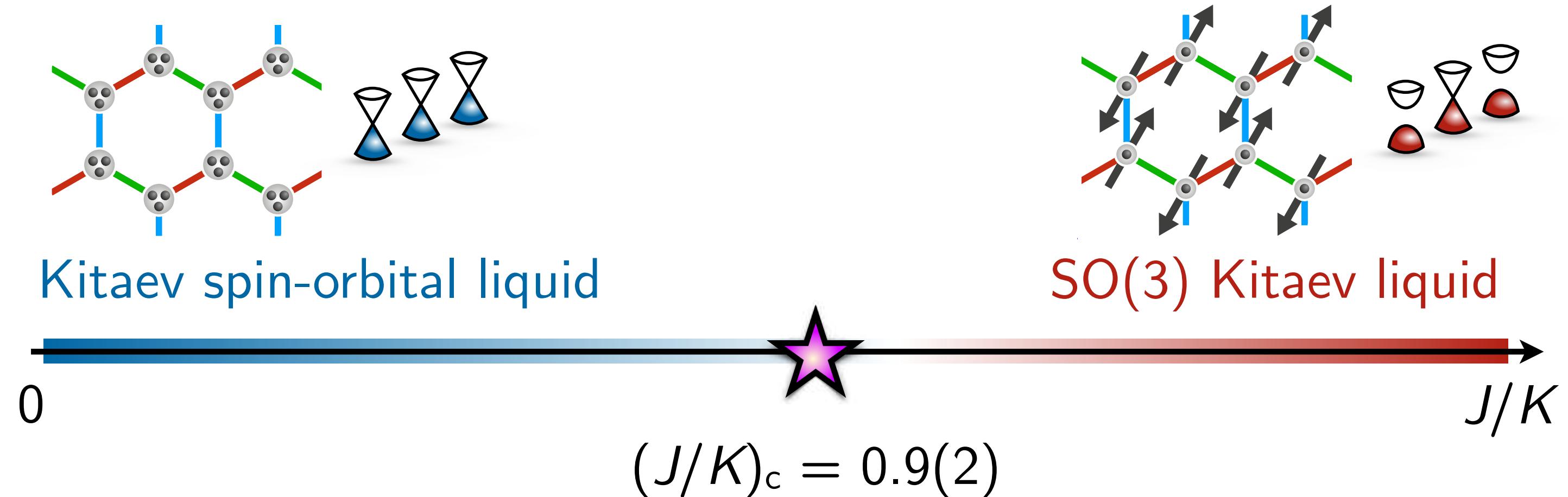
Gross-Neveu-SO(3)* transition

iDMRG:



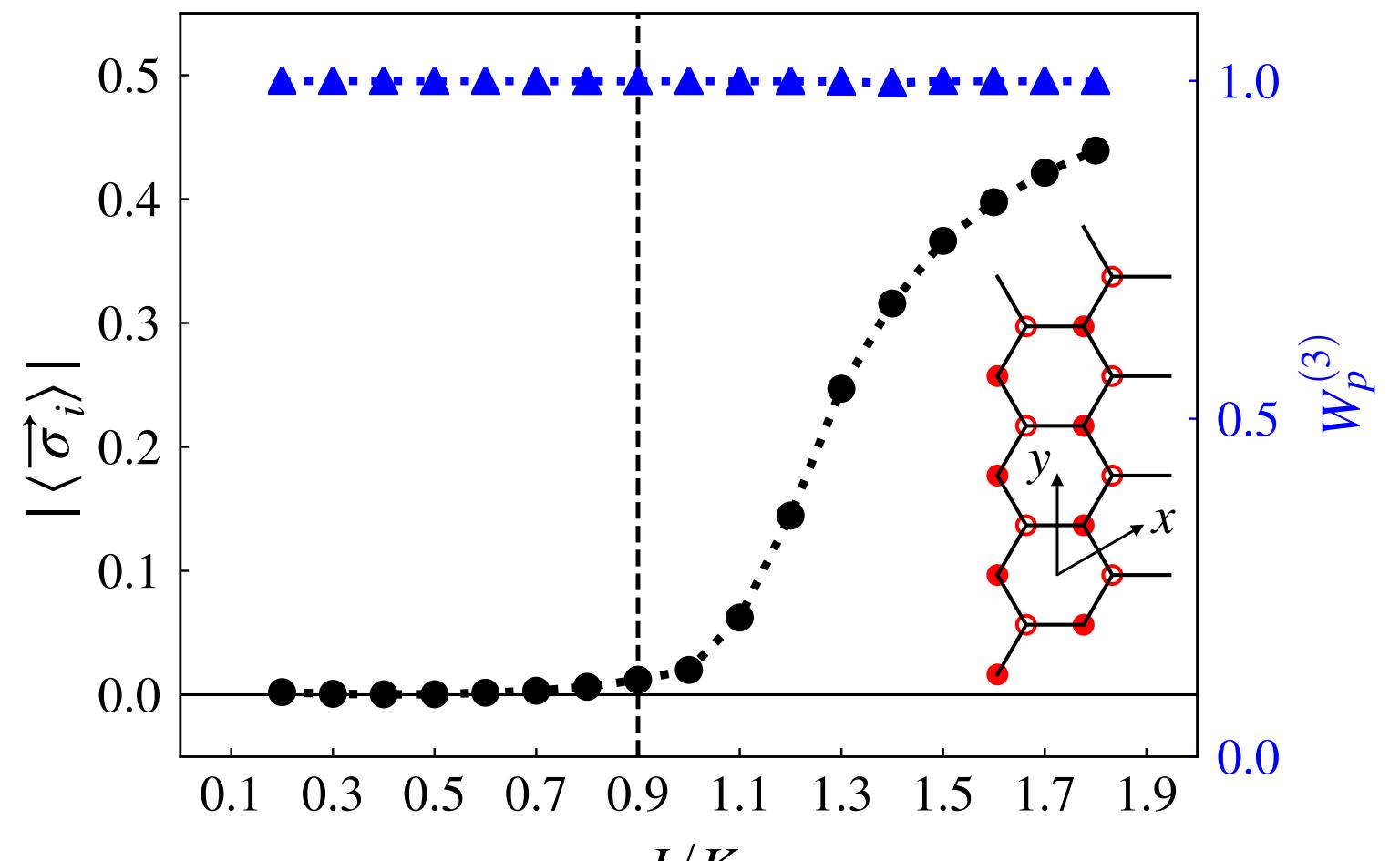
... on cylinder with $L_y = 4$ unit cells

Phase diagram:



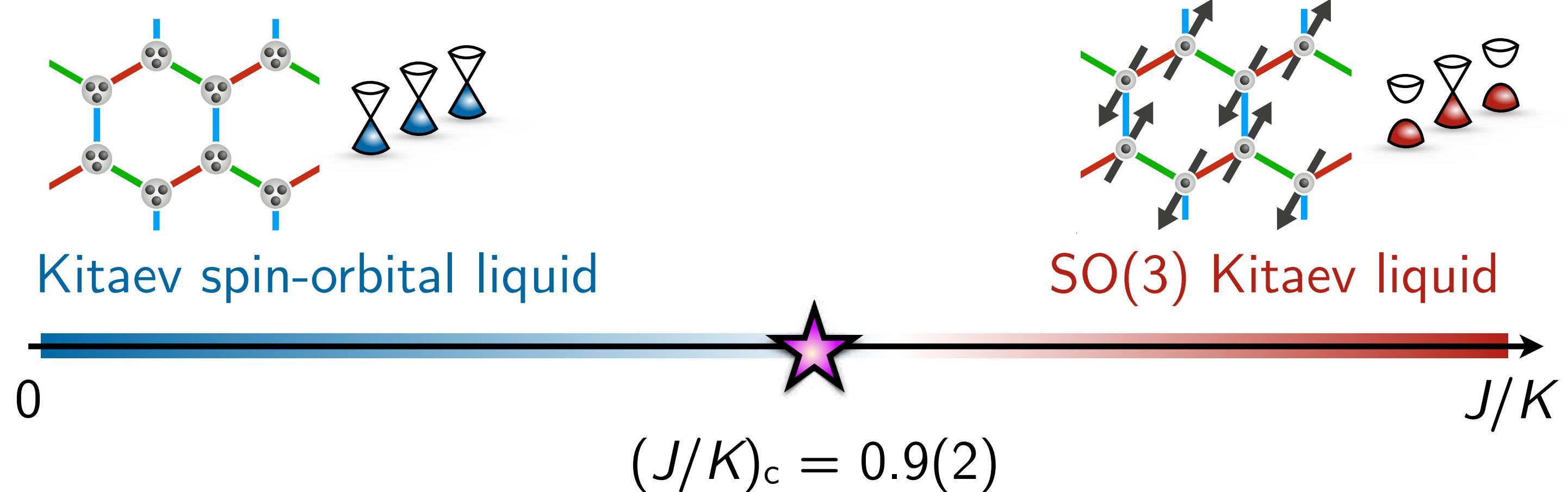
Gross-Neveu-SO(3)* transition

iDMRG:



... on cylinder with $L_y = 4$ unit cells

Phase diagram:



Effective field theory:

$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x} d\tau \left\{ \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu \psi + u [\bar{\psi} (\mathbb{1}_2 \otimes \vec{L}) \psi]^2 \right\}$$

"Gross-Neveu-SO(3)"

[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

Gross-Neveu-SO(3) criticality

Field theory:

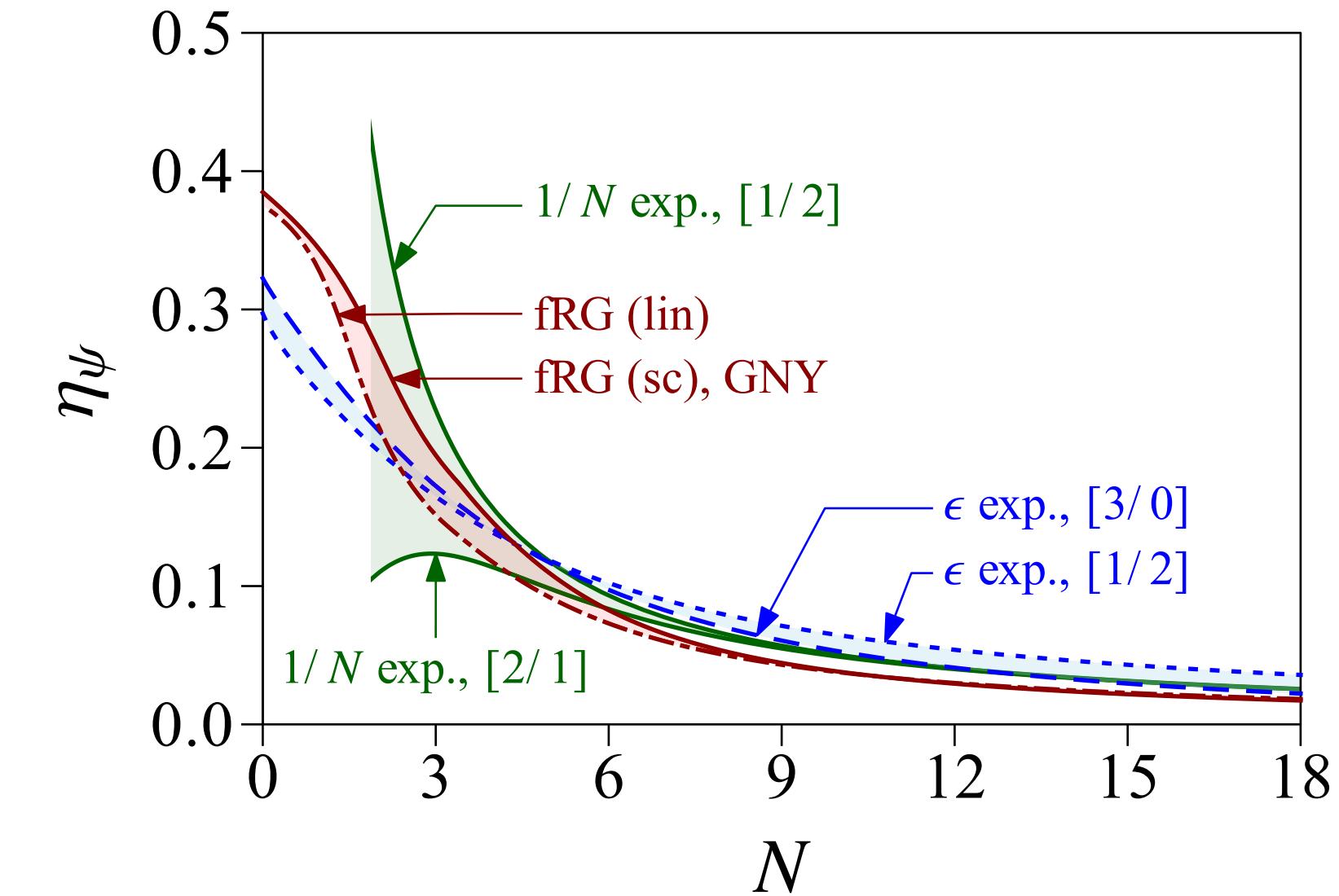
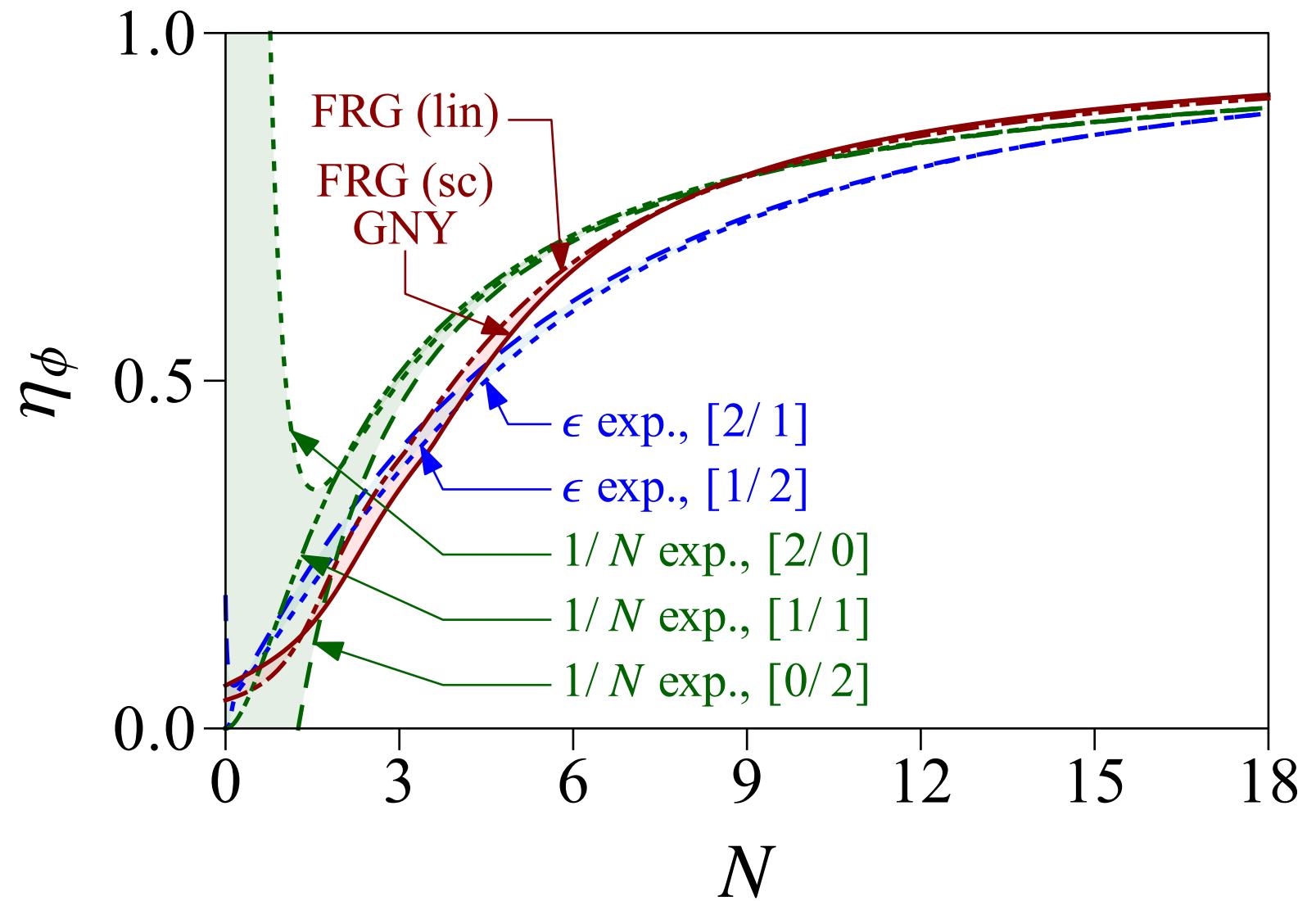
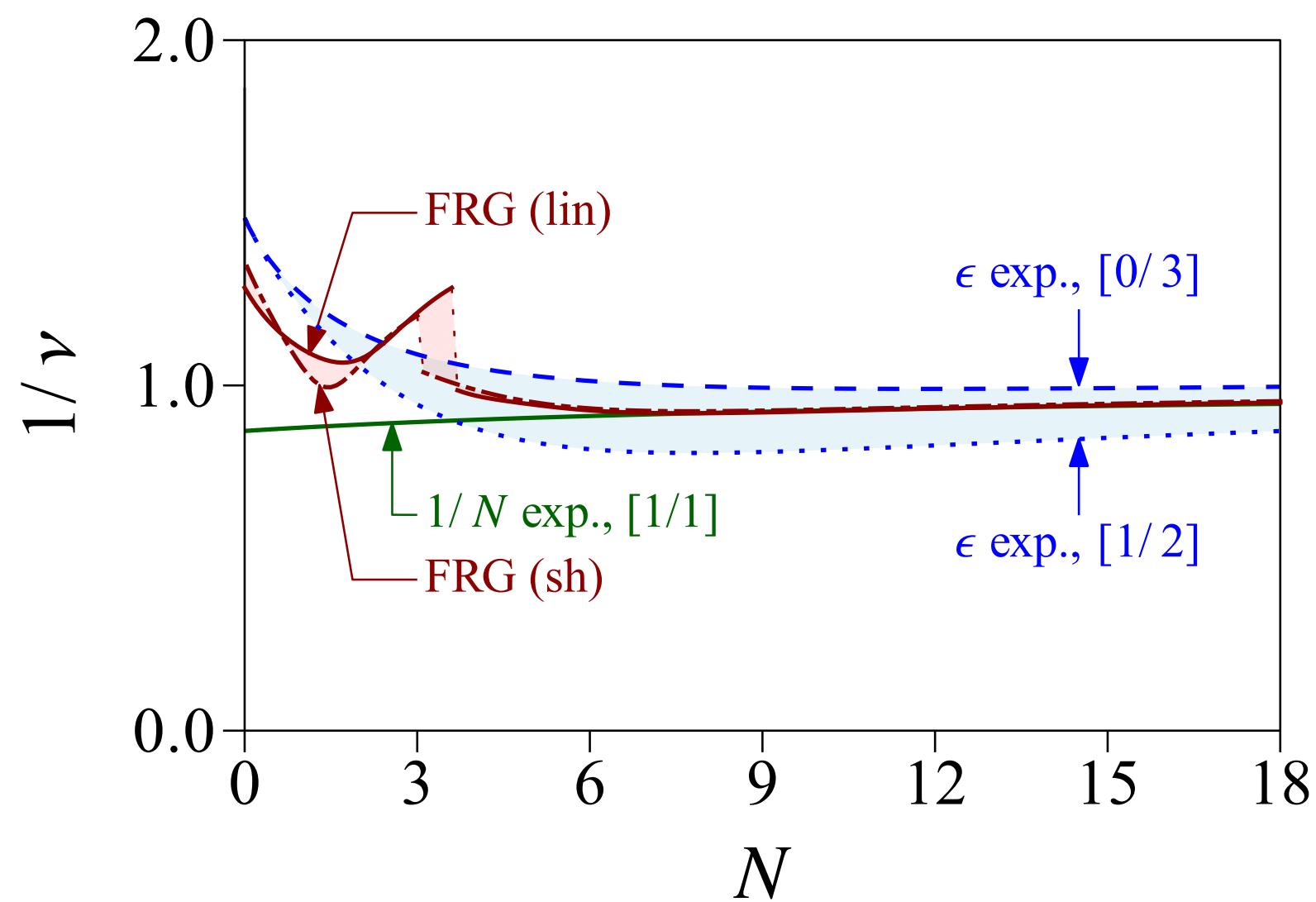
$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x}d\tau \left[\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu\psi + g\vec{\varphi}\cdot\bar{\psi}(1_2 \otimes \vec{L})\psi + \frac{1}{2}\vec{\varphi}(-\partial_\mu^2 + m^2)\vec{\varphi} + \lambda(\vec{\varphi}\cdot\vec{\varphi})^2 \right]$$

