

INTRODUCTION TO MATLAB

Vectors and matrices

Pouyan R Fard and Dario Cuevas

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01 Elementwise Operations

Matrix times matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} w & x \\ y & z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A. *B = \begin{pmatrix} aw & bx \\ cy & dz \end{pmatrix} \neq A *B$$

$$A./B = \begin{pmatrix} a/w & b/x \\ c/y & d/z \end{pmatrix} \neq A/B$$

$$A. \pm B = A \pm B = \begin{pmatrix} a \pm w & b \pm x \\ c \pm y & d \pm z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A. ^2 = \begin{pmatrix} a^2 & b^2 \\ c^2 & d^2 \end{pmatrix} \neq A ^2$$

Note: the sizes of the two matrices in elementwise operations must be exactly the same.

01 Exceptions

- 2+ones(2,3)
- 2*ones(2,3)
- 2./ones(2,3)
- 2.^ones(2,3)
- Do not use a(1:10,1) = []. Use a(:,1) = [] instead

01 Exercises

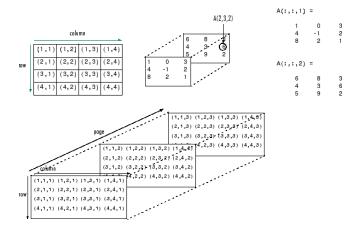
• Compute
$$S(N) = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{n} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{N}$$
, for $N = 100$

Ompute
$$G(N) = \sum_{n=1}^{N} x^n = x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^N, x = 0.5$$
, for $N = 100$

02 Variable types

- Multidimensional arrays
- Cell
- Structures
- Strings

02 Multidimensional arrays



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02 Multidimensional examples

```
Example 1:

A(:,:,1) = magic(5);

A(:,:,2) = zeros(5);

A(:,:,3) = ones(5);

Example 2:

A = zeros(2,2,4);

Example 3:

A = ones(3,6,5);

Exercise:
```

- Create a matrix 4x4x3, such that the first layer has 1s in the diagonal, the second has 2s, the third has 3s.
- Create a 6x6x10, such that the first five layers have just 1s, layers from 6 to 9 have just 0s, the 10th layer is:

```
\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}
```

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02 Cells and structures

```
Cells:
They are similar to arrays, but each element can have a different size
Example:
To initialize a cell array:
A = cell(3,2)
To index, use curly brackets:
A\{1,1\} = magic(5);
A{3,2} = zeros(2,1);
To index a cell's element's elements: A\{1,1\}(1,1)
Structures:
Like Cells, but indexed with names:
Example:
For a structure named "subject",
subject.age = 30;
subject.country = 'Mexico';
subject.height = 1.83;
subject.results = [1, 0, 1, 1, 0];
To index the element's element, subject.results(5)
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```

02 Cells and structures exercises

- ① Create a vector-cell CellA whose first element is [1], the second [1, 2], then [1,2,3], etc., until 5. The 6th element is magic(7). The 7th one is empty.
- Create a structure called MyStruct with elements: NoOfClassmates, CurrentYear, MyCell and Magia. The value of MyCell should be CellA from the previous exercise. The value of Magia should be the 6th element of CellA.
- From MyStruct, change the 7th element of MyCell (that is, MyStruct.MyCell{7}) to rand(2,10)

02 Strings

```
Strings are arrays of letters.

A = 'I am a Pouyan';
They are indexed like an array:
A(1) gives I, A(2) gives (empty space);
To create two-dimensional arrays of chars:
B = char(A, 'Yes I am');
Note: C = '52'; is NOT a number. C+5 throws an error. Examples for indexing:
A(8:end) gives Pouyan
B(2.1:3) gives Yes
```

Exercise: Substitute Pouyan's name for your own in A. You might have to add or delete characters at the end.