Gross-Neveu-SO(3) criticality

Field theory:

$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x}d\tau \left[\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu\psi + g\vec{\varphi}\cdot\bar{\psi}(1_2 \otimes \vec{L})\psi + \frac{1}{2}\vec{\varphi}(-\partial_\mu^2 + m^2)\vec{\varphi} + \lambda(\vec{\varphi}\cdot\vec{\varphi})^2 \right]$$

Critical exponents:



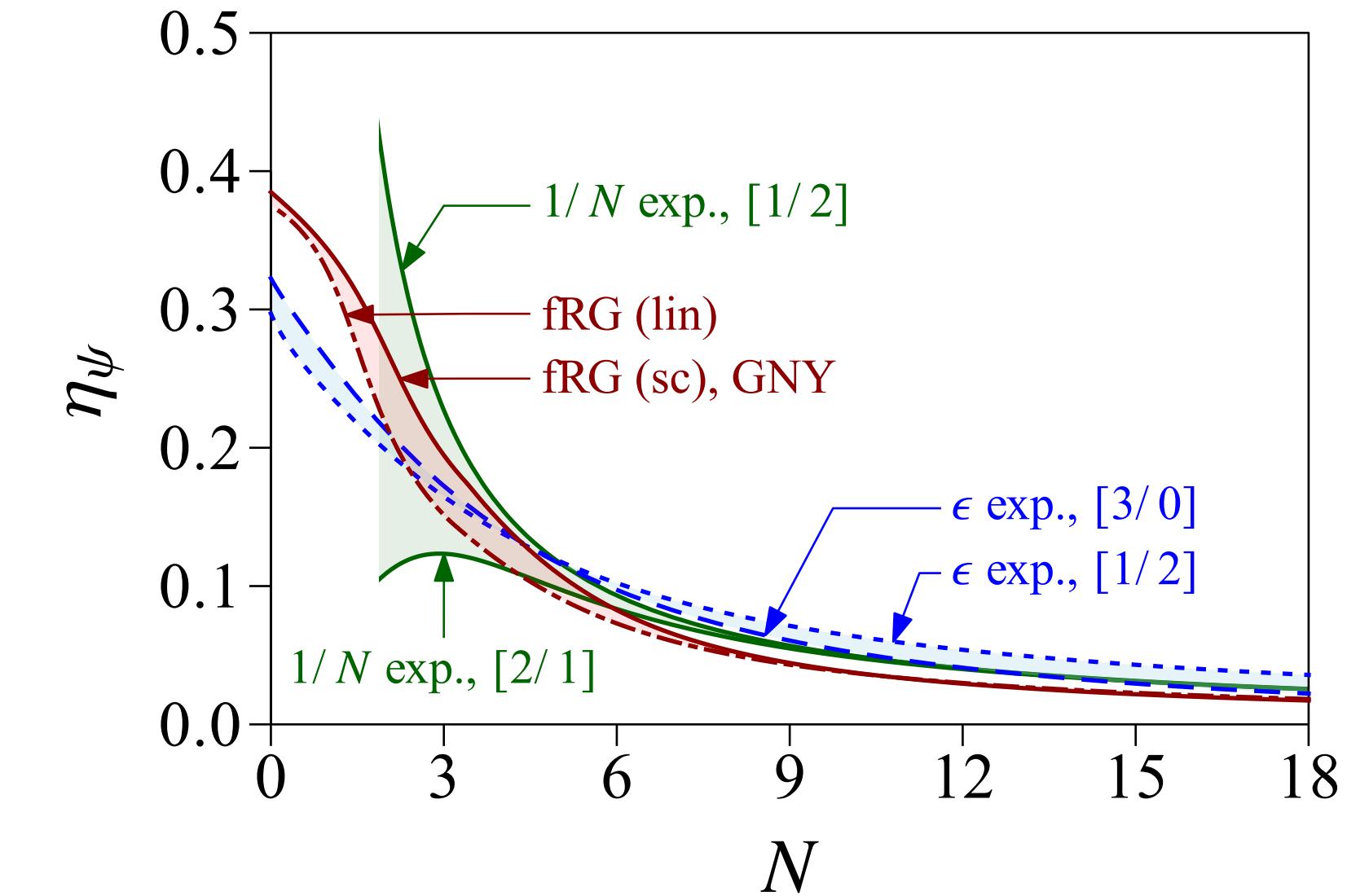
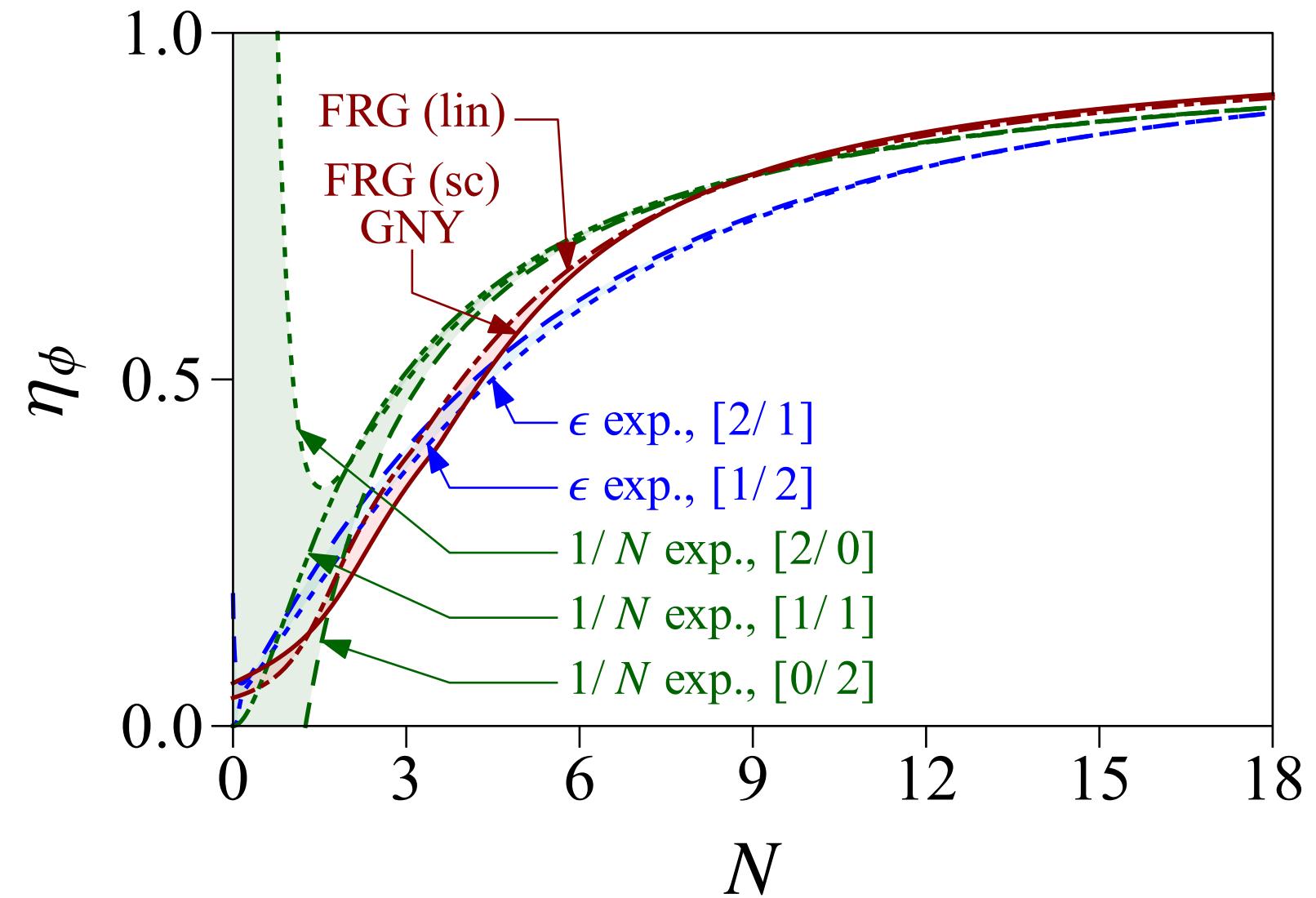
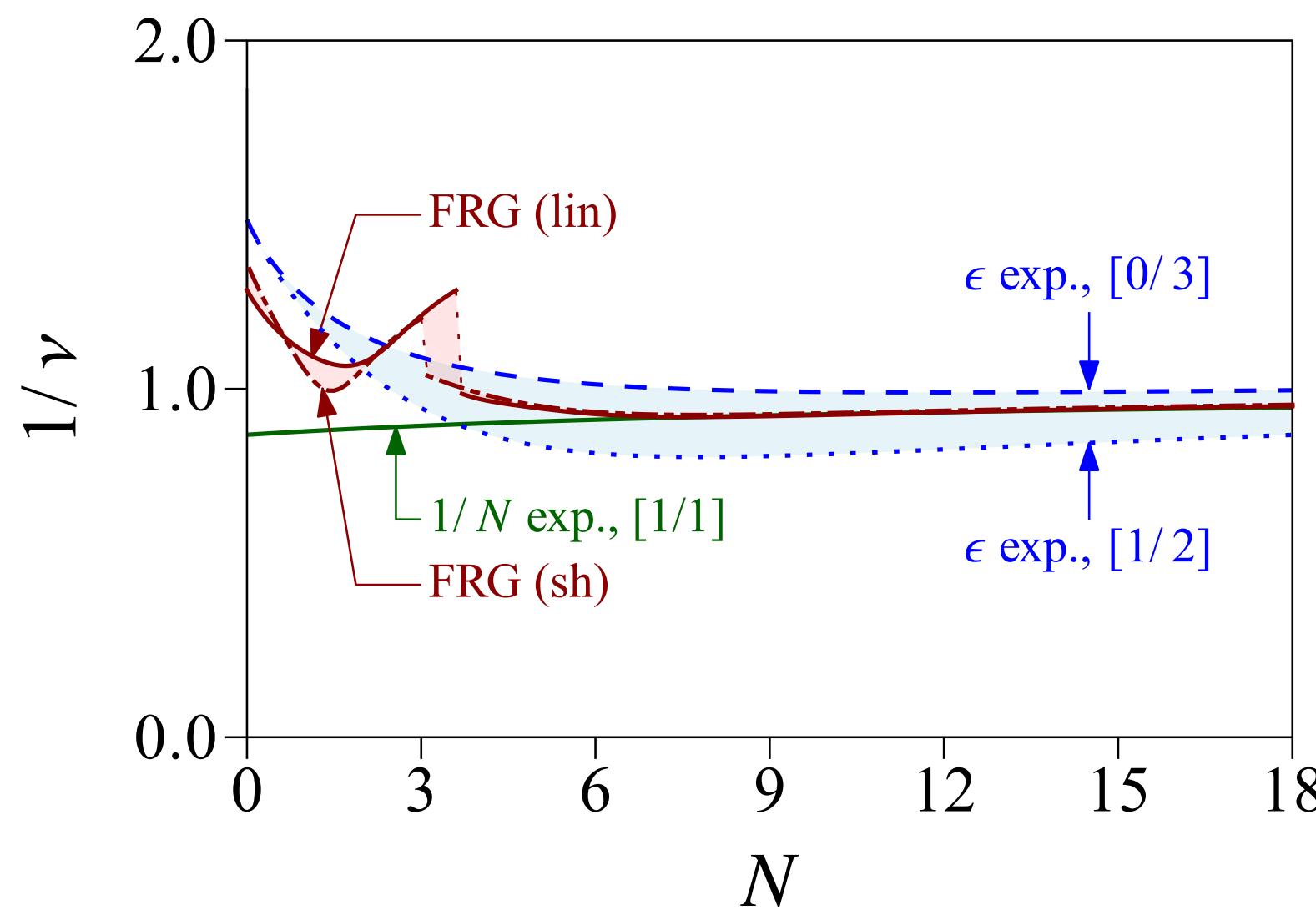
... from three-loop ϵ expansion,
second/third-order $1/N$ expansion,
functional RG in local potential approximation

Gross-Neveu-SO(3) criticality

Field theory:

$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x}d\tau \left[\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu\psi + g\vec{\varphi}\cdot\bar{\psi}(1_2 \otimes \vec{L})\psi + \frac{1}{2}\vec{\varphi}(-\partial_\mu^2 + m^2)\vec{\varphi} + \lambda(\vec{\varphi}\cdot\vec{\varphi})^2 \right]$$

Critical exponents:



Spin-orbital realization ($N = 3$):

$$1/\nu = 1.03(15)$$

$$\eta_\phi = 0.42(7)$$

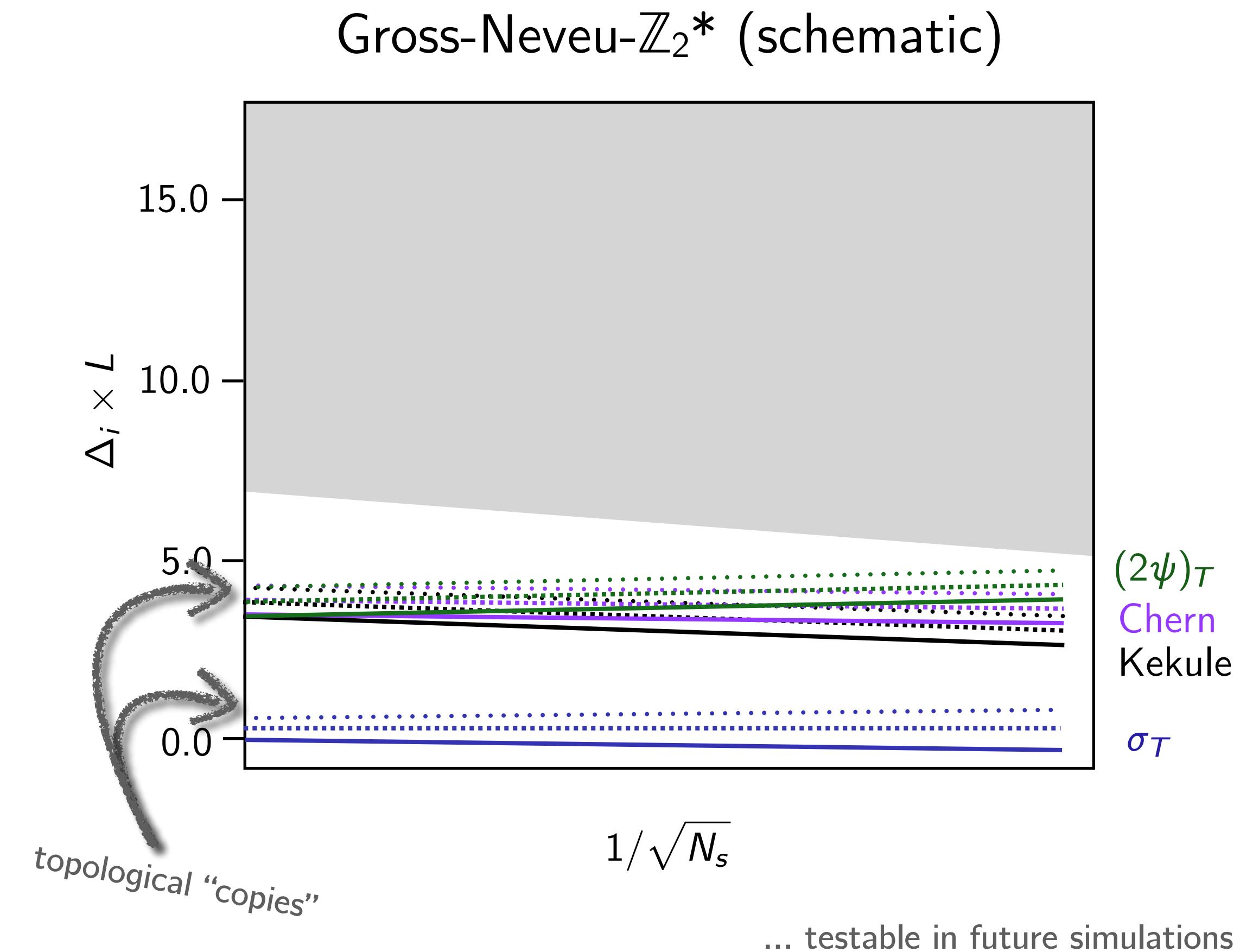
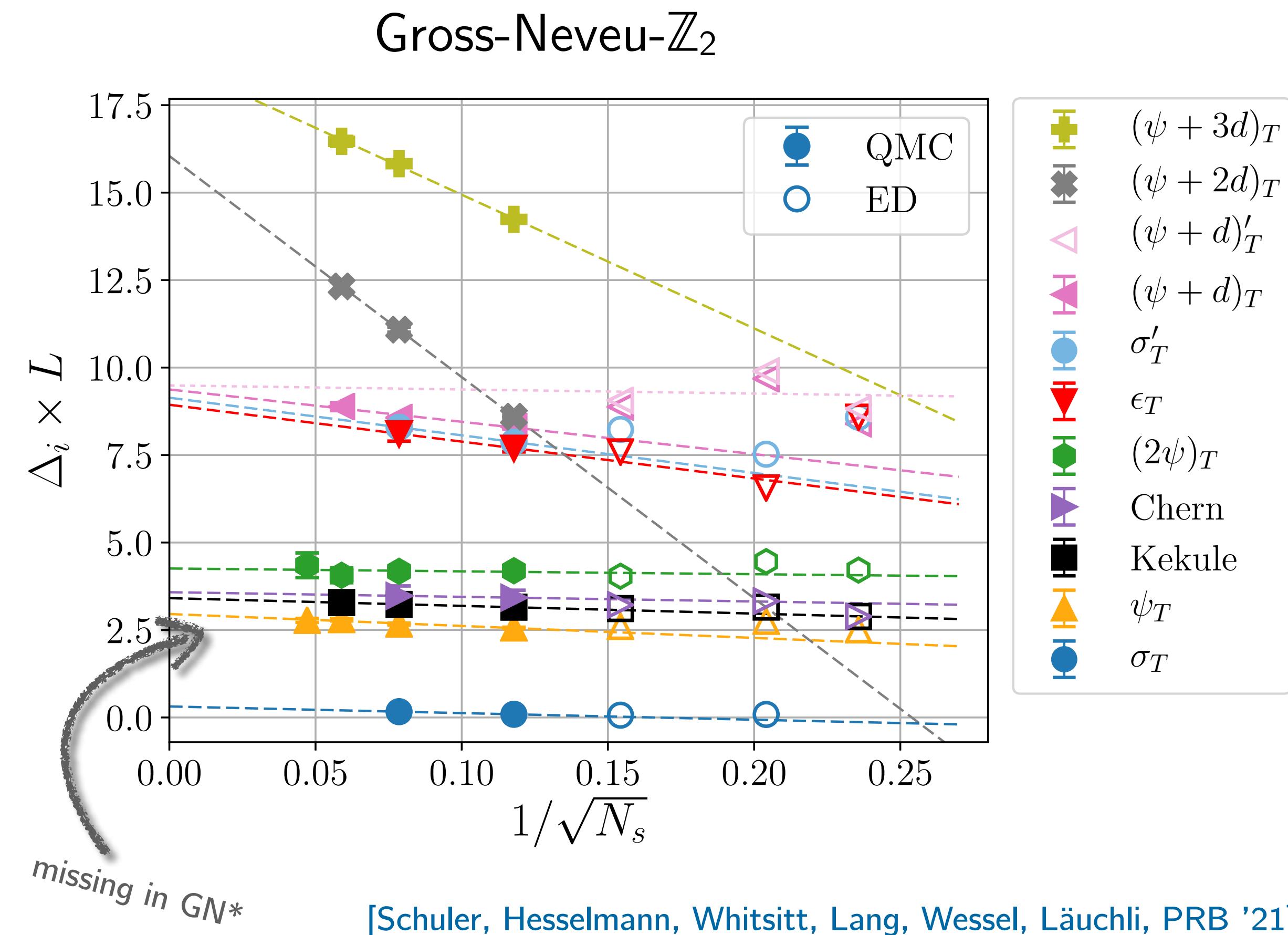
$$\eta_\psi = 0.180(10)$$

... from three-loop ϵ expansion,
second/third-order $1/N$ expansion,
functional RG in local potential approximation

... different from Gross-Neveu-Heisenberg

[Ray, Ihrig, Kruti, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

Gross-Neveu vs Gross-Neveu*

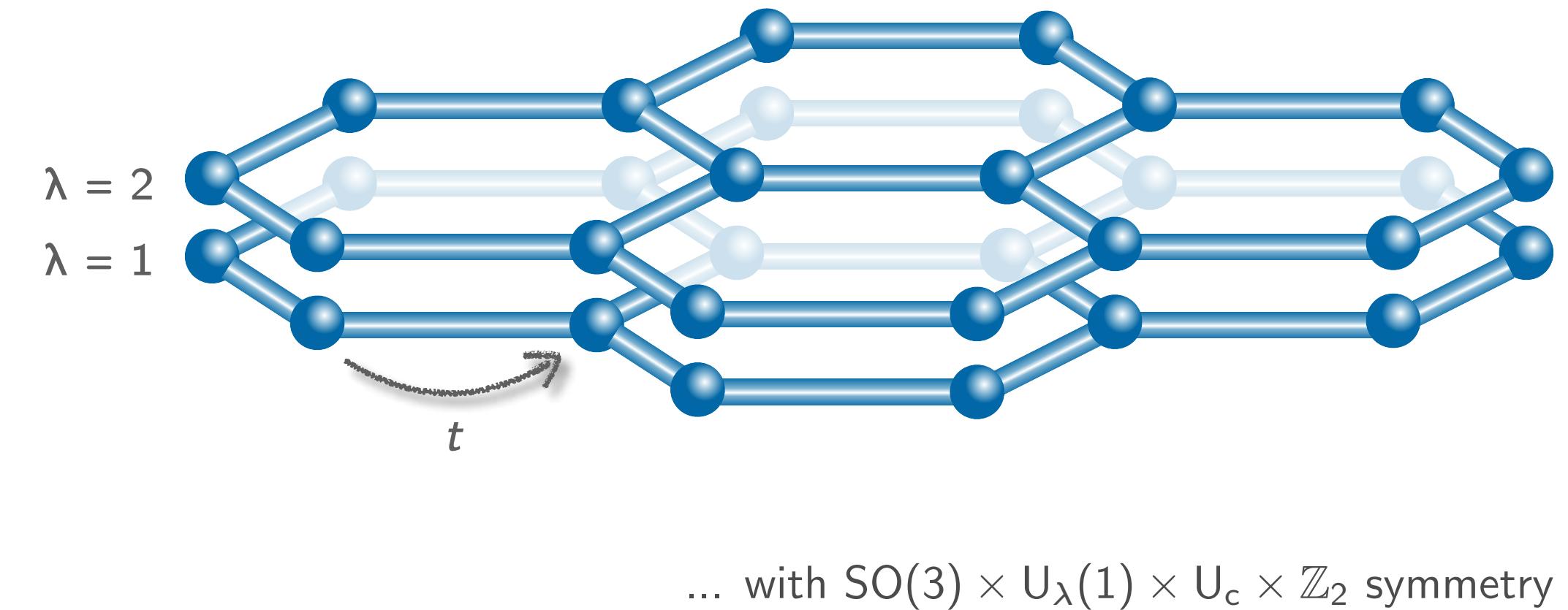


Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} c_{i\lambda}^\dagger c_{j\lambda} - J \sum_i \left(c_{i\lambda}^\dagger \vec{\tau}_{\lambda\lambda'}^z c_{i\lambda'} \right)^2$$

spin-1 matrices

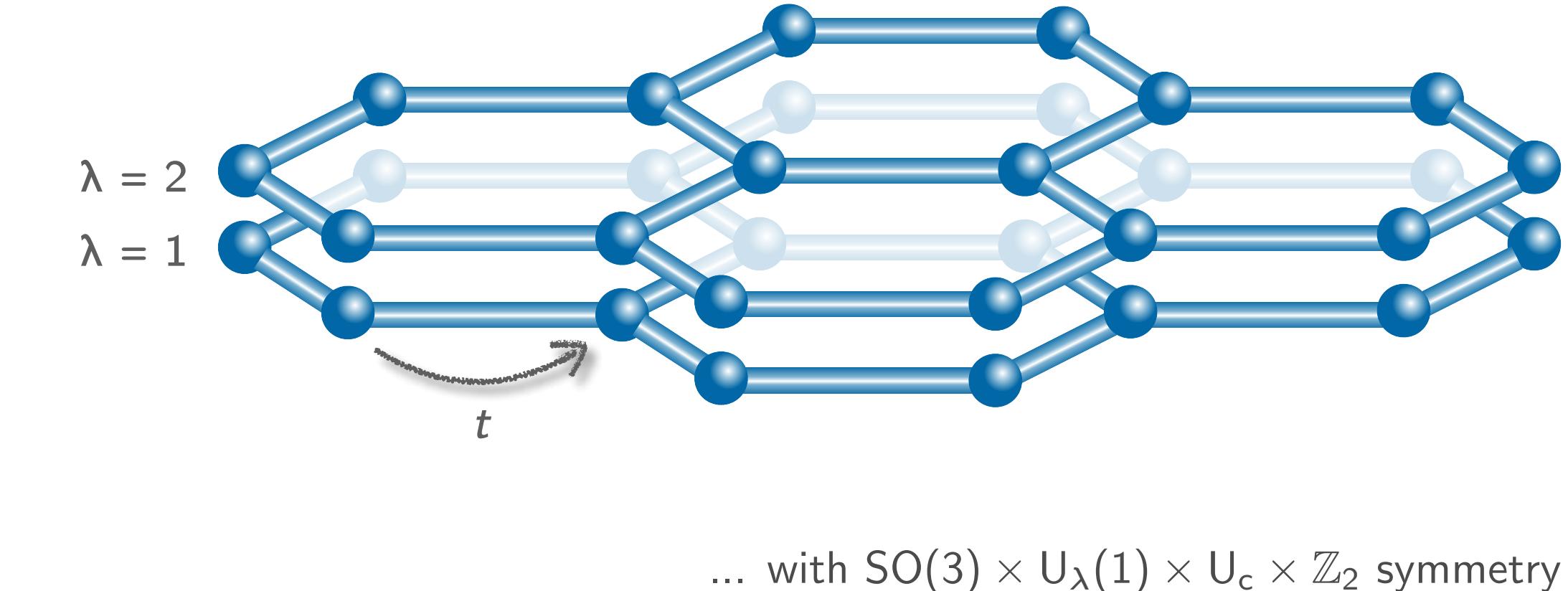


Sign-problem-free bilayer model

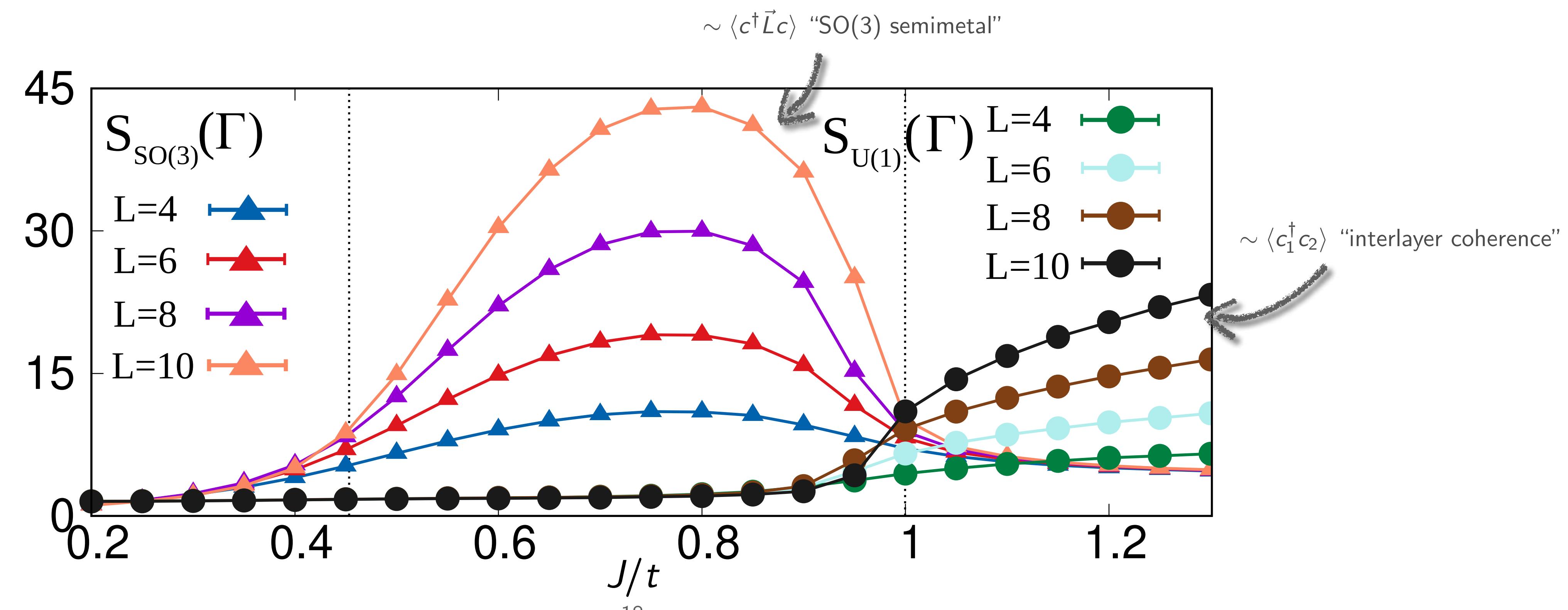
Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} c_{i\lambda}^\dagger c_{j\lambda} - J \sum_i \left(c_{i\lambda}^\dagger \vec{\tau}_{\lambda\lambda'}^z c_{i\lambda'} \right)^2$$

spin-1 matrices



QMC structure factors:



Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Phase diagram:

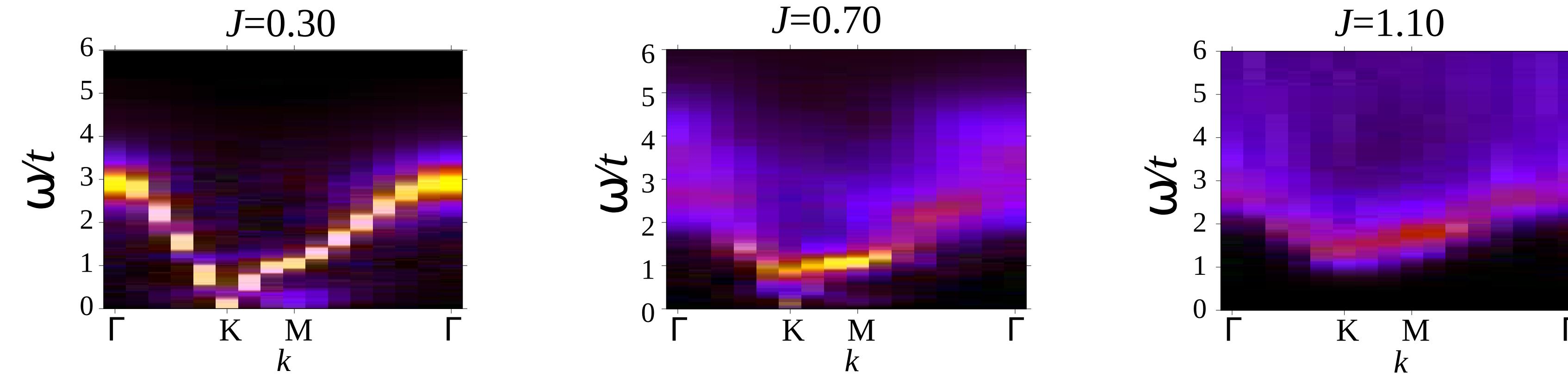


Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Phase diagram:



Fermion spectral function:

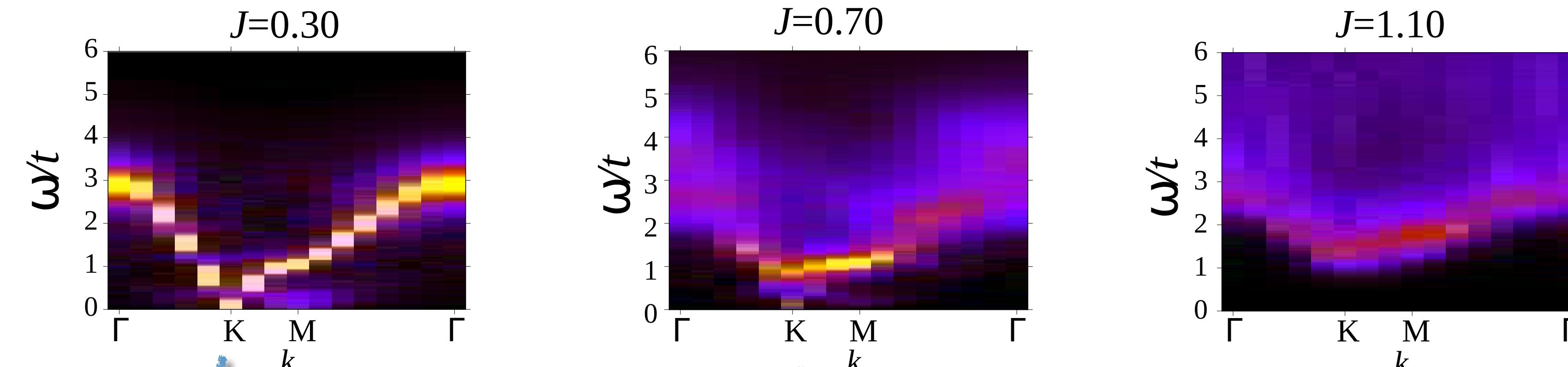


Sign-problem-free bilayer model

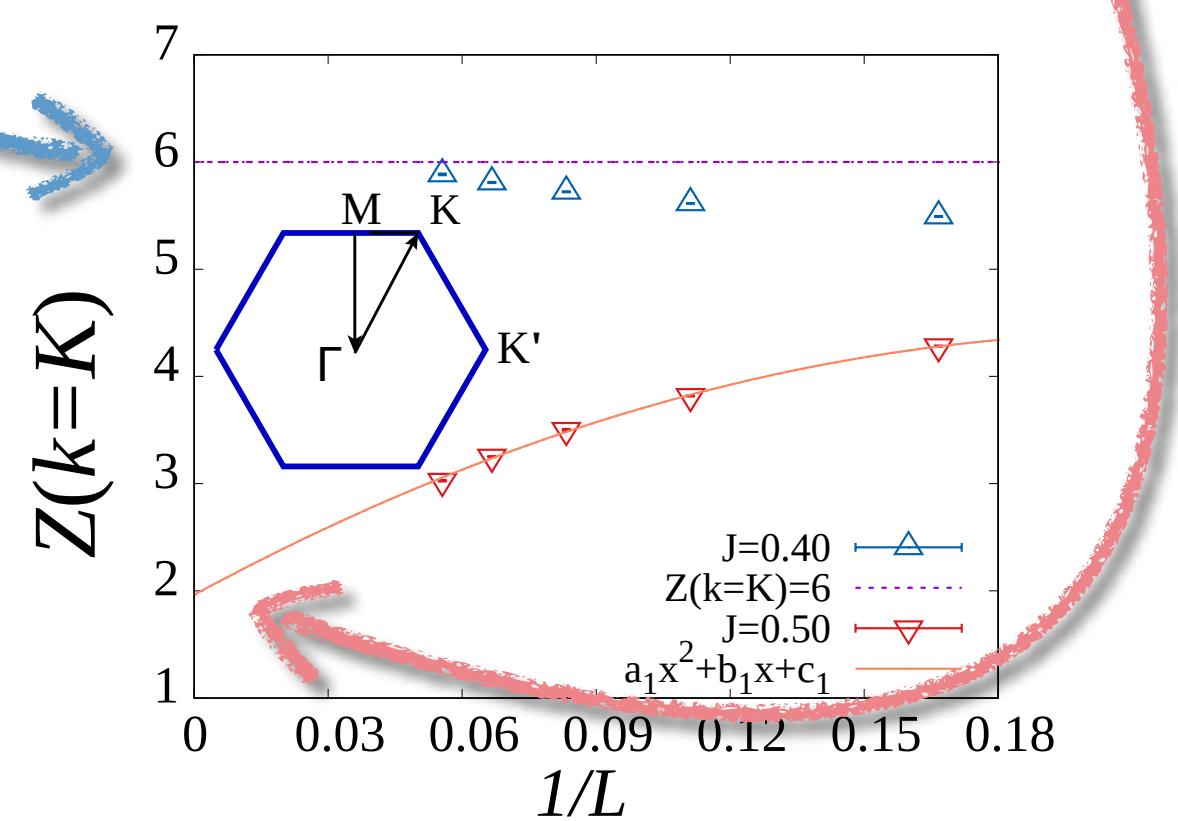
Phase diagram:



Fermion spectral function:



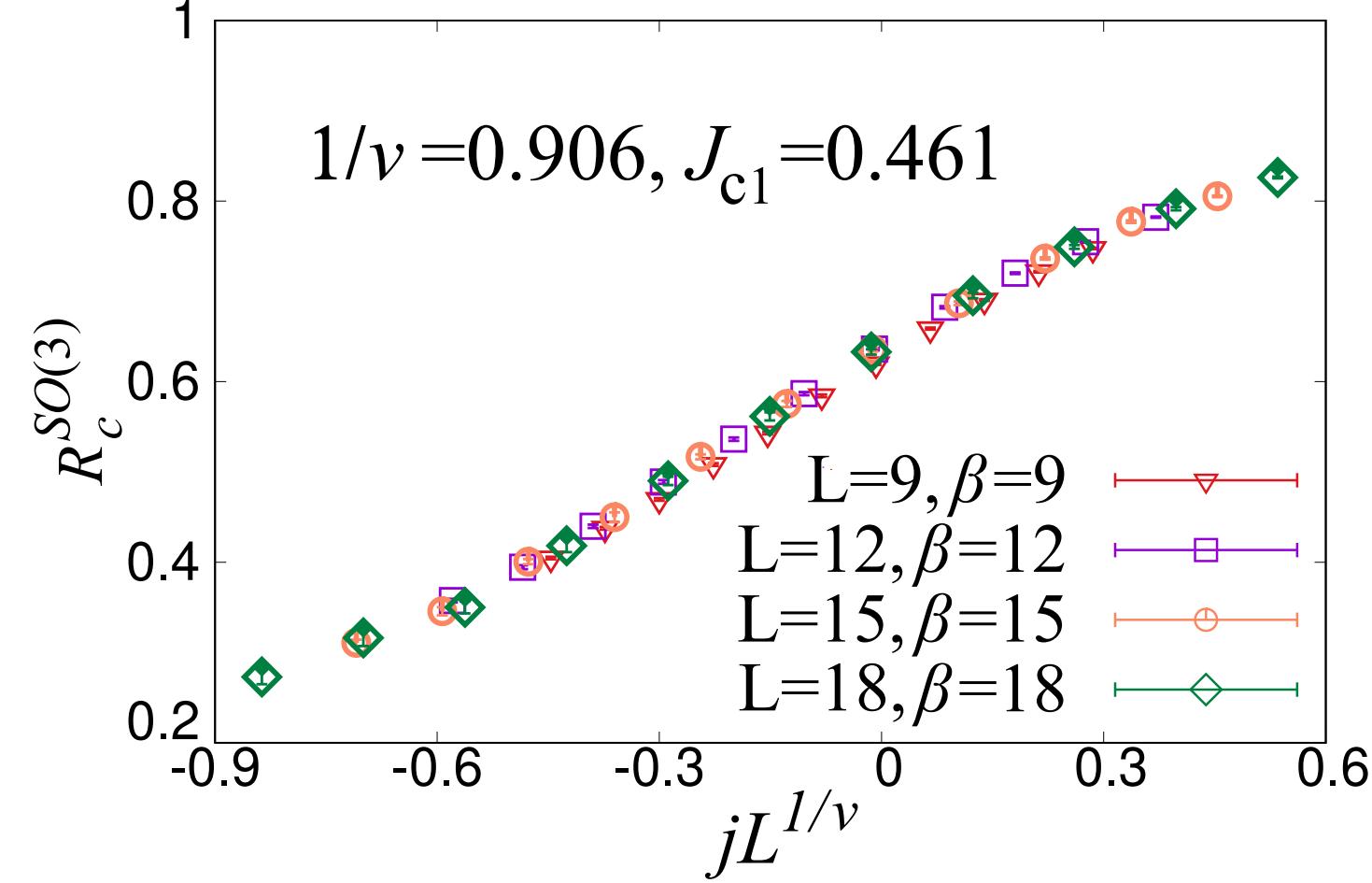
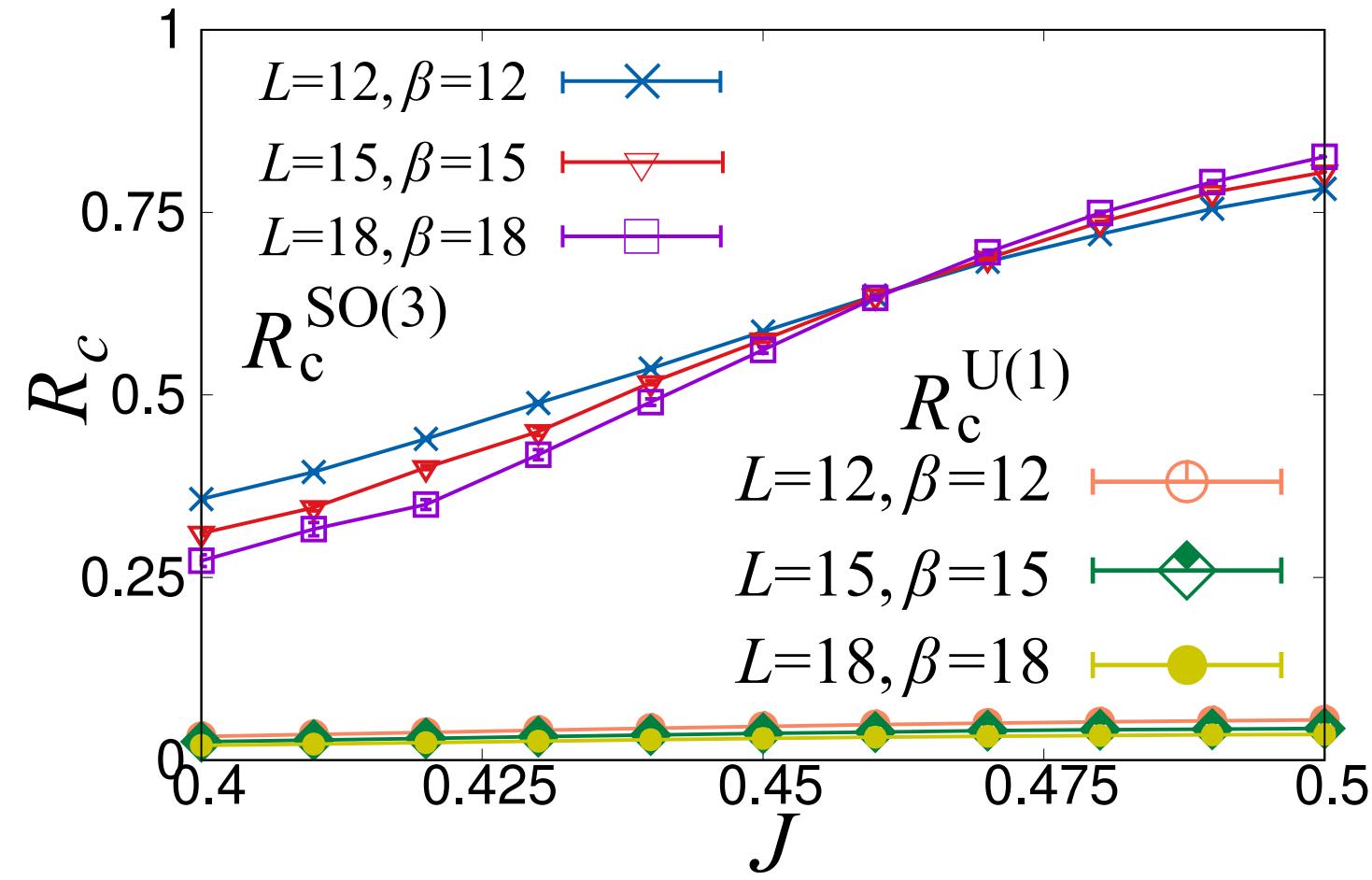
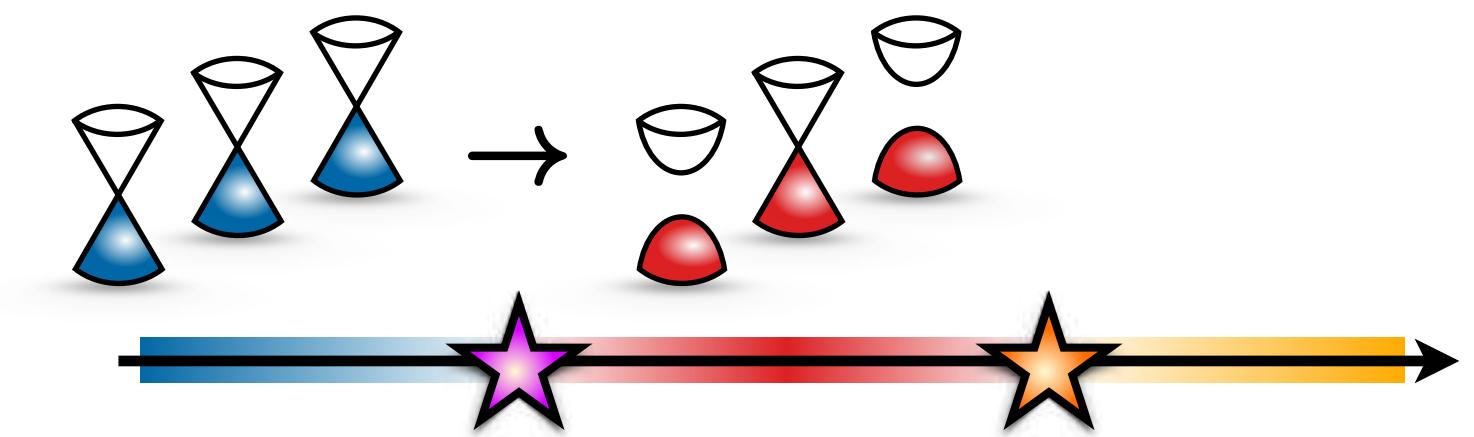
Quasiparticle weight:



Gross-Neveu-SO(3) transition at J_{c1}

Correlation ratio:

$$R_c = 1 - \frac{S(\Gamma + d\vec{k})}{S(\Gamma)}$$

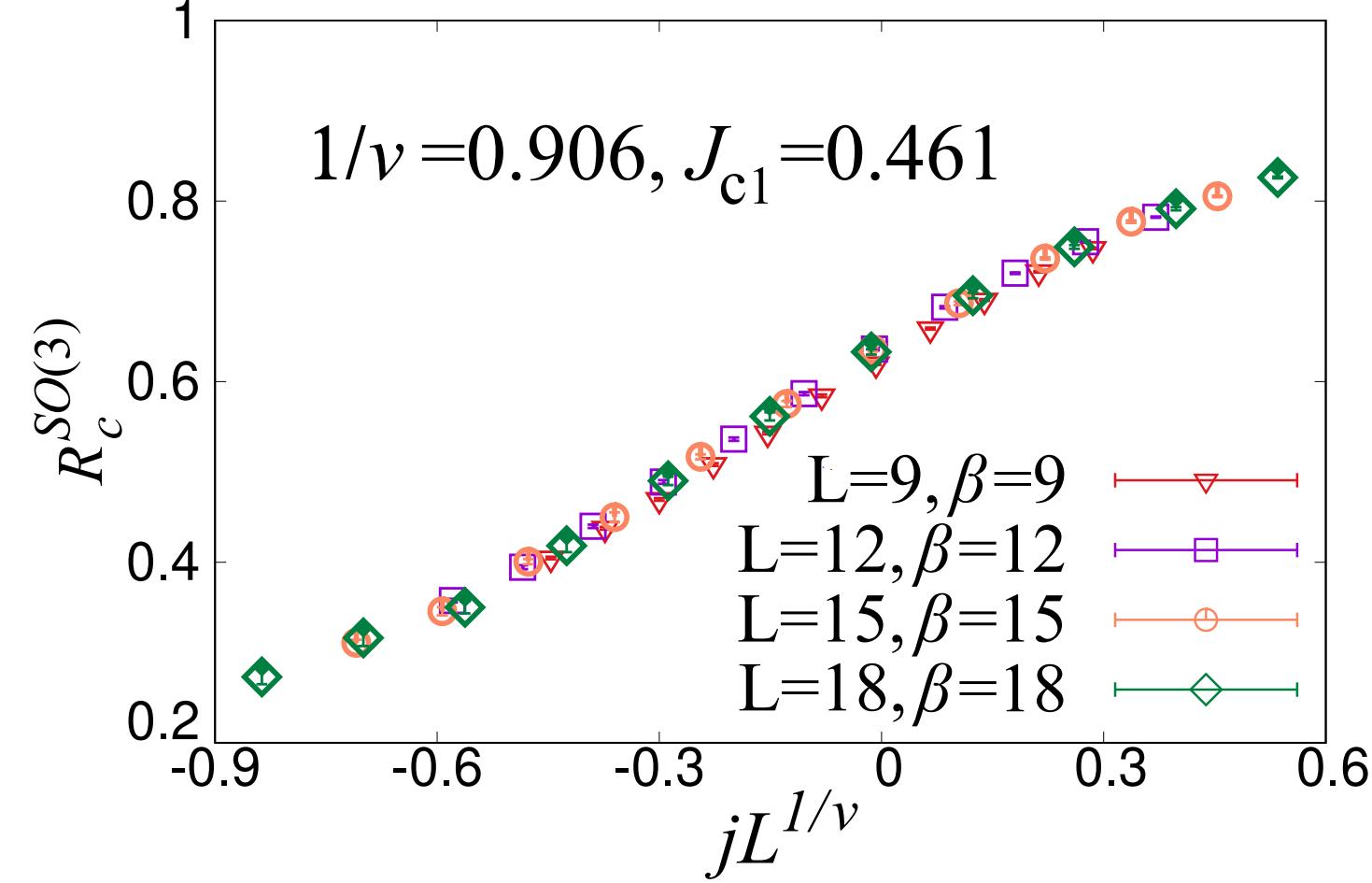
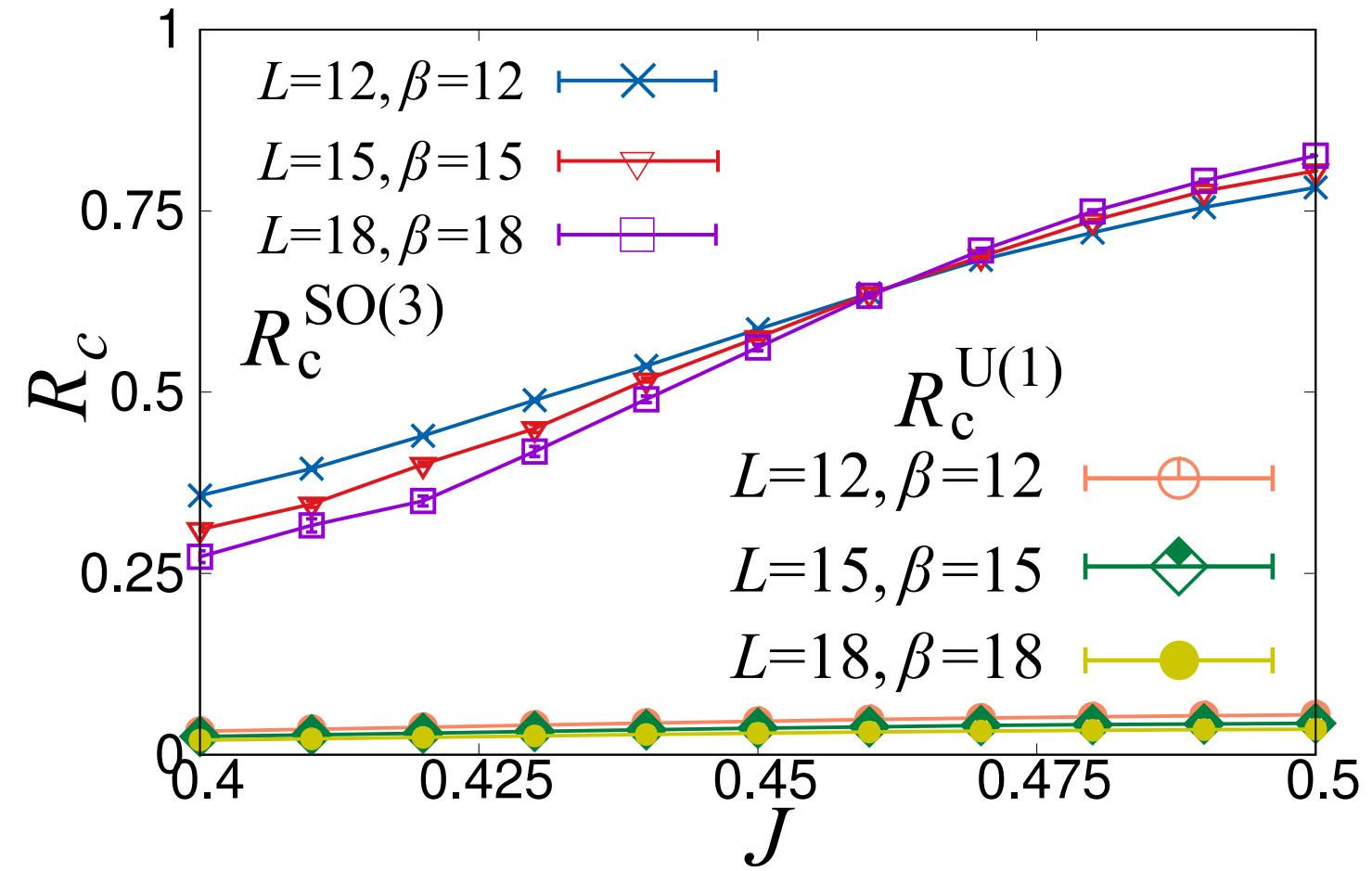
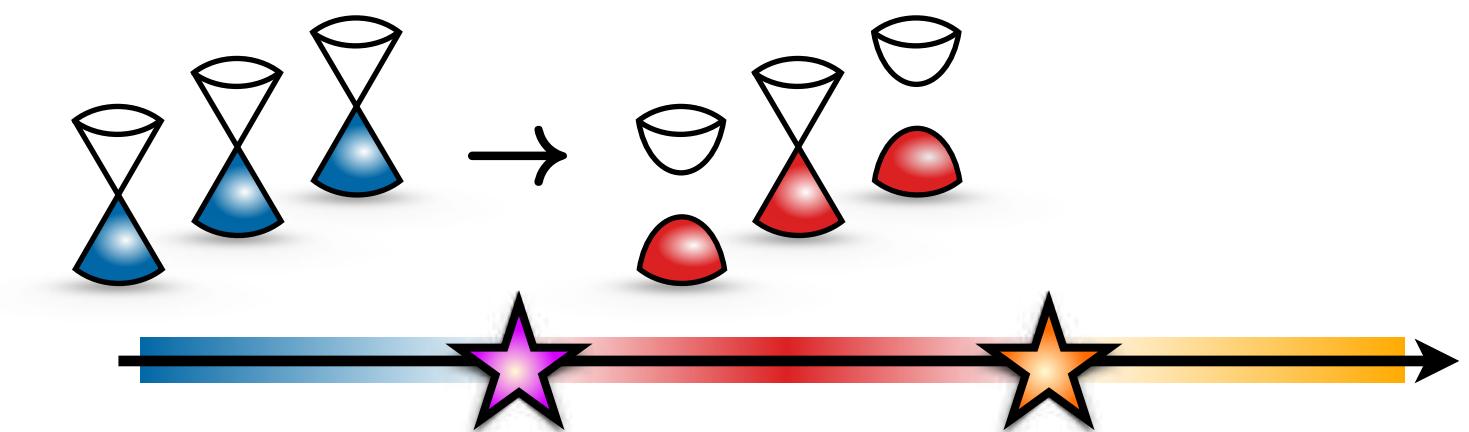


... cf. $1/\nu = 0.93(4)$ and $\eta_\phi = 0.83(4)$ from field theory ($N = 12$)
 [Ray, Ihrig, Kruti, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

Gross-Neveu-SO(3) transition at J_{c1}

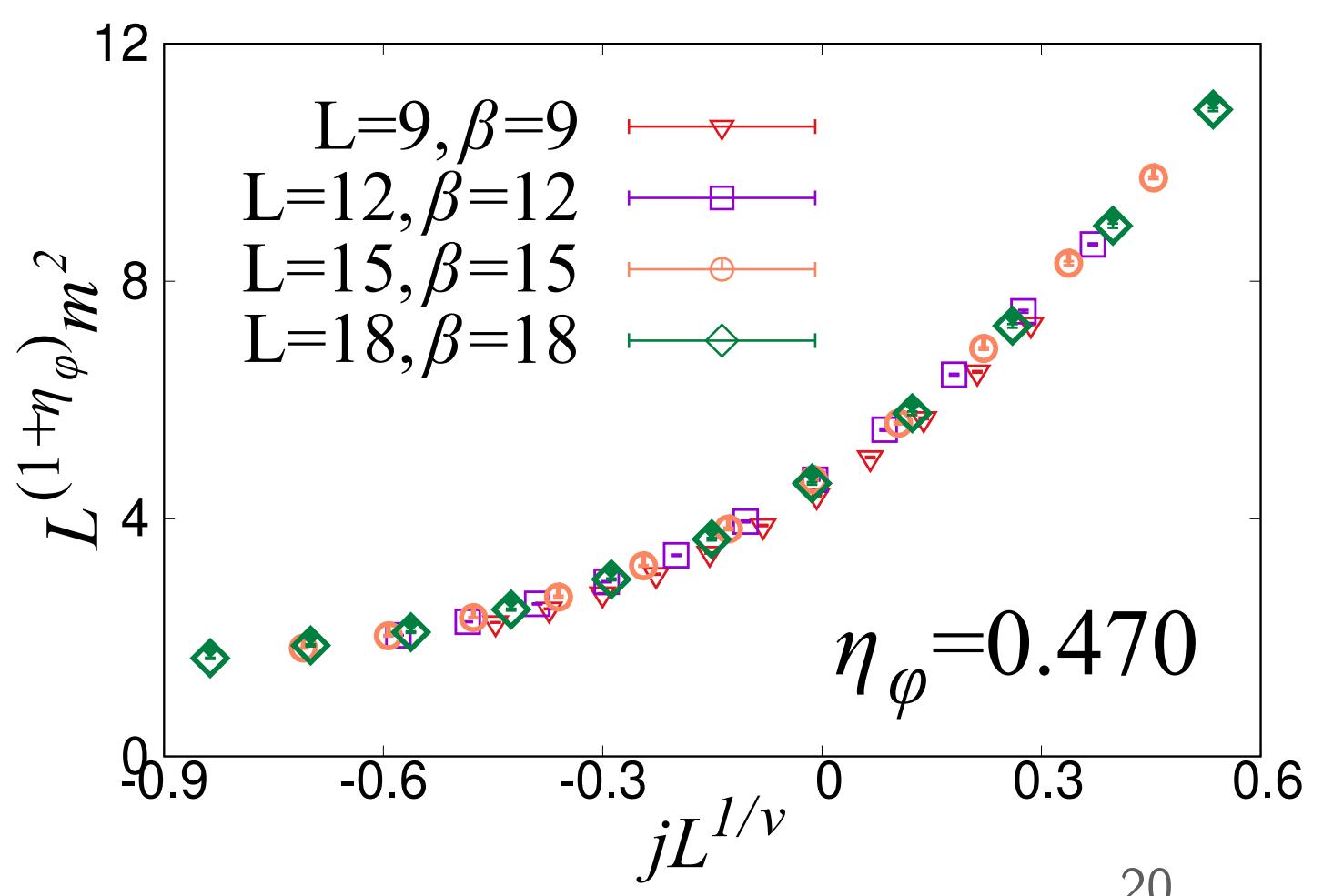
Correlation ratio:

$$R_c = 1 - \frac{S(\Gamma + d\vec{k})}{S(\Gamma)}$$



$$\Rightarrow 1/\nu = 0.906(35)$$

Order parameter:

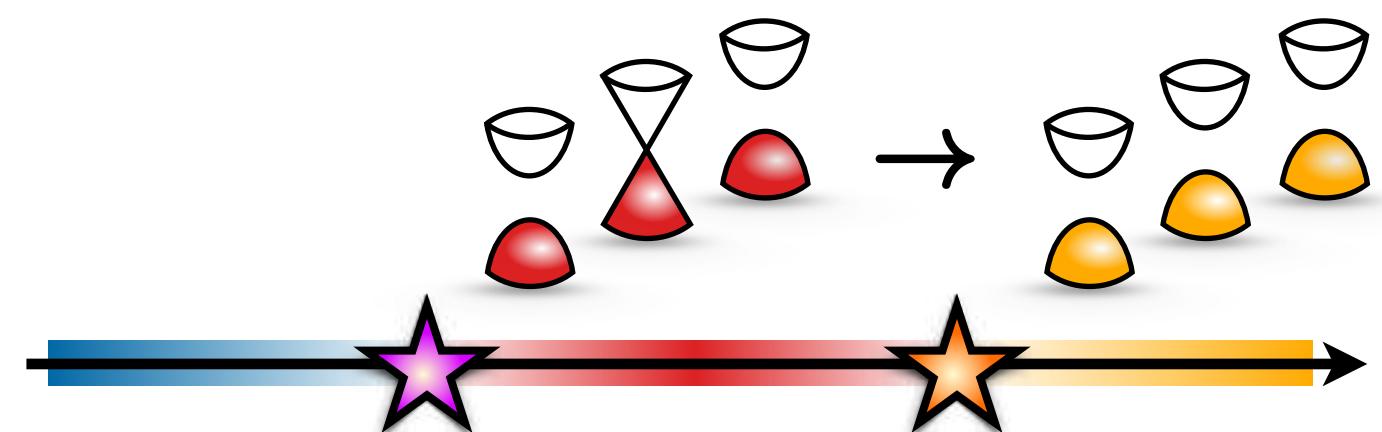
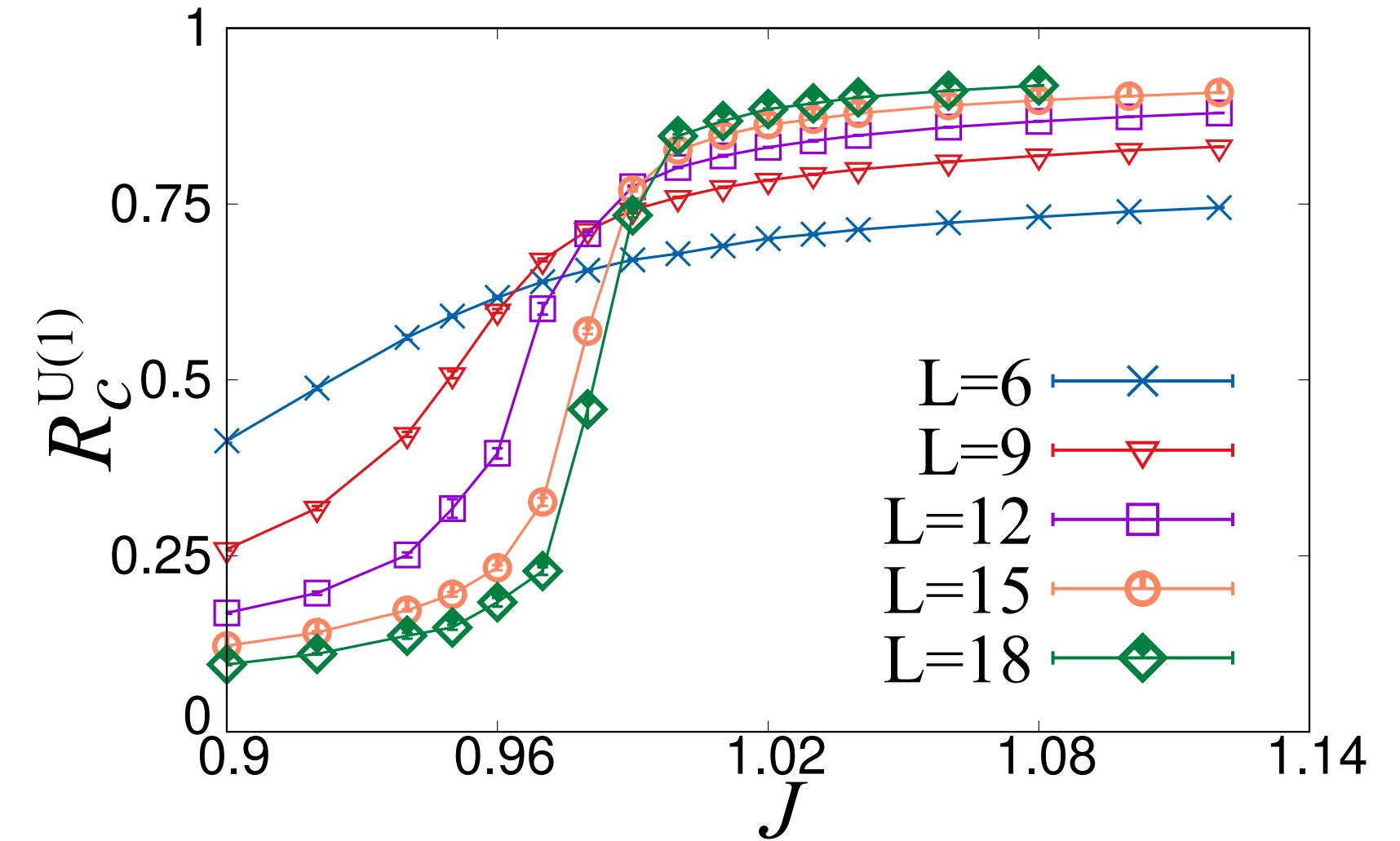
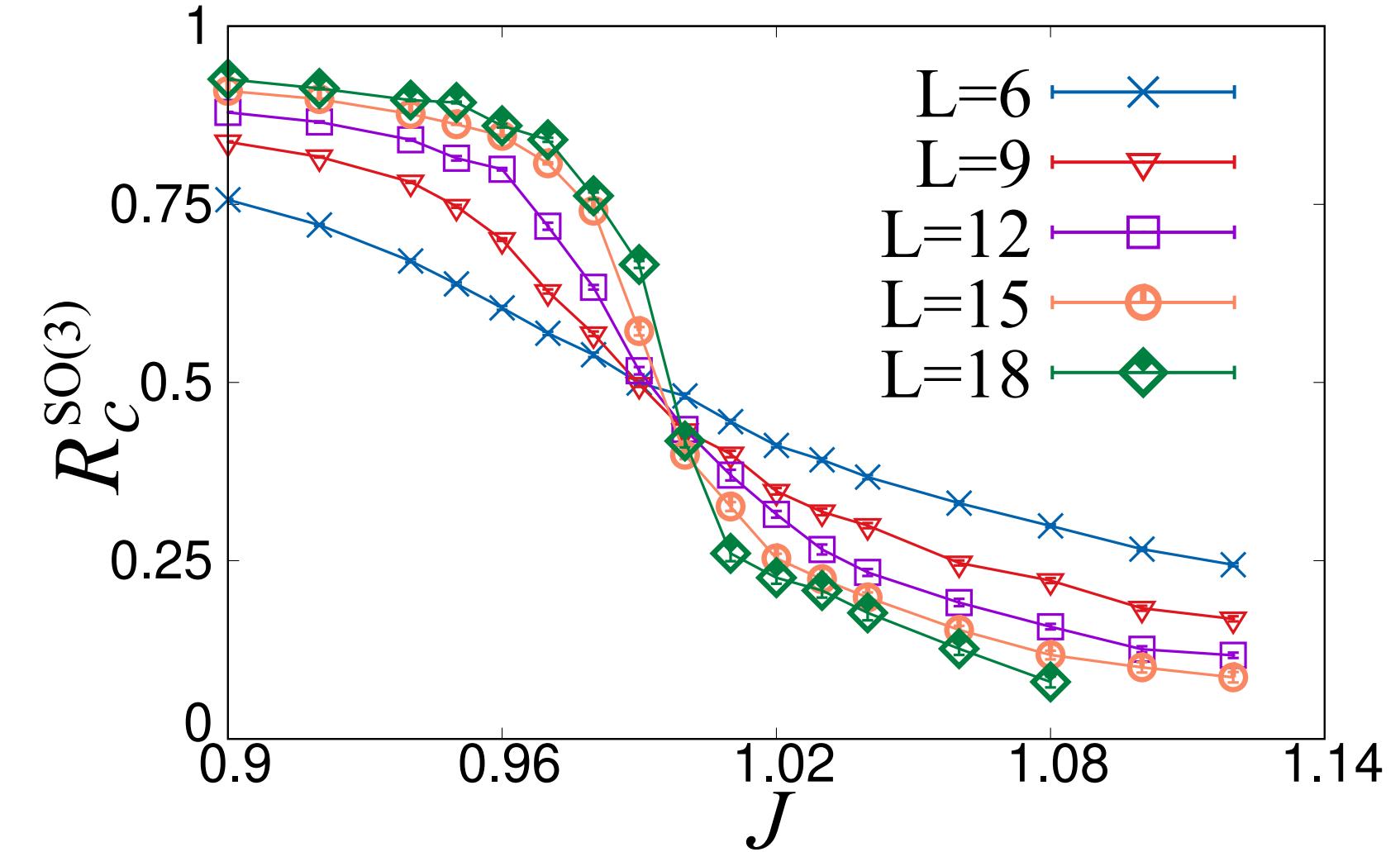


$$\Rightarrow \eta_\phi = 0.470(13)$$

... cf. $1/\nu = 0.93(4)$ and $\eta_\phi = 0.83(4)$ from field theory ($N = 12$)
[Ray, Ihrig, Kruti, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

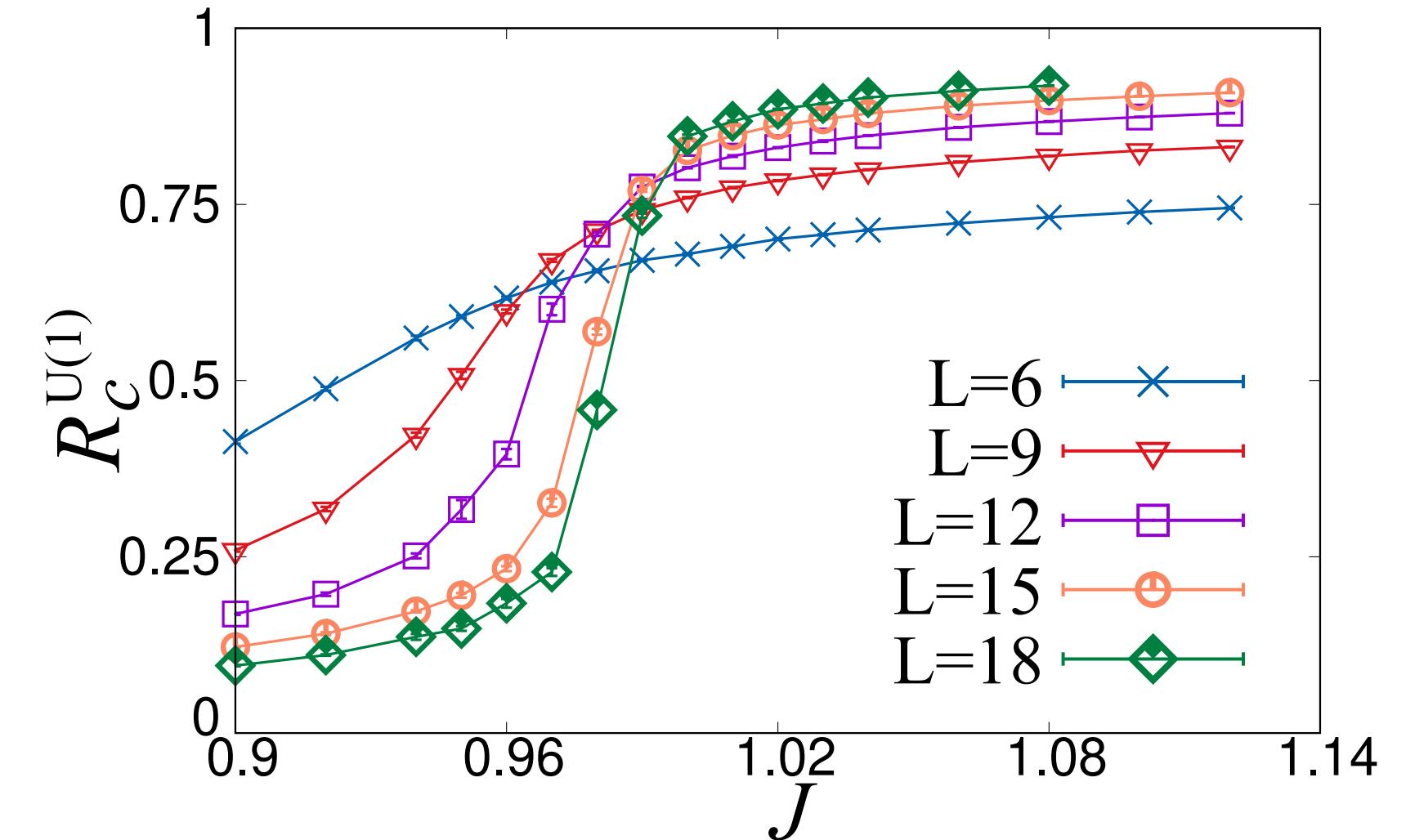
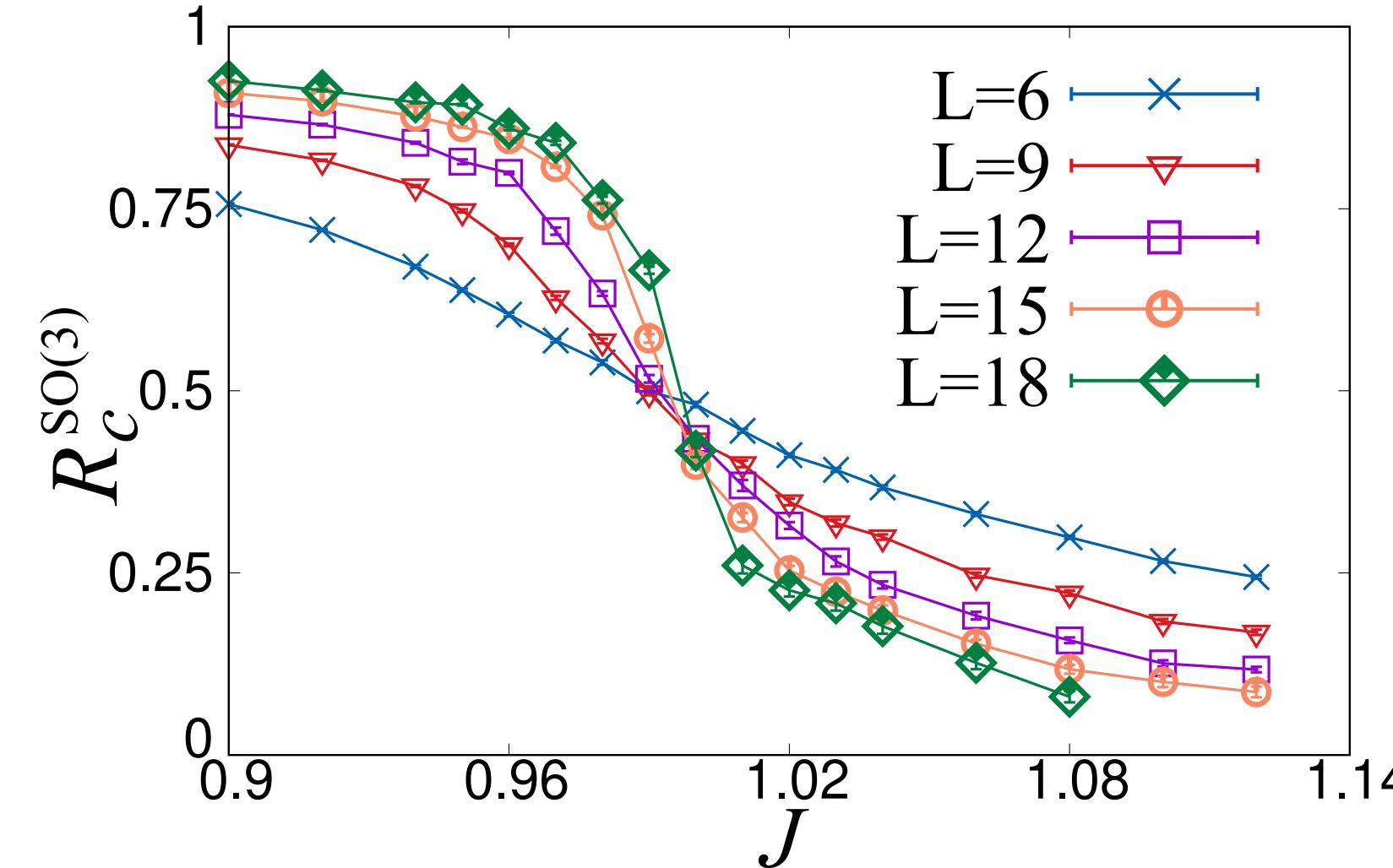
Order-to-order transition at J_{c2}

Correlation ratios:

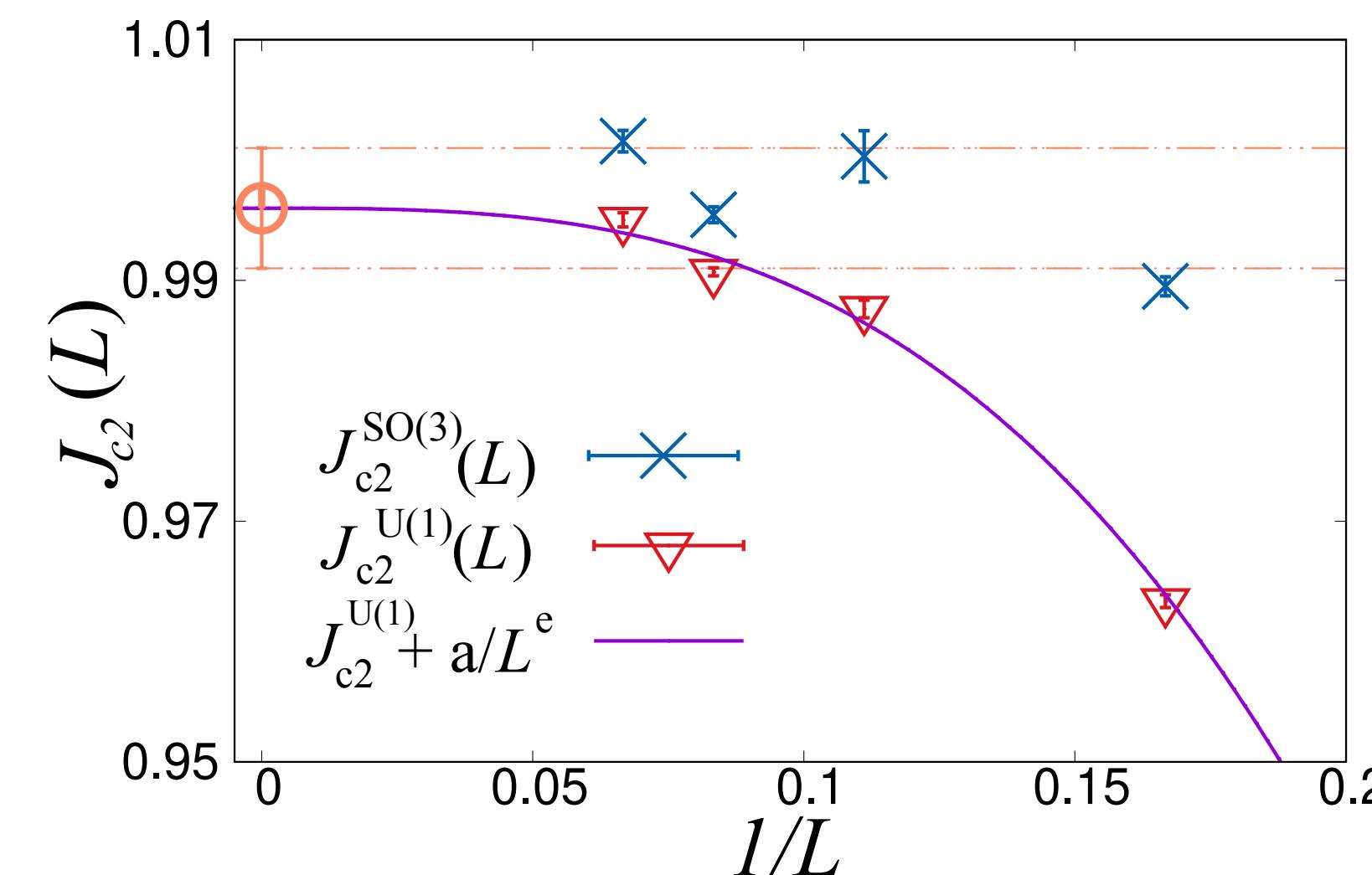


Order-to-order transition at J_{c2}

Correlation ratios:



Critical couplings:



$\Rightarrow J_{c2}^{\text{SO}(3)} = J_{c2}^{\text{U}(1)}$ unique!

Metallic deconfined QCP?

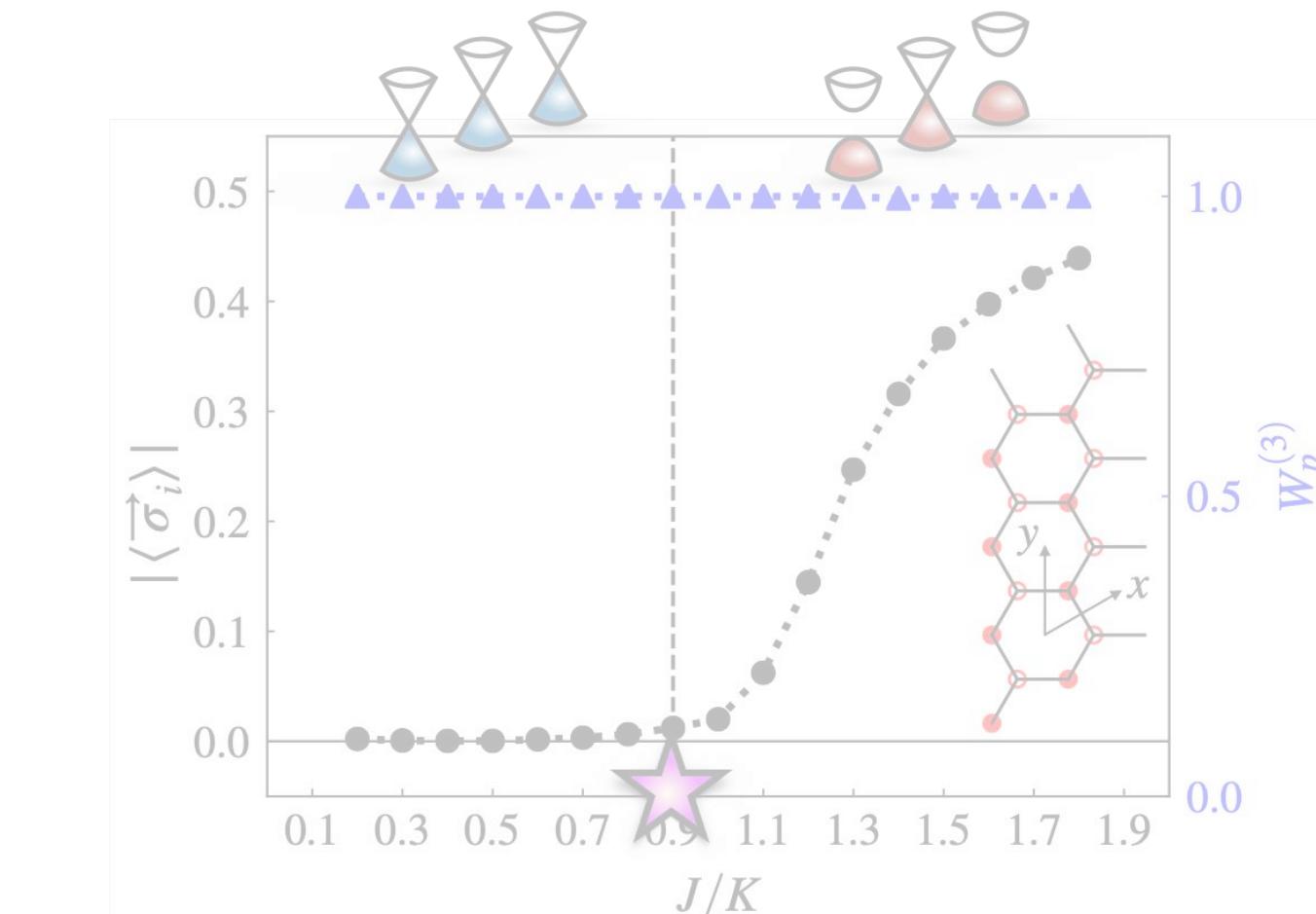
[Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, PRL '22 (Editors' Suggestion)]

Outline

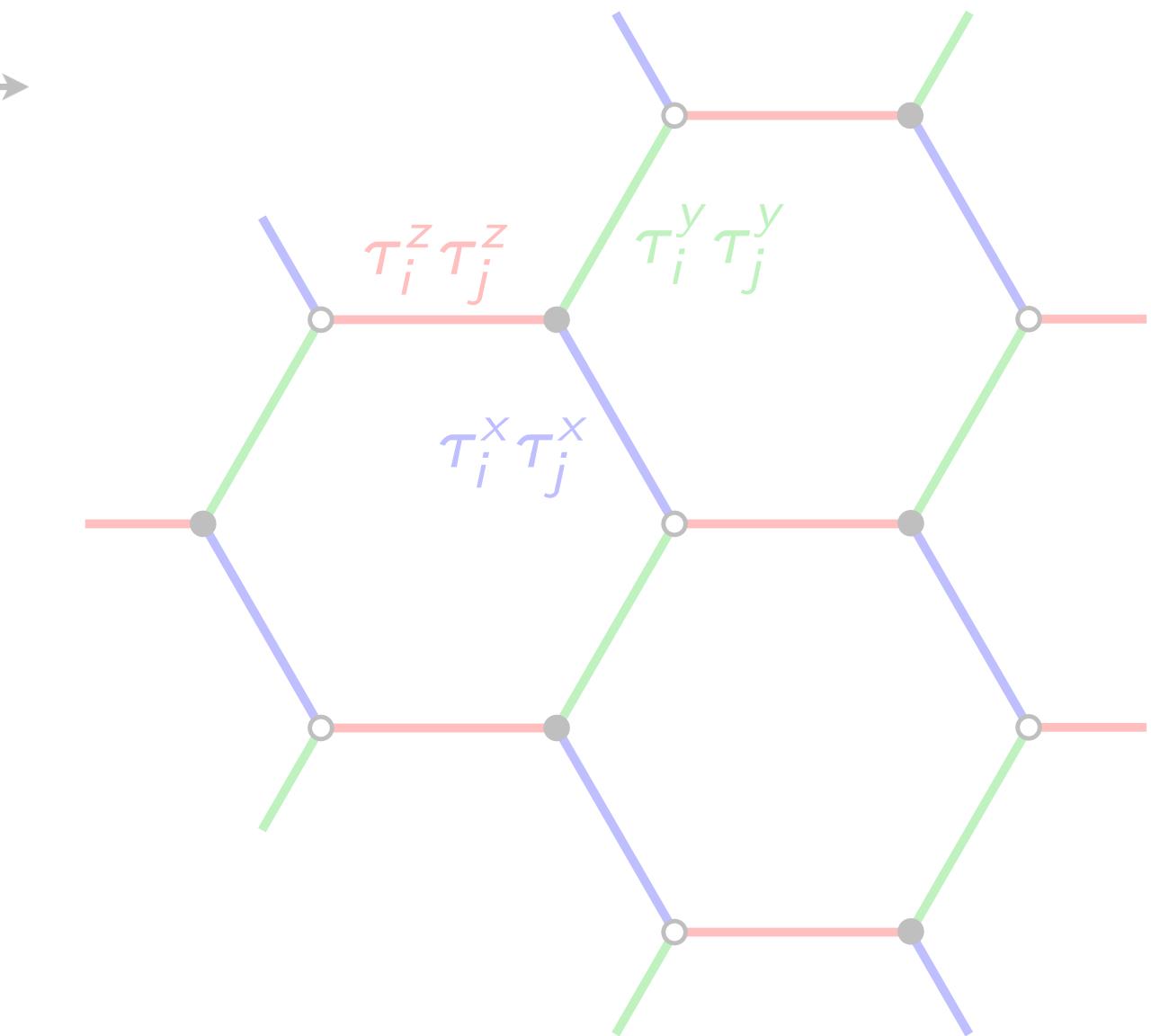
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) From Kitaev to Kitaev-Kugel-Khomskii



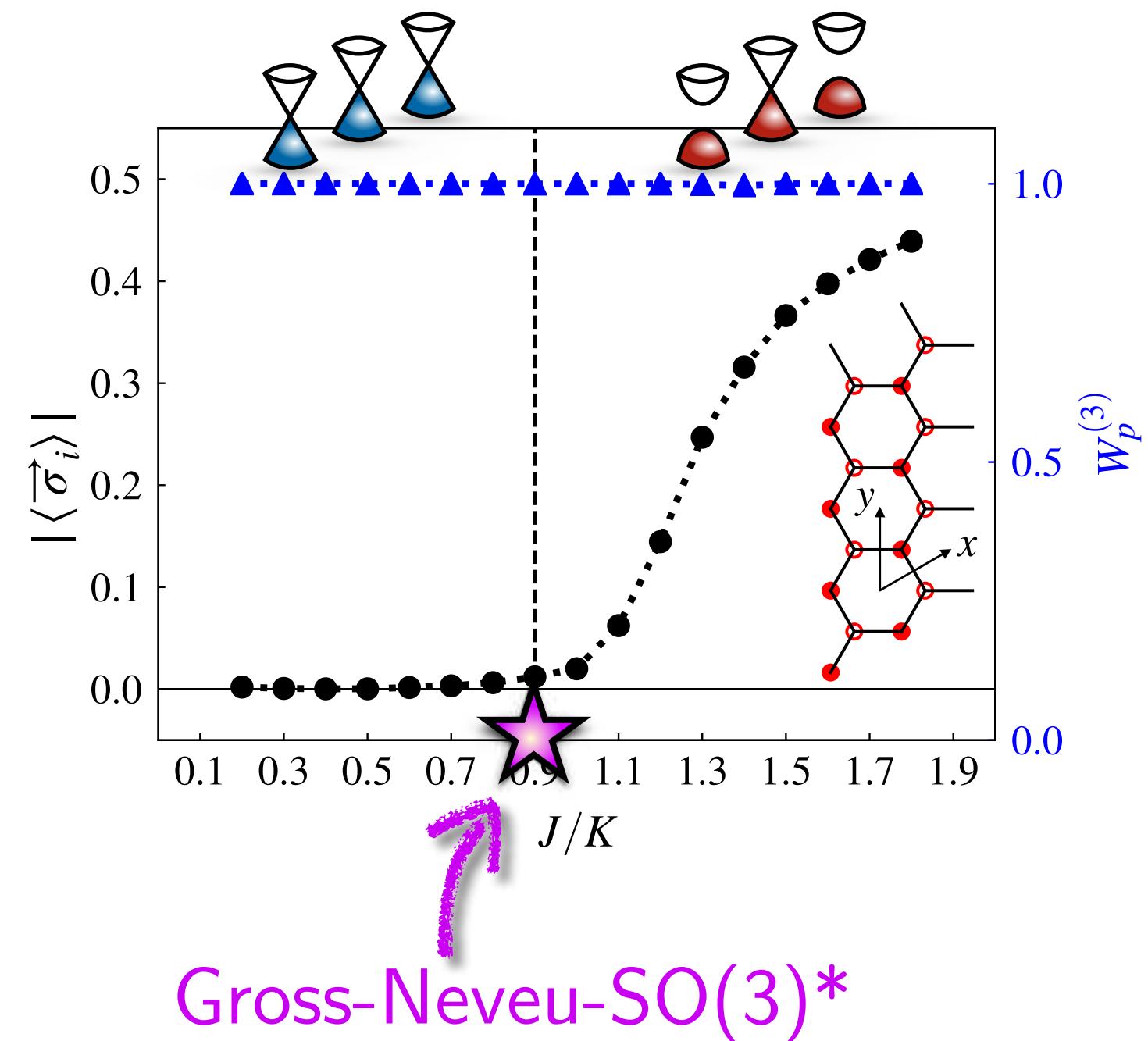
(3) Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital models



(4) Conclusions

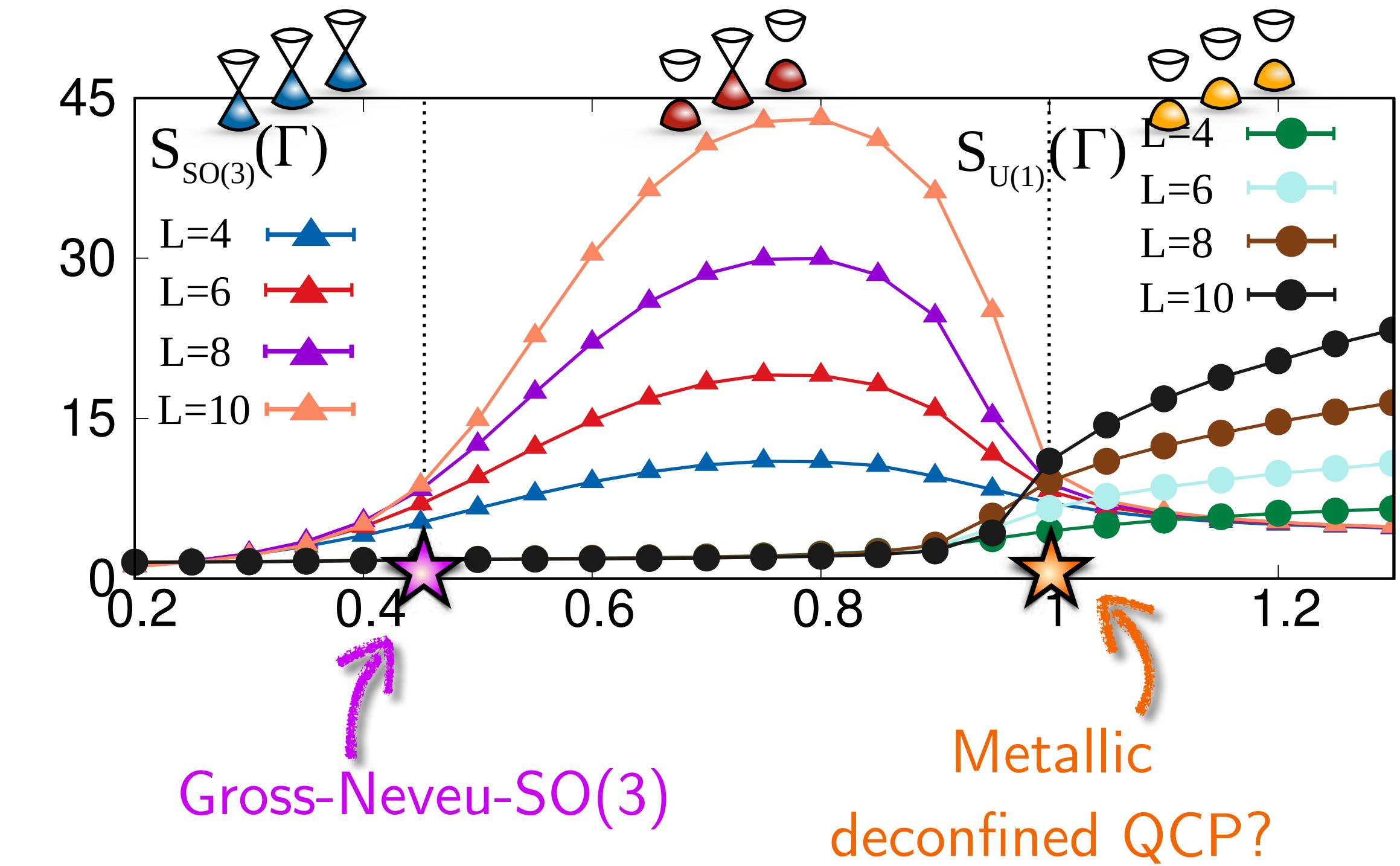
Conclusions

Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model:



Gross-Neveu-SO(3)*

Effective bilayer honeycomb model:

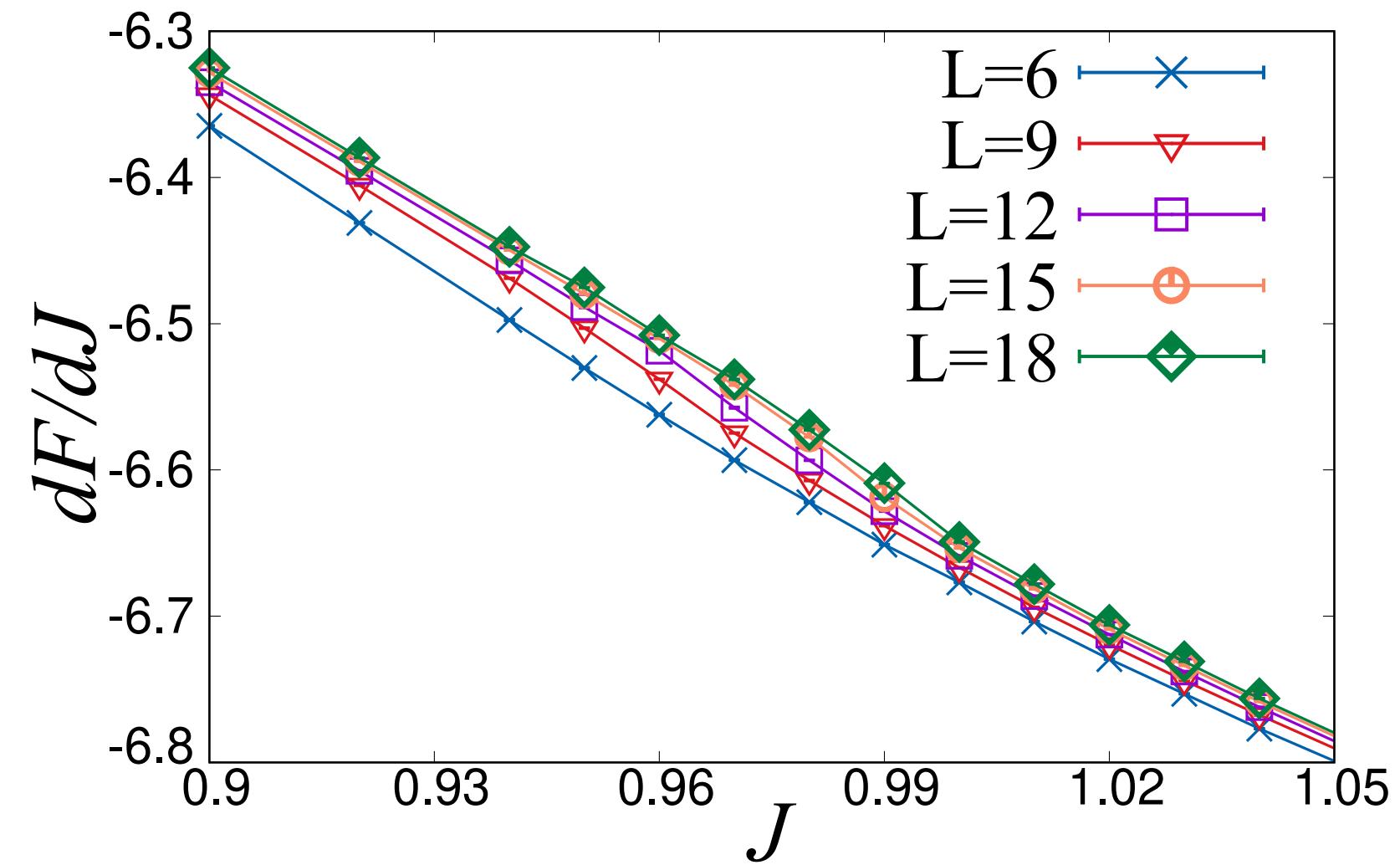


Gross-Neveu-SO(3)

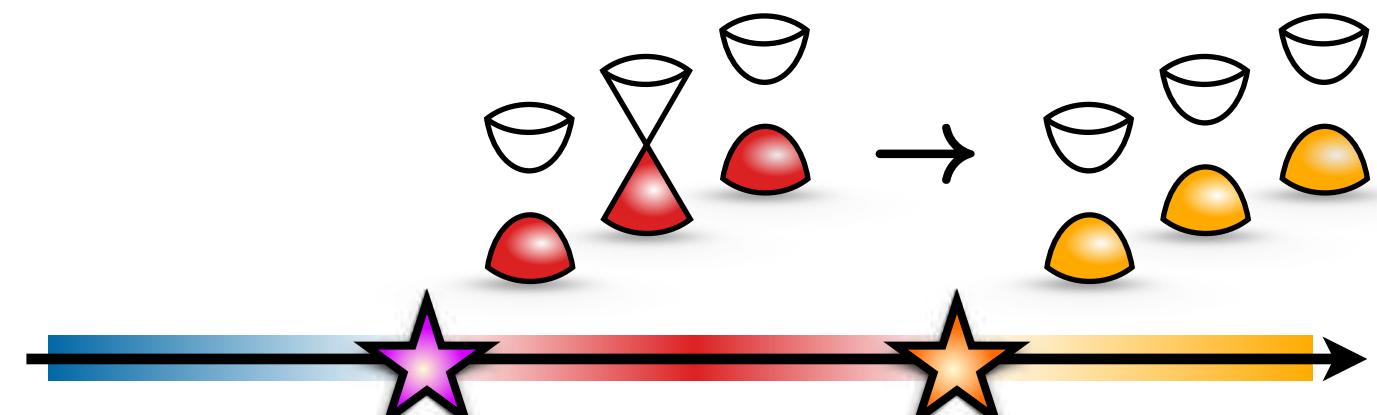
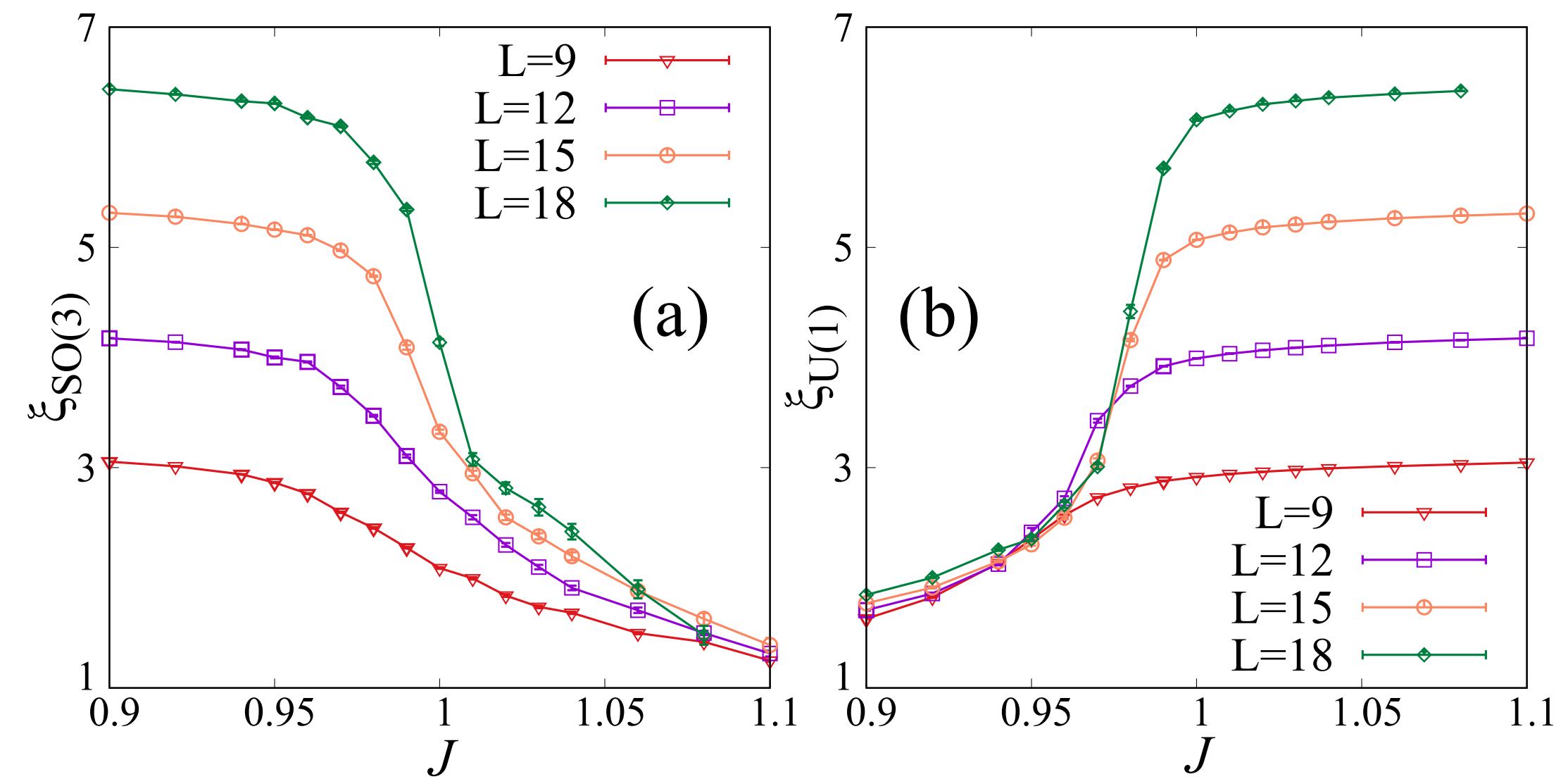
Metallic
deconfined QCP?

Order-to-order transition at J_{c2}

Free energy:



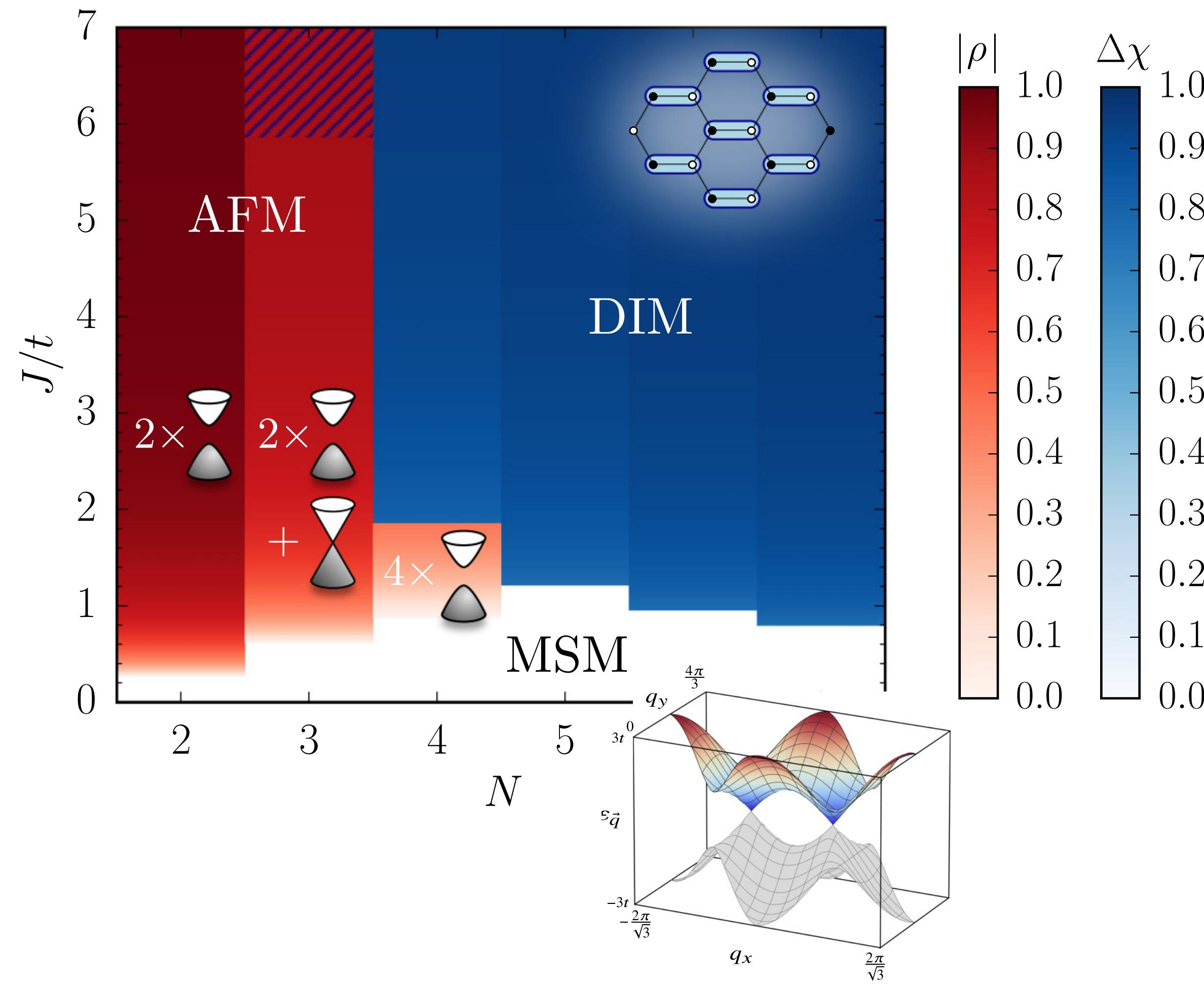
Correlation lengths:



$$\xi^2 = \frac{1}{2d} \frac{\sum_{\vec{r}} |\vec{r}|^2 S(\vec{r})}{\sum_{\vec{r}} S(\vec{r})}$$

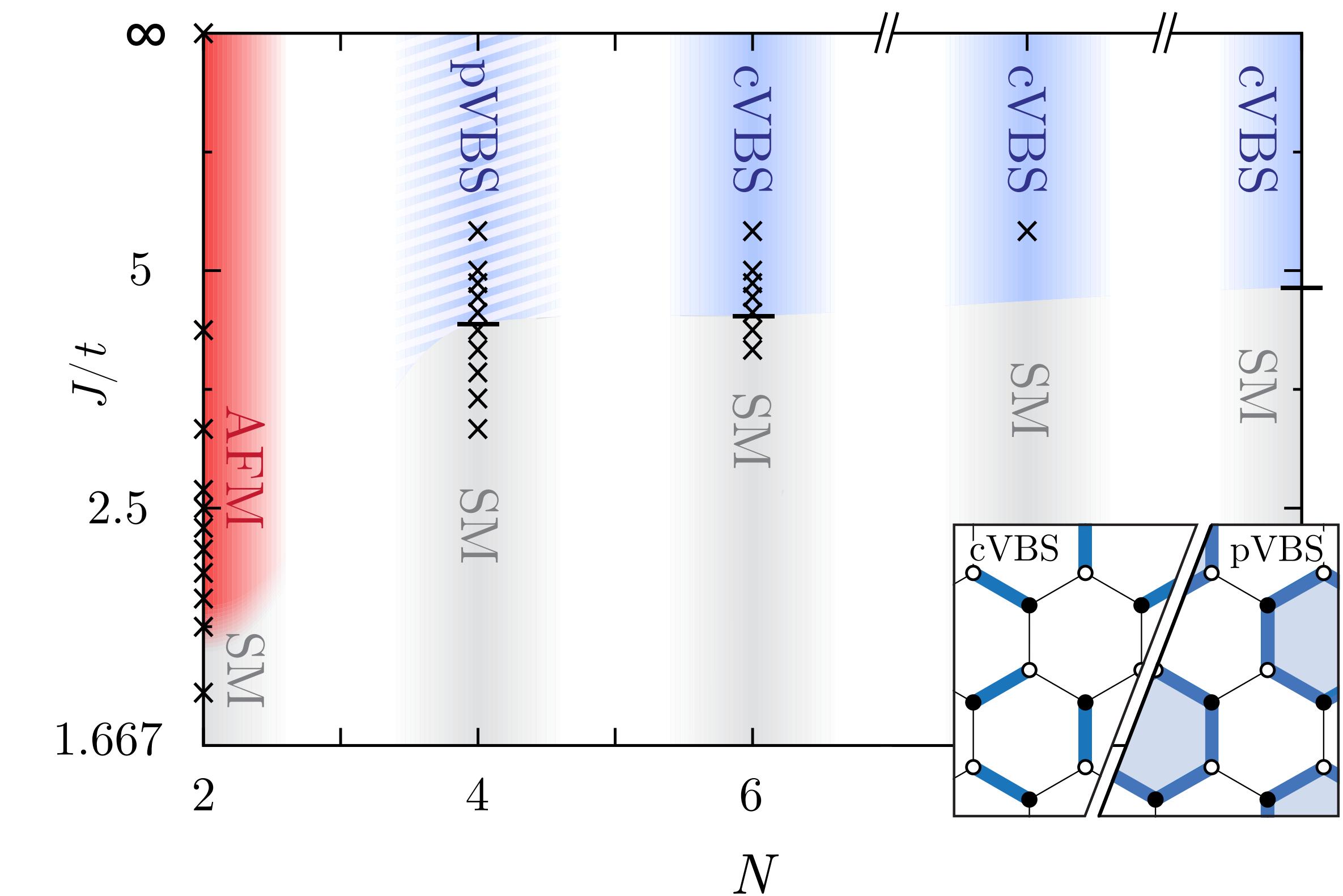
$SO(N)$ generalization

$SO(N)$ Majorana-Hubbard models



[LJ & Seifert, PRB '22]

$SU(N)$ Hubbard-Heisenberg models



[Affleck & Marston, PRB '88]

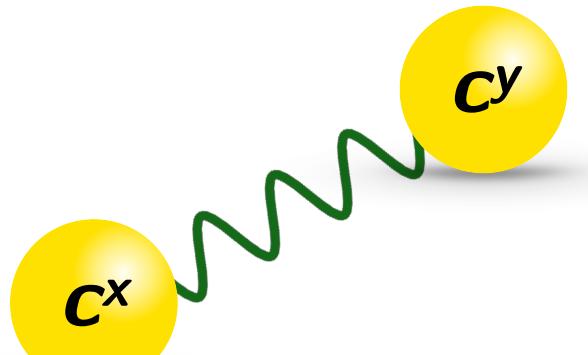
[Read & Sachdev, NPB '89]

[Lang, Meng, Muramatsu, Wessel, Assaad, PRL '13]

Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

Ising perturbation:

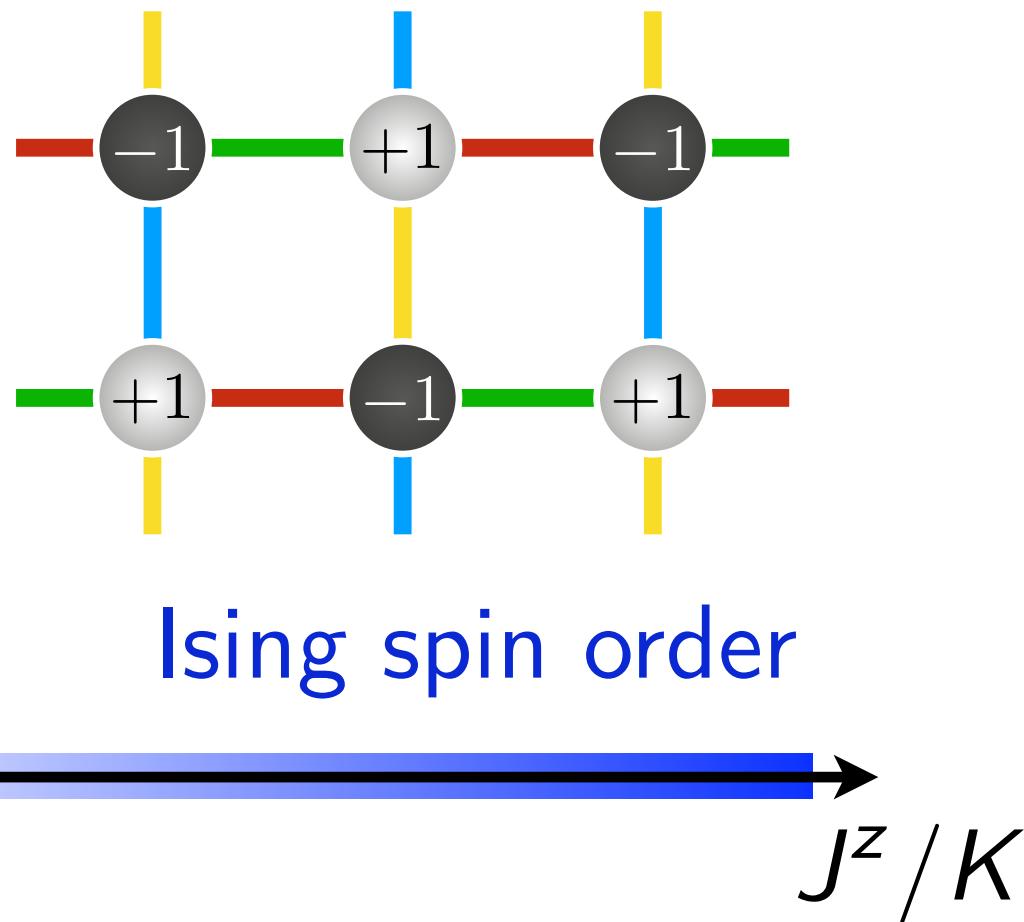
$$H = H_K + J^z \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbf{1}_i \mathbf{1}_j$$



“Kitaev” spin-orbital liquid

0

J^z / K



Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

Ising perturbation:

$$H = H_K + J^z \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbf{1}_i \mathbf{1}_j$$



Parton representation:

$$H \mapsto \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \left[2K u_{ij} (f_i^\dagger f_j + f_j^\dagger f_i) + 4J^z (n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2}) \right]$$

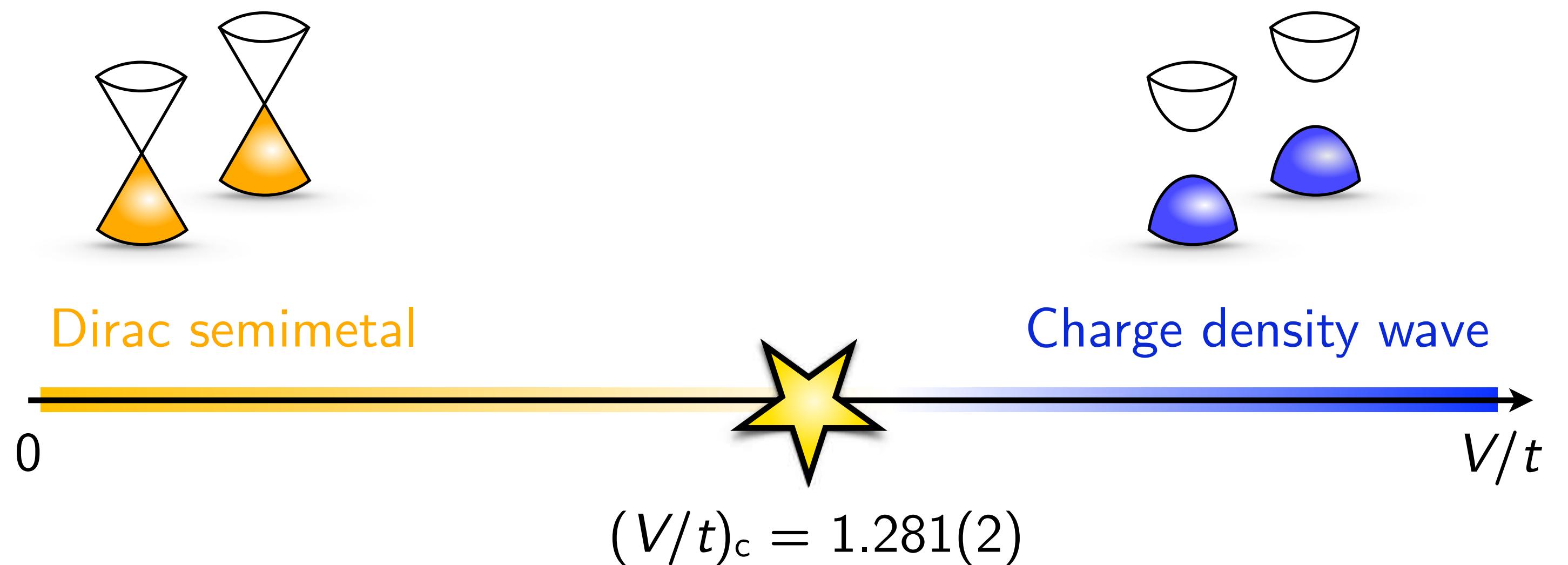
Annotations pointing to the terms:

- "hopping parameter $t = 2K$ " points to the term $2K u_{ij} (f_i^\dagger f_j + f_j^\dagger f_i)$
- " π flux" points to the term $4J^z (n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2})$
- "nearest-neighbor repulsion $V = 4J^z$ " points to the same term $4J^z (n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2})$
- $f = \frac{1}{2}(c_x + i c_y)$ is defined below the equation, with arrows pointing to f_i^\dagger and f_j^\dagger .
- "electron density $f^\dagger f$ " points to the term $(n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2})$.

Ground-state flux pattern:
[Lieb, PRL '94]

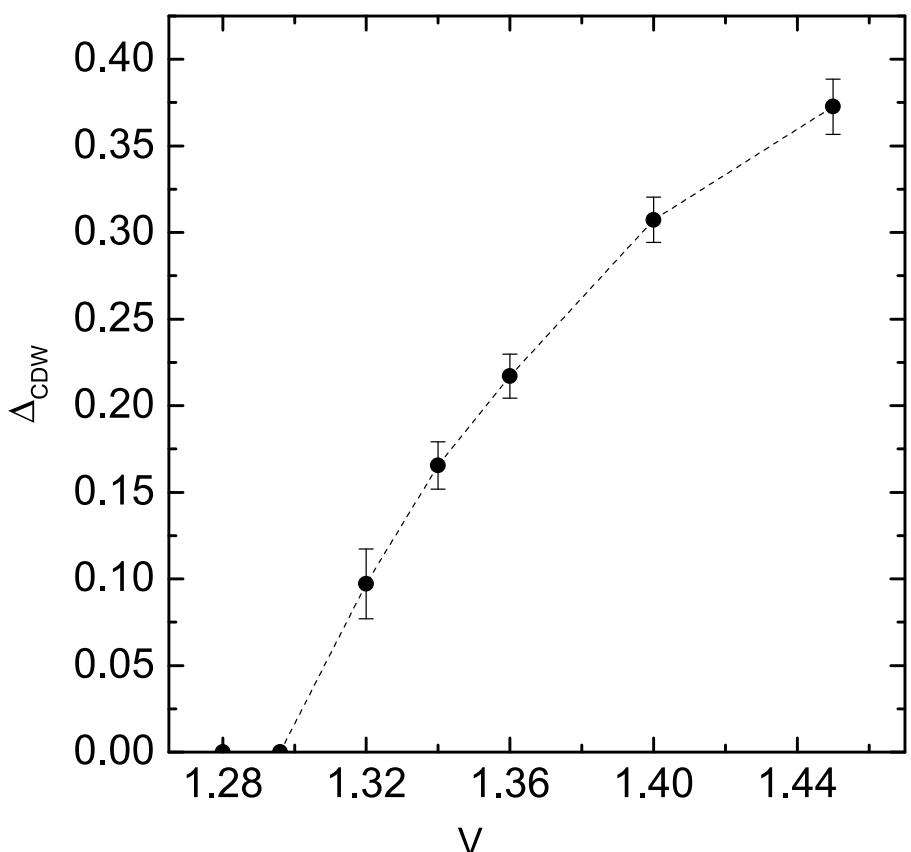
Spin-orbital model \mapsto interacting fermions on π -flux lattice

Spinless fermions on π -flux lattice: QMC



Gross-Neveu- \mathbb{Z}_2 universality:

$$1/\nu = 1.12(1), \quad \eta_\phi = 0.51(3)$$



- [Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]
[Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]
[Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

[Gracey, IJMP '94]

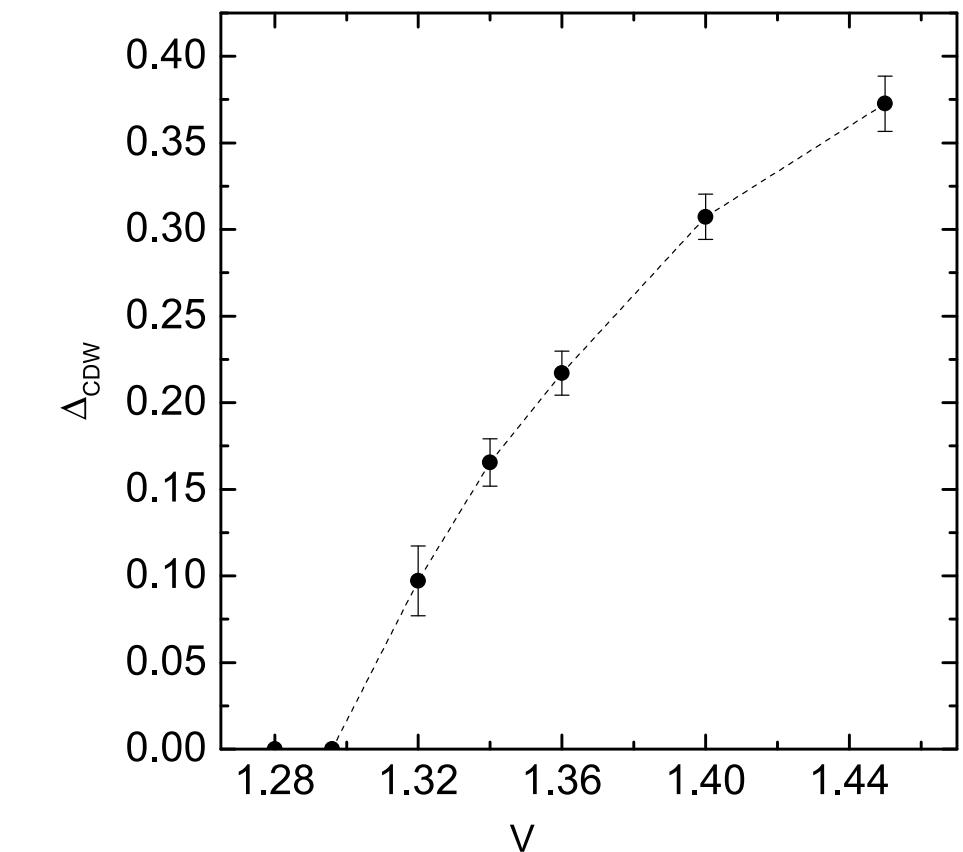
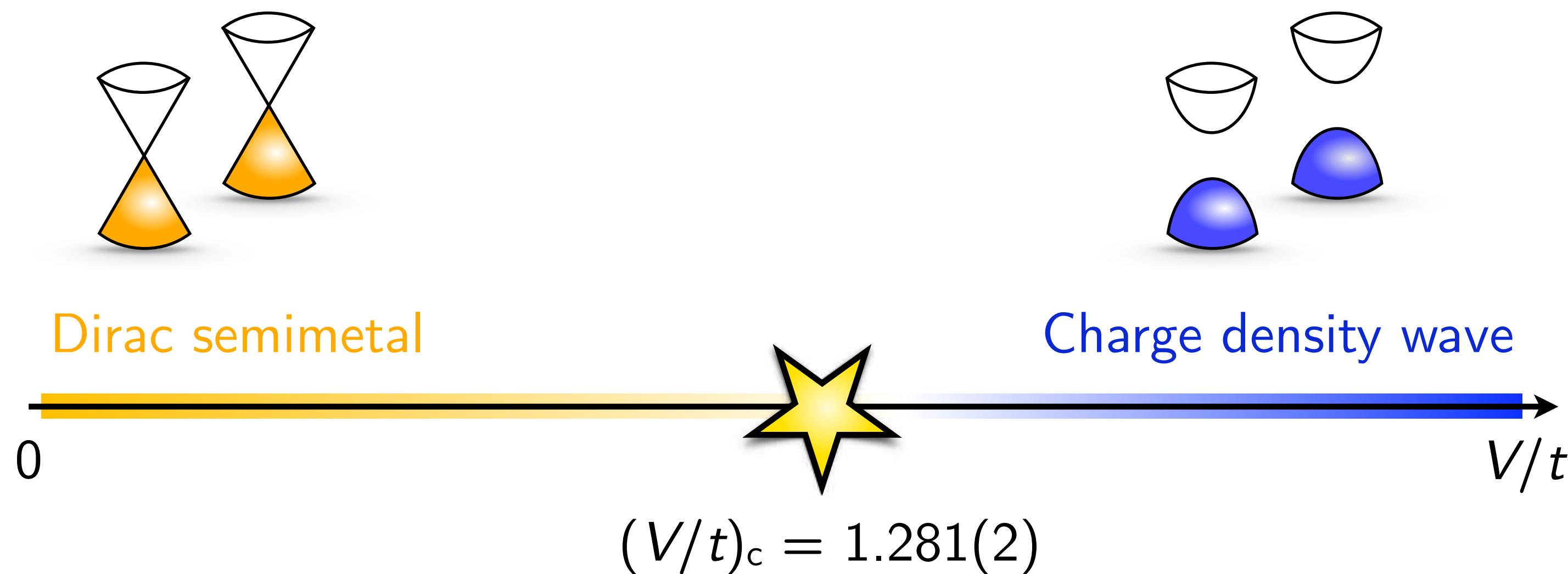
[LJ & Herbut, PRB '14]

[Iliesiu *et al.*, JHEP '18]

[Ihrig, Mihaila, Scherer, PRB '18]

...

Spinless fermions on π -flux lattice: QMC

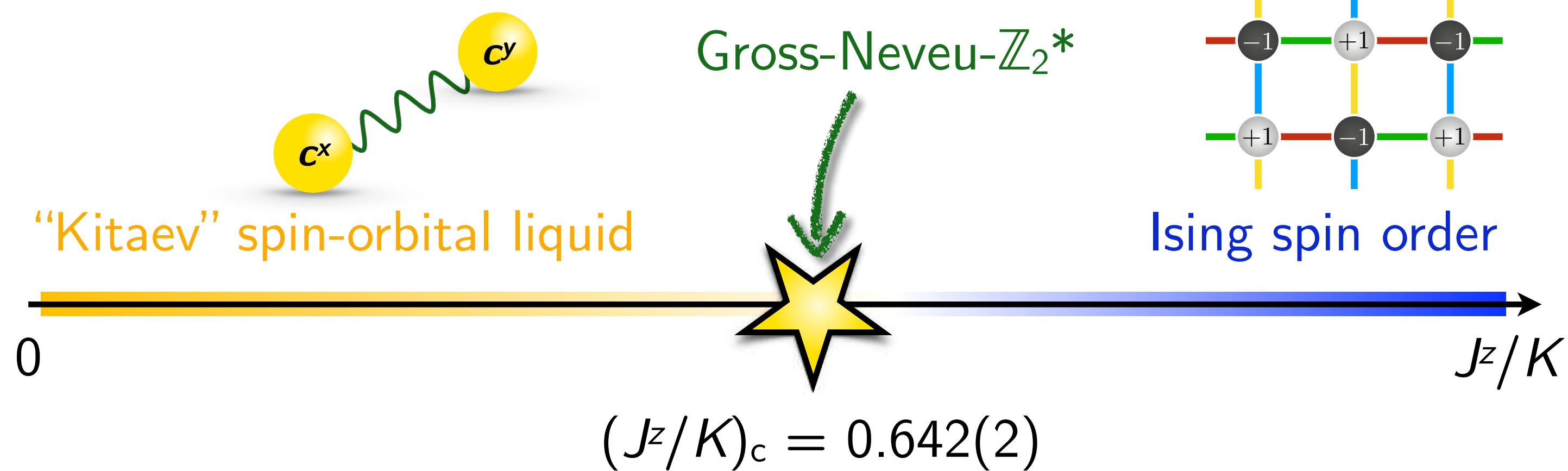


[Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]
 [Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]
 [Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

Gross-Neveu- \mathbb{Z}_2 universality: $1/\nu = 1.12(1), \quad \eta_\phi = 0.51(3)$

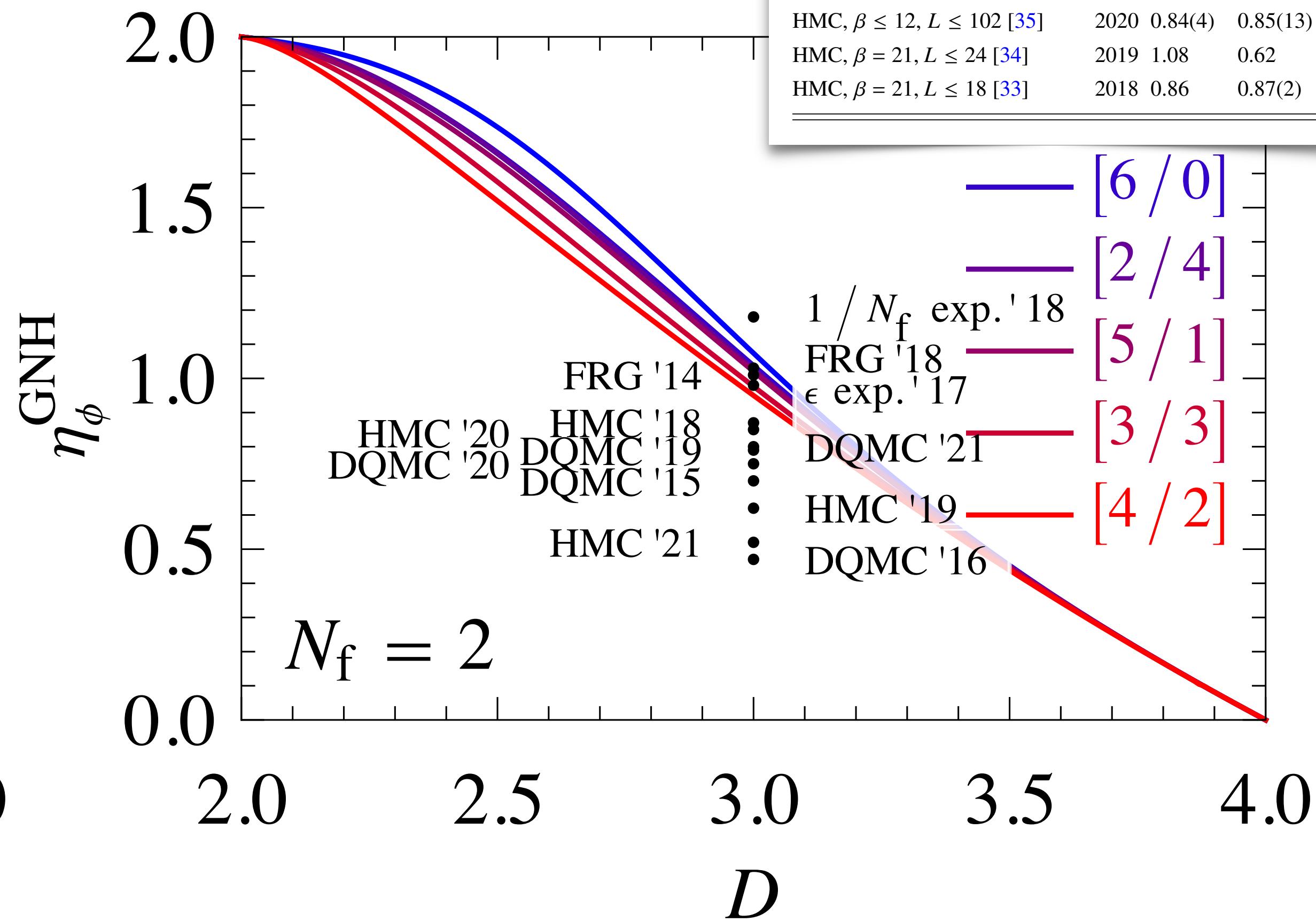
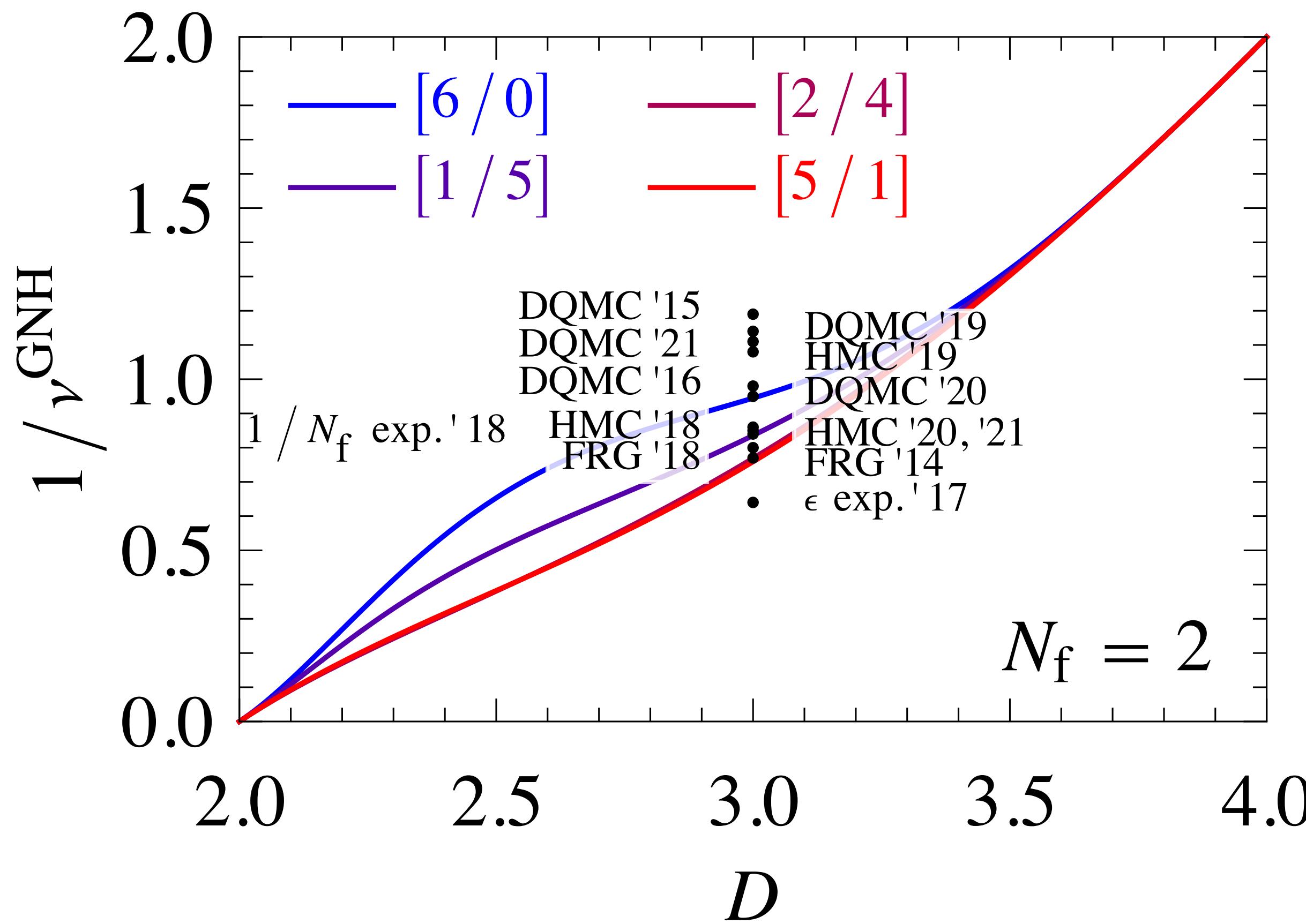
[Gracey, IJMP '94]
 [LJ & Herbut, PRB '14]
 [Iliesiu et al., JHEP '18]
 [Ihrig, Mihaila, Scherer, PRB '18]

Spin-orbital model:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

Comparison of exponents: Gross-Neveu-Heisenberg



$N_f = 2$	Year	$1/\nu$	η_ϕ
Interpolation (this work)	2022	0.83(12)	1.01(6)
$4 - \varepsilon$ expansion, $\mathcal{O}(\varepsilon^4)$ [13]	2017	0.64	0.98
$1/N_f$ expansion, $\mathcal{O}(1/N_f^{2,3})$ [39]	2018	0.85	1.18
functional RG, NLO [38]	2018	0.80	1.03
functional RG, LPA' [16]	2014	0.77	1.01
DQMC, $\tau \sim L \leq 40$ [31]	2020	0.95(5)	0.75(4)
DQMC, $\tau \sim L \leq 40$ [30]	2016	0.98(1)	0.47(7)
DQMC, $\beta = L \leq 24$ [29]	2021	1.11(4)	0.80(9)
DQMC, $\beta = L \leq 21$ [28]	2019	1.14(9)	0.79(5)
DQMC, $\tau = 60, L \leq 18$ [27]	2015	1.19(6)	0.70(15)
DQMC, $\beta = L \leq 20$ [32]	2021	1.01(8)	0.55(2)
HMC, $\beta \leq 12, L \leq 102$ [36]	2021	0.84(4)	0.52(1)
HMC, $\beta \leq 12, L \leq 102$ [35]	2020	0.84(4)	0.85(13)
HMC, $\beta = 21, L \leq 24$ [34]	2019	1.08	0.62
HMC, $\beta = 21, L \leq 18$ [33]	2018	0.86	0.87(2)